INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL XXIV NO. 285 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1936 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Roosevelt Denounces Militarism

ROY'S PLAN FOR FAIZPUR

To Move For Adoption Of Concrete Programme By Congress

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 1.

"Having paid the price I hope to be allowed to work freely and openly in the freedom movement of the country" said Mr. M. N. Roy to a representative of the "United Press" who interviewed him at Anand Bhawan.

Asked as to the manner in which he would participate in the coming session of the Congress at Faizpur and whether he would move a resolution of his own at the open session of the Congress, Mr. Roy said that he would support the independence of India against Imperialism and would endeavour to move a resolution relating to a concrete programme for the Congress both outside and inside the new legislature.

HIS RESOLUTION

Further questioned as to whether the resolution would be moved through the Socialist wing of the Congress or the Right wing men, Mr. Roy replied that he would submit his resolution through the United Provinces Congress Committee from which he is a delegate. He expected support from the Right wing men of the Congress as much as from Socialists, for his resolution.

Regarding his connection with the Socialist Party Mr. Roy said:

NO EXTREME COURSE

"In fact I am not even a member of the Congress Socialist Party. I do not entirely subscribe to their views".

Mr. Roy is intensely interested in the attainment of independence for the country more than in other problems the country has to face. Though opposed to the policy of the Right-wing men of the Congress, he is not at the same time prepared to urge any extreme course that might be prejudicial to the paramount task of uniting all anti-Imperialist forces in the struggle for freedom.

Asked whether he would take any leading part in the political movement of Bengal, he replied he had no intention to do so though he is a Bengalee by birth.

HIS NEW BOOKS

Asked how he spent his jail life Mr. Roy said:

"I was not free to devote my time in jail in anything political. I was mainly occupied in studying the philosophical aspects of modern scientific theories in which subject I have written several books. I propose to publish them in due course of time".—United Press.

MORE RESIGNATIONS

Protest Against Bengal Parliamentary Board's Selection

CALCUTTA, Dec. 1.

Dr. Prafulla Chandra Ghose, Dr. Indranarayan Sengupta and sixteen others have resigned from the Bengal Provincial Congress Parliamentary Board.

It is stated that the reason was the policy of over-riding the District Congress Committees' nominees in the final selection of candidates for the coming Assembly elections adopted by a majority of the Board.—A. P.

S. N. TAGORE RELEASED

CALCUTTA, Dec. 1.

Mr. Soumyendranath Tagore, nephew of Poet Rabindranath Tagore and a prominent Socialist leader, who had been sentenced to undergo six months' rigorous imprisonment on a charge of sedition for a speech delivered by him in connection with the Subhas Day celebrations in May last, was released this morning from the Alipore Central Jail.—United Press.

Plain People Want To Live In Peace

TRADE BARRIERS LEAD TO WAR

New World Can Help The Old, Says U. S. President

(SPECIAL CABLE)

BUENOS AIRES, December 1.

"The Republics of the New World can help the Old World, torn asunder by old hatreds and new fanaticisms, to avert the catastrophe of war" said President Roosevelt at the opening of the Pan-American Peace Conference.

NO DEFEATISM

He declared that plain people every where want to live in peace, but that peace was only obtainable by painstaking effort. "We cannot accept a defeatist attitude".

MILITARISM DENOUNCED

President Roosevelt denounced militarism, the armaments race, and attempts to remedy grievances by resort to the suicidal folly of war. He condemned trade barriers, remarking that:

it was no accident that the foremost apostles of self-sufficiency were also the foremost apostles of war as an instrument of policy.

since the falling standards of living, the mad race of armaments and the loss of democratic ideals make many of their peoples despairingly believe that the price of war is less than the price of peace.

He declared that the Republics of America can help the old world by the example of preventing wars amongst themselves through the strengthening of constitutional democratic Government, by showing that they stand shoulder to shoulder in case others, driven by war madness and land hunger seek to attack them, by striving to prevent conditions inspiring war from arising,

wherefore lack of social and political justice within the borders of any nation would always cause concern.

SETTLEMENT OF WAR DEBT

Franco-American Negotiations

WASHINGTON, December 1.

On French Government initiative Franco-American discussions are proceeding at Paris with a view to the settlement of the French war debt. Hitherto no definite proposals have emerged.—Reuter.

NAZI BAN ON WHEAT SALES

Prison And High Fines For Offenders Against Decree

BERLIN, Dec. 1.

Distillers are prohibited to use wheat and rye for production of alcoholic drinks from 7th December and must report what stocks they still have. Prison and high fines will be the lot of offending buyers and sellers.

Sales of wheat flour for delivery in January are also forbidden.—Reuter's Special.

FEDERAL COURT CHIEF JUSTICE

Sir Maurice Gwyer Appointed

NEW DELHI, Dec. 1.

A communique states:—

"The King has been pleased to approve the appointment of Sir Maurice Gwyer as the first Chief Justice of India to take effect on the 1st October, 1937, the date approved by Parliament for the constitution of the Federal Court.

"The Government of India have arranged that Sir Maurice Gwyer should visit India as Chief Justice-designate for about three months in January next in order to make necessary preliminary arrangements for the inauguration of the Court."—United Press.

(Sir Maurice Gwyer is a Barrister of the Inner Temple, Sir Maurice Gwyer, after lecturing at Oxford for three years (1912-15) on Private International Law, was appointed solicitor to the Insurance Commissioners (1912-16) and subsequently became legal Adviser to the Ministry of shipping.

For seven years from 1919 Sir Maurice served as solicitorand Legal Adviser to the Ministry of Health, after which he was appointed His Majesty's Procurator-General and Solicitor to the Treasury (1926-33).

He was the first British delegate to the Hague Conference on Codification of International Law (1930) and served on the Indian States Inquiry Committee (1932). Since 1934 he has been First Parliamentary Counsel to the Treasury).

ARRESTED FOR SEDITION

Hyderabad Socialist To Stand Trial To-morrow

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 1.

Mr. Venkat Rao of the Hyderabad (Deccan) Socialist Party has been arrested under section 124 I.P.C. for a speech made at Partapgarh.

His case will be heard on December 3.—United Press.

Mollison Not To Attempt Return Record

NAIROBI, December 1.

While at Kisumu, James Mollison decided to abandon the attempt on the return record to England.—Reuter.

Hands Off INNER Mongolia

NANKING'S WARNING TO JAPAN

Interference Will Be Resisted With All Strength

NANKING, December 1.

Stern warning against any attempt by Japan to interfere with the fighting in Inner Mongolia has been issued by the Ministry of Foreign Affairs in answer to the statement of the Japanese-Kwantung army.

NANKING WARNING

"The Chinese nation is traditionally peace-loving and desires to remain in friendly relations with its neighbours", says the Nanking Foreign Office. "But China cannot allow her territorial integrity to be infringed on any pretext.

WILL RESIST

'If any unprovoked aggression or illegitimate interference should ever arise, China is prepared to resist them with all her strength and resources."—Reuter.

(Reuter's cable dated November 28 from Hsinking state:—

The danger of the spread of Communism in the Far East lies in the Japanese-Manchukuan sympathy with the Inner Mongolian invasion of the Chinese North-Western Province of Suiyuan, declares a joint statement issued by the Japanese-Kwantung Army and the Manchukuo Foreign Office.

The statement asserts that the Chinese Government continues to be reluctant to co-operate with Japan in a joint defence against the "Reds", but on the contrary is effecting a compromise with them, that the Inner Mongolians' drive in North Suiyuan is a measure of self-defence against the increasing pressure of Communists, with whom the Chinese military groups are closely connected and, the Japanese Army is not indifferent to eventual contingencies tending to disturb the peace of Manchukuo or Bolshevising the entire territory of China and will be obliged to take adequate measures should such contingencies arise.)

UNABLE TO EARN HER LIVING

Question Of Lady Detenue's Difficulties Raised In Commons

LONDON, Nov. 30.

The arrest of Miss Renuka Sen of Calcutta arose at question time in the Commons.

Mr. Jagger asserted, Miss Sen had intimated the Bengal Government that it was impossible for her to earn her living within the area whereto she is restricted.

Mr. Butler promised to make enquiries but pointed out that all detenus' circumstances were considered by the Local Government in dealing with the question of the grant of allowances.—Reuter's Special.

KING GIVES AUDIENCE TO LORD SINHA

LONDON, Dec. 1.

His Majesty gave audience to Lord Sinha at Buckingham Palace.—Reuter.

R. A. F. Demonstration

KARACHI, Dec. 1.

Machine gun bullets ripped through targets and bombs fell this morning when the Royal Air Force gave a demonsration of an attack on an imaginary enemy depot.

The Governor of Sind and a hundred other military officers witnessed the demonstration.—United Press.

Spanish Rebel Head-Quarters Bombed

BIG BASQUE OFFENSIVE LAUNCHED

Arrival Of German Hordes In Spain Causes Anxiety In Britain

LONDON, December 1.

The League Council meeting on Spain is being held at Geneva on 10th December. Mr. Eden will attend the meeting.

Nazi Hordes In Spain

It was stated in well-informed circles this morning that the British Government has learnt from various sources that between 2,000 and 5,000 Germans have recently arrived at Seville.

If it appears that they are in military formation or in any way equipped with arms by the German Government, the British Government would strongly deplore it.

Britain's Anxiety

It is evident that the British Government's anxieties about Spain have been considerably increased by this news of the arrival of what seem to be German volunteers.

Nevertheless, it is not overlooked that French volunteers have been periodically entering Spain in considerable numbers.—Reuter.

Big Basque Offensive

BAYONNE, December 1.

The big basque offensive in Alava province in support of the Government is confirmed. They captured many villages south of Bilbao and cut the water supply of several towns. They claim to have surrounded Villareal. Basque's young leader, Commander Fernandez Lecuna, was killed while leading the men.

It is stated at Barcelona that the insurgents have blown up the bridge over the river Zahorra, five miles from the provincial capital of Vitoria, to check the Basque advance.

Leontina, the girl leader of the Women's Column of the Maxim Gorky Battalion, has been killed in action against insurgents on the Gijon Front.—Reuter.

FIERCE ATTACKS REPULSED

MADRID, Dec. 1.

Armoured cars and a storm of shells supported fierce insurgent attacks this morning on the Western Madrid Front and Pozuelo Sector, but the enemy was repulsed, according to the Government. Simultaneously insurgent bombers attempted to attack the capital, but were driven off by fast Government fighters.

On the Asturias and Basque Fronts, the Militia are active, renewing offensives apparently designed to distract insurgent attention from Madrid.—Reuter.

SALAMANCA BOMBED

VALENCIA, Dec. 1.

The fierce insurgent attack yesterday against positions held by the international volunteers, it is officially declared, was repulsed.

In west Madrid, the Militia, it is claimed, are still holding Pozuelo.

Six Government 'planes bombed the insurgent headquarters at Salamanca, attacking two aerodromes and the station.—Reuter.

REBEL OFFENSIVE IN MADRID FRONT

MADRID, December 1.

The insurgents launched a violent offensive this morning. The fighting is described as the most severe witnessed on the Madrid front for a month.—Reuter.

Insurgents Claim Capture Of Pozuelo

SALAMANCA, Dec. 1.

Insurgents claim to have captured Pozuelo, the Militia losing 100 killed, two tanks and other equipment.—Reuter.

DEMOCRACY IN RUSSIA

New Constitution Adopted By Congress Of Soviets

MOSCOW, December 1.

The draft of the new Soviet Constitution was unanimously adopted by the Congress of Soviets amid prolonged cheers and shouts of "Long live Stalin".

A Committee of 220 members headed by M. Stalin was appointed to prepare the final draft embodying revisions, which are mainly formal.—Reuter.

KEEN CONTEST IN PUNJAB

LAHORE, Dec. 1.

Punjab entered the election campaign in right earnest to-day, being the last date for withdrawals. All Lahore constituencies are being contested and the keenest contest is expected between Dr. Gopichand Bhargava (Congress) and Mr. Ramvijaya Kapur (Hindu Election Board) for Lahore City and between Shrimatis Parvatidevi (Congress) and Shannodevi (Nationalist) for Lahore Hindu Women's seat and for both the City Muslim seats.

According to information so far available the Unionists who are contesting more than 110 constituencies out of a total of 175 have about a dozen unopposed returns, important among them being Sir Sikander Hyat (Leader of the Party), and Sir Shahbuddin (Education Minister, and ex-President of the Council).

Ban On Arms Traffic By British Ships

Rejection Of Bill Urged In Commons

LONDON, Dec. 1.

Who was supplying arms and to which side, was immaterial, declared Mr. Runciman, moving the second reading of the Merchant Shipping Bill. What was important was that a few British ships had been engaged in this traffic, which was opposed to the policy of the British Government. To stop British vessels would be an act of force, to search them would be indignity, to capture them would be an outrage.

WHEN BILL BECAME LAW

If belligerent rights were granted we should have to allow our ships to be stopped and searched. If belligerent rights were withheld we should have to give naval support to enable British ships to carry arms in contravention of our declared policy. When the Bill became law there would be no possible excuse for any interference by Spanish warships with British vessels and interference on high seas would be resisted. Norway had followed the British example and France was also contemplating action.

A REMARKABLE FACT

There was lively Opposition questioning when Mr. Runciman said that the Bill did not apply to ships registered in the Dominions and added:—

"I think the Navy would refrain from granting protection to vessels contravening the law applying to the British Merchant Fleet". He commented on the remarkable fact that among the Dominions only the Irish Free State was a party to the Non-Intervention Agreement. It was matter for speculation whether the omission of Dominion ships made any difference. So far as Government were aware, no such Dominion ship was near Spain.

As a matter of urgency Mr. Runciman requested the House to pass the Bill in a day.

Mr. Noel Baker moved rejection of the Bill on the ground that Britain was acting single-handed and the Bill ignored the fact that munitions could be imported in British ships through Portugal. He regretted that such a vital step to an understanding with the Dominions as the withdrawal of the protection of the British Fleet should be taken without prior consultation.

SOVIET NOT TO BLAME

Mr. Sinclair (Liberal) defended the Soviet who he said sent little material to Spain until 15th October, when she was convinced that arms and recruits were pouring in from Italy and Germany. He, therefore, resented Mr. Eden's implied statements that Russia was more blameworthy than Portugal and Italy.

POSITION OF DOMINION SHIPS

Eden Clarifies Issue

LONDON, Dec. 1.

Mr. Eden interviewed on the Commons debate on the second reading of the Merchant Shipping Bill declared that the Admiralty had not issued and would not issue instructions not to protect Dominion ships. Therefore, the present position was that Dominion ships were entitled to the protection of the British Navy. Dominion ship routes were nowhere near Spain, but "should we have reason to believe that there was likelihood of any of them conveying arms to Spain, we should communicate with the Government concerned. We have no reason to believe that any of the Dominions would not co-operate with the policy of Non-Intervention".—Reuter.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words "Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted Clerks, Overseers, Lawyers, Doctors, Engineers and Typists to consult with Kapoor & Co., Cloth Market, Delhi. (7365).

Wanted 6 Architectural Draughtsmen, carpenters, tinsmiths, foremen, 3 typists for European firm. Apply Goldwyn (India) Co., Forbes St., opp. Greaves Cotton. (7369)

Wanted 30 first class Canvassers for leading concern in Bombay. Merely to introduce the product to General Public. No selling. Pay Rs. 30 per month. Apply at once personally to Manager, Sales Organising Agency of India, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Merwan Building. (7364).

Wanted Bill Collector for Commercial concern. Cash Security Rs. 500 essential. Apply immediately stating salary to Box No. 7360, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an expert dyer with practical experience in silk dyeing and printing factory in Bombay for a year; for a silk printing firm in Calcutta. Apply with copies of testimonials. Stating expected salary to M. C., Box No. 8903, Calcutta. (7356)

Wanted a maternity trained and experienced nurse. Dr. (Miss) L. A. Pardhan, Ramabai Maternity Hospital, 287, Usha Bhuvan, Sir Bhalchandra Road, Matunga, G. I. P. (7352)

Piecegoods Import Firm, requires Clerks to work in Retail Shops. Salary Rs. 50. Those who can deposit Rs. 300 and join forthwith need apply, Box No. 7358, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—Four Clerks for four hours outdoor work daily, in City and Suburbs. Travelling expenses paid. Salary Rs. 40. Cash Deposit Rs. 100. Apply Box 7359, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—A Trained Librarian for this Municipal District Library on Rs. 50—5—75 p.m. on probation for six months. Only those need apply, who are trained and hold a diploma of training some recognized institution and know English, Hindi and Urdoo. Applications with copies of testimonials stating age and previous experience, etc., should reach the undersigned by the 18th December 1936. The selected candidates will have to come for an interview, if required, at their own expense. Secretary, Municipal Committee, Jubbulpore. (4405)

14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

To Let to Vegetarian Hindus a Flat on the second floor at Parekh Building, New Queen's Road. Rent Rs. 140 and garages. Apply Maganlal Mehta, 2nd floor. (7351)

12. TO BE LET.

To Let in Ajmer, best business locality, block, first floor for office and residence, one and separate, with water and electricity, consisting of 8 big rooms, bath and kitchen, immediately available, facing Kutchery Road. Apply B. S. Bhargava, Dwarka Bhawan, Ajmer, or D. P. Bhargava, Rajputana Films, Bombay 7. T. No. 42833. (7362).

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

To Let Shops and Rooms in Shri Hari Niwas at Gowalia Tank, in Mathuradas Bhuvan at Khetwadi Back Road, and in Shri Hari Sadan near Prarthana Samaj Charni Road. Apply to Purshottam Govindjee, 62-66, Vithalwadi, Telephone No. 23518. (7367).

44. MEDICAL.

Without Operation and Drugs.—Appendicitis, Epilepsy, Insanity, Eczema, Diabetes, Hysteria, Leocorrhoea. Perfectly cured. Free Prospectus in English, Urdu, Hindi or interview. Dr. R. R. Khetti, New Delhi. (7010).

53 DENTISTS

College of Dentistry—Intensely practical dental training. Excellent facilities. Efficient staff. Modern buildings and equipment. Session begins 15th January. For illustrated Prospectus apply Principal, Dr. M. K. Patel, D.D.S. Hospital Road, Karachi. (7355).

123. FURNITURE.

Gujarat Furniture Works means "Quality Furniture" in Modern style. Showroom and factory, Shree Krishna Panta Nivas, near Prarthana Samaj, Girgaum. Phone 25498. 7316.

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

Public Notices.

WE TEST SIGHT by the latest and best methods, known to Optical Science.

Our consultants are English Qualified Opticians. Fellows of the British Optical Association and Institute of Ophthalmic Opticians.

LAWRENCE & MAYO, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)
274, Hornby Road, Bombay.
For Appointment 'Phone 21627.

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

WANTED

A DISTRICT ENGINEER for the District Board of Gaya.

Pay Rs. 800-40-1,000

Qualifications required—

I(a) A candidate must hold the degree of Bachelor of Engineering of any British or Indian University, or

(b) has obtained a certificate of having passed the Final Examination in the Civil Engineering Course of the Thomson Civil Engineering College, Roorke, or

(c) has obtained at a recognised School of Engineering in the United Kingdom a diploma which is recognised by the Institute of Civil Engineers (United Kingdom) as exempting the holder from sections A & B of the Associate Membership Examination of the Institute of Civil Engineers in the United Kingdom, or

(d) has passed sections A & B of the Associate Membership Examination of the Institute of Civil Engineers in the United Kingdom; and

II(a) has hold charge of and carried out important construction works for not less than five years and produces a certificate from his immediate Engineering Superior during such employment that his work and conduct were satisfactory, and similar certificate from his employer; and if he was employed as the District Engineer of a District Board, such certificates from both the Chairman and from the Inspector of Local Works; and

(b) produces evidence that his knowledge of the vernacular of the district is such as to qualify him for employment as District Engineer.

III. A person shall also be eligible for employment, if he is qualified under Bihar Government Notification No. 545 L.S.G.R., dated 20th May, 1935.

The candidate appointed shall be on probation for 2 years.

All applications should be submitted in sealed and registered covers addressed to the Chairman, of the District Board and superscribed "Application for appointment of District Engineer." Each application should be accompanied by all the necessary certificates and testimonials required by the preceding rules together with a suitable envelope addressed and sufficiently stamped for registration in which they can be returned in the event of application being unsuccessful.

Applications must reach the undersigned on or before the 23rd December 1936.

N.B.—The scale of pay may be reduced to Rs. 600-25-800. The applicant must therefore state if he is ready to accept this scale of pay.

CHAIRMAN,
District Board, Gaya.

4389

RANJIT NURSING ASSOCIATION. JAMNAGAR.

The New term of the Nursing class will commence from January next. Female candidates desirous of joining this class should submit their applications to the U/S as early as possible.

This Association has been affiliated to the Bombay Presidency Nursing Association. The course of studies is of 3-1/2 years. On passing the two examinations, the Nurse student is given Diploma by the Bombay Presidency Nursing Association. Lectures are given in Gujrati.

P. M. MEHTA.
M. D. M. S., F. C. P. S.,
Chief Medical Officer.
Nawanagar State.

25th November, 1936.

(4392)

Public Notices.

KURLA BOROUGH MUNICIPALITY.

LOAN OF Rs. 1,65,500

At 4½ p. c. to be fully repaid on 15th January 1967

With the sanction of the Government of Bombay the Kurla Borough Municipality invites tenders for the above loan required for the construction of Underground Drainage Works through the Government Public Works Department. The loan is to be raised on the security of the rates, taxes and revenues of the Kurla Borough Municipality.

2. Interest on the debentures of the loan is payable half yearly.

3. The amount of allotted loan will be payable at the Municipal Office as under:—

(A) 5 P. C. with the application.

(B) The remaining balance before the 15th January, 1937.

4. Interest will be paid from the date of full payment of the allotted loan.

5. Tenders for the whole or any portion of the loan in the Form printed below will be received upto 5th December, 1936, 4 P.M. by the Administrator at the Municipal Office, Kurla. Tenders must be for sums of Rs. 100 or multiples of Rs. 100. Each tender must be presented in a sealed cover superscribed "Tender for the 4-1/2 P.C. Debenture loan of Rs. 1,65,500." Tenders below par will not be accepted.

6. There are no previous liabilities on the revenues of the Kurla Borough Municipality. This is the first instalment of the total loan of Rs. 4,65,500 sanctioned by Government.

Y. R. PARPIA, I. C. S.,
Administrator,
Kurla Borough Municipality.

Kurla, 9th November, 1936. 4413.

FORM OF TENDER

I/we the undersigned hereby apply for———— Debentures aggregating Rs.———— in terms of the Loan Notification dated the 9th November, 1936, published by you, each Debenture to be of the Value noted on the reverse, and I/We send herewith Rs.———— being 5 P. C. deposit on the par Value of the said debentures and I/We undertake to accept the same or any less number that may be allotted to me/us and to make the full payment in respect thereof to the Accountant, Kurla Municipal Borough, on or before the 15th January, 1937.

The rate at which I/We undertake to pay for these Debentures is Rs.———— per cent.

(Signature).....

Address————

Date————

4413.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

Dr. HERMANN GCETZ, Ph.D., Conservator of the Kern Institute, will deliver a series of three lectures on "LIFE AND ART IN THE MUGHAL PERIOD" in the Lecture Theatre of University Schools of Economics and Sociology (South Wing, First Floor), Fuller Road, at 6 p.m. on the following dates. The first two lectures will be illustrated by lantern slides:—

I. WEDNESDAY, 2nd December, 1936:
Beginnings of Mughal Civilization.
(Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, B.A. (Cantab), Bar.-at-Law, Vice-Chancellor, will preside at this Lecture).

II. SATURDAY, 5th December, 1936:
Mughal Life and Mughal Art in relation to each other.

III. MONDAY, 7th December, 1936:
Decay of the Mughal Civilization.
(Mr. R. P. Masani, M.A., will preside at the final Lecture).

The Lectures are open to the public.

S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.

Bombay, 30th November, 1936.

(4409)

KING EDWARD VII MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of drugs, medicines, medical appliances, surgical dressings, etc. to the King Edward VII Memorial Hospital and Seth G. S. Medical College, Parel, Bombay, and the hospitals, dispensaries, etc., in charge of the Health and other departments of the Bombay Municipality for one year commencing from the 1st March, 1937.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay and delivered in the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.) on MONDAY, the 21st December, 1936. Tenders must be enclosed in sealed envelopes superscribed as "Tenders for the supply of drugs, medicines, etc. to the K. E. M. Hospital and other Municipal departments."

Forms of contract, specifications, etc. and any other information that may be required will be supplied by the Dean's Office, K.E.M. Hospital, Parel, Bombay, on personal application. A charge of Rs. 5 will have to be paid for each set of tender forms.

The attention of the tenderers is invited to the general and special directions published with the tender.

JIVRAJ N. MEHTA,
M.D. (Lond:), M.R.C.P. (Lond:)
DEAN.

27th November, 1936. 4403.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 956 of 1935 (O.S.)

VALLABHRAM JEEBHAI and another ..... Plaintiffs.
vs.
MANECKLAL BHOGILAL PATEL and another. ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT TO ORDER Absolute for Sale, dated 15th June, 1936, the following immovable properties will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on MONDAY, 7th December, 1936, at 3-15 p.m. (S.T.).

PARTICULARS OF THE PROPERTIES

FIRSTLY:—All those three pieces of land now formed into one, containing by admeasurement according to prior documents 6565 square yards or thereabouts together with the premises standing thereon and known by the names of "Jeewanjee Hall" and "Hira Villa" situate in the village of Gundawly near Andheri and on the North side of Road known as Kurla Road leading from Andheri to Kurla and bearing Survey No. 17.

SECONDLY:—All those three pieces of garden land now formed into one with the Buildings standing thereon, situate in the village of Gundawly, Taluka Salsette, Sub-District of Bandra, containing according to Government Survey records 104755.75 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Survey Nos. 82, 87, 88.

THIRDLY:—All those several eleven pieces of cultivated and Grass land situate in the village of Mogre, Taluka Salsette, Sub-District Bandra, containing by admeasurement 3,13,390 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Survey Nos. 29 to 38 and 43.

FOURTHLY:—All that piece of Warkas land with the Building standing thereon, situate in the village of Gundawly, Taluka Salsette, Sub-District Bandra, containing by admeasurement 25,269 square yards or thereabouts bearing Survey No. 9(a) and known as "Ambaraeecha Mal."

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. MEHTA LALJEE & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at Nos. 2-4, Cake, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 21st day of October, 1936.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ.,
Offg. Commissioner.

4408

Public Notices.

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Corporation will be held at the Registered Office of the Corporation, No. 9 Wallace Street, Fort, on FRIDAY, 18th December, 1936 at 4 P. M. (S. T.) for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

I.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts for the year ending 31st May 1936.

II.—To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.

III.—To elect a Director in place of Mr. Mathuradas Vissanji, who retires by rotation, but who is eligible for re-election.

IV.—To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
WALLACE & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Managers.

The Books of the Corporation are open for the inspection of the shareholders at the Office of the Corporation between 12 and 4 p.m. (S. T.) in accordance with Section 108 of the Articles of Association.

Bombay, 30th November, 1936.

THE AJMER ELECTRIC SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Share Certificate No. 174 bearing Nos. 18732 to 18811 in the name of Miss I. D'Sylva, duplicate certificate will be issued unless objection is lodged with us within one month from the date.

Bombay, 2nd day of December, 1936.

The Ajmer Electric Supply Co., Ltd.,
The Consolidated Electric Agencies Ltd., Agents,
N. C. JAVERI,
Managing Director.

4414

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that G. R. KHAIRAZ, Esq., the Commissioner of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay for Taking Accounts in pursuance of a Consent Order dated 11th April, 1935, in suit No. 481 of 1935 of the said High Court (Ibrahim Mahomed Hatia vs. (1) Esuf Mahomed Hatia, (2) Ajam Mahomed Hatia and others) put up the under mentioned property belonging to the said Ibrahim Mahomed Hatia and Esuf Mahomed Hatia and Ajam Mahomed Hatia in equal shares for sale by Public Auction at his Office on the 20th day of November, 1936, when the property was knocked down to our client as the highest bidder thereof and has been contracted to be sold to him. All persons, therefore having, or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof, whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease, easements, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undersigned in their Office No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this date, otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claims and all such claims, if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground, together with the messuage and tenement standing thereon forming part of New Survey No. 3876, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 939, Fort Division assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under "A" Ward No. 2366 and Street No. 207 and 13 situate, lying and being at Hornby Road, on the East side thereof in the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1016/9 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 1268, New No. 8432, 3864, Cadastral Survey No. 1191 of Byculla Division and Assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 208 and street No. 147-149 and bounded on or towards the East by the sweeper's passage, on or towards the West by the said Husria Street on or towards the South by the property of Mahomed and on or towards the North by the property of Joosab Haji Abubakar.

Dated this 30th day of November, 1936.

RAMCHANDRA T. KARNIK,
Purchaser's Attorney.

4417

Public Notices.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

With reference to their applications, the shareholders are hereby informed that they have been duly allotted all the shares which they have agreed to take under the "A" Form, pursuant to the offer made by Company's circular dated the 14th October, 1936.

As the total applications under Forms "A" and "B" exceed the 400 000 shares offered to the shareholders, the allotments of the additional shares for which applications have been received on the "B" Form, pursuant to the offer made by the same circular, are under consideration of the Board.

The allotment letters will be sent to the shareholders in due course.

By Order of the Board.
NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents.

Sudama House, Ballard Estate, Bombay, 1st Dec. 1936.

4416.

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1699 of 1934.

INDUMATI, daughter of Sunderdas Bhimji ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
KALLIANJI BHIMJI and Anr. ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree and Decretal Order of Reference, dated 12th December, 1934 and Judge's Order dated 14th September, 1936, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction on the premises under the direction of the Commissioner of this Honourable Court on SUNDAY, the 6th December 1936 at 4 P.M.

PARTICULARS.

All that piece of pension and tax land together with the dwelling house standing thereon situate on the East side of Vithalwady Cross Lane or Vithoba Lane, without the Fort of Bombay, admeasuring 327 square yards or thereabouts and bearing land Revenue New No. 3386, New Survey No. 1466 and Cadastral Survey No. 1543 of Bhuleshwar Division and Municipal "C" Ward No. 1729 and 1730 and 1731, Street Nos. 3, 5 and 1 and 7.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. BHAISHANKER KANGA AND GIRDHARLAL, Attorneys for the plaintiff abovenamed at Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 21st day of October, 1936.

(Sd.) G. R KHAIRAZ.
Offg. Commissioner.

4400.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. PITHA FUSA has contracted to sell to my client the property described in the schedule hereunder written:—

ALL persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand in to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of mortgage, gift, sale, use, trust, possession, inheritance, lease, lien, maintenance, easement, incumbrance or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office at Mahendra Mansion, 144 Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the same will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

ALL that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being at Husria Street, without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1016/9 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 1268, New No. 8432, 3864, Cadastral Survey No. 1191 of Byculla Division and Assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under E Ward No. 208 and street No. 147-149 and bounded on or towards the East by the sweeper's passage, on or towards the West by the said Husria Street on or towards the South by the property of Mahomed and on or towards the North by the property of Joosab Haji Abubakar.

Dated this 30th day of November, 1936.

RAMCHANDRA T. KARNIK,
Purchaser's Attorney.

4417

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Public Notices.

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS for the construction of a building on Plot No. 62 at the junction of Musjid Bunder Road and Dhobi Street for the Honourable Sardar Sir Suleman Cassum Haji Mitha, are invited from builders and contractors. The plans and specifications can be had from the undersigned on payment of Rs. 5. The tenders should be submitted before 3 p.m. (S.T.) on Friday, the 11th December 1936, together with a Cash Deposit of Rupees five hundred only. The undersigned is not bound to accept the highest or any tender.

ABDULHUSEIN M. THARIANI,
Architect,
Ismail Building,
Flora Fountain, Bombay.
7363

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING UNDER CONSTRUCTION AT DADAR.

Under instructions from the Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of Shripad Ramchandra Palsule Insolvent, Messrs. Crawford & Co., will sell by public auction on MONDAY, 7th December, 1936, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on site right, title, and interest of the insolvent in immovable property under construction situate on plot No. 391, Dadar-Matunga Estate.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Govt. Auctioneers.

"India's Greatest Social Picture"
this is the tribute that public has paid to
CHHAYA
(HINDI VERSION)
HUNS PICTURES'
great musical social that is attracting crowded houses at
WELLINGTON
Talkies: Dhobi Talao
Charming Music from the lips of
RATNAPRABHA &
INDIRA WADKAR
is carried home by all
Fail not to enjoy this picture with your family . . .
Daily 2 shows: 5-15 and 8 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on Sat., Sun. and holidays.

'A PICTURE WITH A MISSION. . .'
—Mr. B. G. Horniman in "Sentinel."
Janma Bhoomi
Starring:
DEVIKA RANI
at
OPERA HOUSE
FOURTH WEEK
Daily at 2-30, 5-15 & 8 p.m.

THE ONLY PICTURE OF 1936
that could entertain the Bombayites successively for
22 WEEKS
PRABHAT'S & INDIA'S
1st Sea-Romance
AMAR JYOTI
in its
22ND GLORIOUS WEEK
The great picture directed by
V. SHANTARAM
AMAR JYOTI
at
KRISHNA
Dubash Theatre
Daily 2 shows: 5 and 7-45 p.m.
Matinee at 2-30 on Sat., Sun. and Holidays.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Verdicts of death by homicidal stab wounds was returned by the Coroner's Jury, to-day, at the inquest held on the bodies of Rama Laxman, Mohommed Shafi Sheik Ramzan and Moosharrafdran Ainuddin, killed during the communal riots in the city.

The jury were of opinion that the culprits could not be traced.

Suryaji Sakharam a wireman in the Phoenix Mill, who was arrested on October 31 last by the De-Lisle Road Police on a charge of theft of six electric bulbs belonging to the Mill, was found guilty and sentenced to two months' R. I. by the Dadar Presidency Magistrate.

The accused admitted three previous convictions.

A youth who, it is alleged, borrowed a gold chain from a girl-friend ostensibly to be used by his sister at a dance, and sold it to Marwadis on the same day and decamped was brought to book by the Lamington Road Police last night at Santa Cruz.

Raymond Mascarenhas, the accused was produed this morning before the Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum.

It was stated that accused took the chain valued at Rs. 105 on the above pretext from a resident of 13th Lane, Khetwadi, and sold it for Rs. 80

The accused was remanded into Police custody for nine days.

Holding that Motichand Shaw drove in a rash and negligent manner and endangered the lives of persons walking along the road and that he caused grievous hurt to a police constable Mr. Oscar H. Brown ordered him to pay a fine of Rs. 200 out of which 150 to be directed to the Police Commissioner as compensation for the police constable.

The accident occurred near the police quarters at Frere Road.

The Magistate remarked that the life of a police constable was very valuable and that he was in hospital for three weeks and had to be treated for fracture of ribs.

Abdul Rehman Currim Borah, arrested last evening by the Marbowrie Police, it is alleged, printed and published hand-bills inciting Muslims against the Hindus.

He was placed before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, and was ordered to be remanded to custody for a fortnight.

The accused was stated to have urged, in the hand-bills, the members of his community to boycott the Hindus and purchase all goods from the members of his own community.

Sidhik, one of the mill-workers, who was injured during the communal riots on October 17 last at Tardeo Junction, gave evidence to-day before the Coroner's Jury on the death of Wahab Hussein, who was found by Deputy Inspector Winton lying unconscious on the road with a stab-wound and fractured skull.

Evidence showed that Deputy Inspector Winton went to the scene and saw the road littered with broken soda water bottles and stones. Wahab Hussein was lying on the road unconscious, in the midst of the stones and glass pieces.

Witness stated that about 40 mill-workers of the Suryodhaya Mills, including himself, were returning home in the evening. They were confronted by a huge Hindu mob which threw stones and other missiles at them.

Ten days after the incident, a complaint was lodged with the Police.

The police arrested eight Hindus, including a tram conductor.

Knew Three Suspects

In reply to a question, witness stated that he knew three suspects, who were found in the same "pan" shop after a lapse of ten days. From the same "pan" shop, stones emanated ten days previous to the day the incident occurred.

After some more witnesses gave evidence, Mr. M. S. Vyavaharkar, Police Prosecutor, addressed the Jury.

"Whole Assembly Liable"

Quoting the relevant section, under which the suspects were arrested, he said that, if in a riot, in an assembly of five or more persons, acts of violence are committed and if a person is murdered, then the whole assembly is liable for prosecution for that crime.

The Coroner, while admitting the point of law, asked the Jury what the effect of the evidence was.

Coroner's Direction To Jury

The witnesses had not seen any of the suspects, they had never known them. Suspects were pointed out after ten days. And, after the lapse of ten days, it occurred to one of the witnesses to point out the persons to the Police. The number of the tram conductor was mentally noted. Afterwards, the number was written on a chit, which the witness subsequently lost.

"An Absurdity"

Why were the persons arrested? The answer, according to the evidence, the Coroner pointed out, was that they sat in the same "pan-shop," from where stones came ten days ago.

In the opinion of the Coroner that was an absurdity.

The Coroner's Jury, after they were directed by the Coroner, gave a verdict of death on Wahab Hussein by homicidal stab-wound and fracture of skull.

Suspects Absolved

By a rider they, however, absolved the suspects, as there was no evidence before them to suspect the accused in the commission of the crime.

OWING TO HEAVY RUSH
WESTERN INDIA THEATRES, LD.
are compelled to show simultaneously both at
CENTRAL
DAILY 3-30, 6-30 and 10 P.M.
AND
THE EMPIRE
DAILY 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.
METRO GOLDWYN'S ACHIEVEMENT OF THE CENTURY!
ROMEO AND JULIET
with
LESLIE HOWARD,
NORMA SHEARER,
JOHN BARRYMORE,
EDNA MAY OLIVER,
RALPH FORBES,
REGINALD DENNY,
C. AUBREY SMITH
and an All-Star cast
Plans Open at both Theatres.
Empire 'Phone 20286.
Central 'Phone 27787.
FREE LIST SUSPENDED.
Please note, Seats Reserved by 'Phone will be disposed of after 2 P.M. same day.

SECOND GLORIOUS WEEK
SECOND GLORIOUS WEEK
Touching Melodrama of strange Home-fire that destroyed the happiness of four innocent souls
NEW THEATRES LTD.'S
Social Hit
MANZIL
OR
GRIHA-DAH
Starring:
JAMUNA, BARUA, PRITHVIRAJ, MOLINA, K. C. DEY, HARIMATI-DEVI
Daily 3 Shows:
Time: 2-45, 5-15 & 8
Special Morning Show at 10-30 a.m. on every Sunday
at
Roxy TALKIES, New Queen's Road.

NEARLY TWO LAKHS GIVEN AWAY IN SCHOLARSHIPS

Saraswat Vidyarthi Sahayak Mandali's Activities

The 33rd annual general meeting of the Saraswat Vidyarthi Sahayak Mandali was held at the Saraswat Brahman Samaj Griha, Girgaon, on Sunday, under the chairmanship of Mr. G. P. Murdeshwar, B.A., LL.B.

The annual report of the Society showed good progress of the institution. There were 1,756 members on the roll, including 20 patrons, 14 fellows, 425 life members and 1,237 ordinary members. The society granted during the year under report scholarships of the aggregate sum of Rs. 14,657 to 210 students hailing from all parts of the country. During the last 34 years of its existence the society has spent a sum of Rs. 1,96,767 in helping 895 poor and deserving students to get education of various kinds and has, in addition, built up an Endowment and Reserve Fund of Rs. 1,99,986.

Mr. S. V. Rajadhyaksha, Mr. S. P. Vaidc, Mrs. Krishnabai Wagh and Mr. S. V. Bharne were declared to have been elected to the Committee, as a result of the scrutiny of the voting papers received, and Mr. V. M. Telang, B.Com. and Mr. G. V. Nerurkar, B.A., LL.B. were elected honorary auditors for the next year.

Resolutions were then passed thanking the press, retiring committee, auditors, volunteers, donors and institutions, who had directly or indirectly helped the society in various ways.

Mr. P. B. Gothoskar, was elected permanent honorary member of the institution in recognition of his distinguished service to the Mandali.

Names of 1 Patron, 1 Fellow, 21 Life Members and 10 ordinary members who had last week joined the institution, were then announced.

After some more resolutions were passed, the meeting was adjourned for want of time. It will be held at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) on Sunday, 6th instant at the same place.

PRESIDENT OF LIBERAL FEDERATION

Sir Cowasji For Lucknow Session

LUCKNOW, Dec. 1.

The Reception Committee of the National Liberal Federation of India has unanimously elected Sir Cowasji Jehangir, president of the forthcoming annual session to be held at Lucknow in Christmas week.—A.P.

GREATEST PRISONER IN WORLD HISTORY

(From A Correspondent)

A public meeting was held in the Baha'i Hall, Krishna Building, Bori Bunder on the 28th inst, when Mr. Ormsby Mollier was in the chair. The president introduced the two speakers of the evening Mrs. Shirin K. Fozdar, the international Baha'i lecturer, and Mr. H. M. Manji, the Hon. Secretary of the Baha'i Spiritual Assembly, Bombay. He said that day was the day of the Ascension of the world's Greatest Prisoner, Abdul Baha.

Mrs. Fozdar then spoke at length on the "World's Greatest Prisoner." She said that Abdul Baha was the greatest prisoner the world had ever produced. The Iranian Government arrested him at the age of nine with his father Baha Ullah who had founded the Baha'i Movement, and he remained a prisoner for not less than 56 years.

Although this son and his father were in prison for almost their whole lives, the Baha'i message of Universal Peace and Brotherhood has spread throughout the nook and corner of the world.

Mr. Manji spoke on "The Flute played by Shri Krishna." He said that it was not a material flute but heavenly music along with an eternal song which is universally known as Shri Bhagwat Gita, the Holy Song of the Lord. In every age when irreligion prevails Krishna appears with Music which is the Religion itself and sings a new song of outward teachings suited to the age. To-day the Reality of Krishna has appeared in the Person of Baha Ullah with the same Sudarshan Chakra (Discus of Vishnu) of His Tower and Authority singing a new Song in a new melody.

600 HOUSES DAMAGED BY CYCLONE

Funds Needed For Relief Of Stricken People Of Guntur

The Secretary, Ramakrishna Mission, Mylapore, Madras, writes:

With a view to relieve the suffering of the stricken people of Guntur District, due to the recent cyclone, the Ramakrishna Mission has started relief operations by opening a centre at Chirala, in Guntur District, on the 5th November.

Distributions of food stuffs, clothes and building materials, have been started. Nearly 200 huts are under construction. The workers after studying the situation of the villages, found that more than 600 houses including the tiled ones belonging to different villages, lost their roofs and more than 200 cows, oxen etc. were destroyed. Appeals from the suffering people are being received daily for shelter from the deplorable conditions.

The total collection we have received so far, is only Rs. 470-3-6, including Rs. 399-3-6 from the Cyclone Relief Committee. This was practically a small amount for giving relief to thousands of people. A sum of Rs. 8,000 will be required to bring the situation to normal condition. Moreover, clothes and foodstuffs are also very badly needed.

In this connection, we express our heartfelt thanks to all the donors and the authorities of the M. and S. M. Railway for the concession rates they allowed for carrying the materials and also we appeal to the generous public to contribute their mite both by cash and kind to this noble cause. Contributions, however small, will be thankfully received and acknowledged by: The Secretary, Ramakrishna Mission, Mylapore, Madras.

PLACE OF WALI IN URDU POETRY

Prizes For Essays On Bi-Centenery Occasion

In connection with the bi-centenary of Wali, the father of Urdu poetry, which will be celebrated at the City College, Hyderabad, from the 28th to 30th January, 1937, it is proposed to hold an All-India Inter-University essay competition which shall be open to bona-fide graduates and undergraduates.

The subject of the essay shall be: "The place of Wali in Urdu poetry."

Two prizes of Rs. 50 and Rs. 25 will be awarded to the best essays received, respectively, from graduates and undergraduates. The essays should be sent to the address of Mr. Khaleel Ahmed Azad, Vice-President, City College Union, to reach him before the 25th December, 1936.

ENCOURAGING VILLAGE BOYS

Competition In Arts, Crafts And Sports Arranged At Malad

Under the auspices of the Pathare Kshatriya Malad Grama Sabha, a prize distribution and congratulatory function was held on Sunday last, at Shri Rama Mandir in Malad Village. Miss Balabai Wamanrao Takakhav presided. Students of the Fathare Khastriya caste from Andheri to Dahisar who had passed their University and other final examinations were congratulated and awarded prizes.

The Grama Sabha had arranged sports and athletic games. The successful candidates were awarded prizes, which were, in all, more than one hundred.

Equality Of Status

Mr. B. J. Mhatre congratulated the Grama Sabha in giving the honour of presiding over the function to an educated lady from the community and thus dispelling the doubts that the rights of the female sex are being usurped by the male sex. He also congratulated the Grama Sabha for holding competitive examinations in arts and crafts and also sports and thus creating an opportunity for village boys and girls for participating in such functions which are monopolised by cities and towns.

He appealed to the members of the caste not to create disputes and difference on questions like "Backward" and "Forward" communities but to concentrate all their energies in giving a united front for solving the economic questions, and unemployment. He also requested the members of the caste to open orphanage and widows' home.

Miss Balabai W. Takakhav, the president, summarised the proceedings in a brief speech. She laid stress on the importance and utility of Grama Sabhas and congratulated the successful students.

A vote of thanks proposed by Mr. D. V. Mahant terminated the meeting.

BUILT FOR THE TROPICS

AUTOSTAR'S
longer lasting power is the reason why more and more motorists are changing to this sturdy American battery built for the tropics. As good as new even after many months' hard service, built up to a rigorous standard Still low in price.
EMPIRE AUTOMOBILES
RANE LTD. Proprietors,
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Offices at:
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For Fashion with Economy
100% SWADESHI
EXQUISITE DESIGNS

Mysore Silk Fabrics
GEORGETTES. CREPES. SATINS
HANDKERCHIEFS
Made by the Govt. Silk Weaving Factory, Mysore
from purest Mysore Silk
Guaranteed Free from any Artificial or Foreign Admixture
Agents:
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Leading Stockists:
THE "MYSORE SILK DEPOT"
Swadeshi Market, Kalbadevi, BOMBAY.
BOMBAY SWADESHI CO-OPERATIVE STORES, LTD., Bori Bunder, BOMBAY.
MYSORE EMPORIUM,
Kitab Mahal, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

What others could do in DECADES
PRESIDENCY LIFE
has achieved in six years!
Second Valuation BONUS
Whole Life Policies Rs. 66/-
Endowment Policies Rs. 54/-
for the Triennium.
PRESIDENCY LIFE
INSURANCE CO., LTD.
Mherwan Bldg., Sir P. Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.

WATER ARRANGEMENTS AT TILAK NAGAR: One of the wells, that will be fitted with modern pumping machines, is seen in the picture.

COLLAPSE AFTER BRILLIANT BATTING

M. C. C. Lose Five More Wickets For Paltry Score Of 75 Runs

BRISBANE, Dec. 1.

Continuing their Second Innings, the M.C.C. scored 75 runs this morning for a loss of 5 more wickets, thus bringing their overnight score of 453 for a loss of 3 wickets to 525 for 8 (declared).

QUEENSLAND PLAYS TO DRAW

The match between M. C. C. and Queensland ended in a draw.

Final scores:—

M. C. C. 215 and 528 for eight, declared.

Queensland 243 and 227 for nine.—Reuter's Special.

Scores:—

M. C. C. (1st Innings)	215
Queensland (1st Innings)	243
M. C. C. (2nd Innings.)	
Fagg, c Brown, b Allen	112
Barnett, c Brown, b Amos	259
Fishlock, c Cockburn, b Dixon.	41
Hardstaff, c and b Allen	12
Ames, c Dixon, b Wyeth	60
Robins, b Wyeth	17
Verity, c Baker, b Amos	8
Leyland, c Dixon, b Wyeth	2
Hammond, (not out)	4
Voce, (not out)	4
Extras	9
Total (for 8 wickets declared).	528

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Dixon 1 for 128; Cockburn 0 for 49; Oxenham 0 for 56; Amos 2 for 90; Wyeth 3 for 95; Allen 2 for 103.

QUEENSLAND (Second Innings)	
Brown c Ames b Farnes	5
Rogers, l.b.w. b Robins	11
Andrews, l.b.w. b Robins	44
Allen b Robins	4
Tallon, l.b.w. (new) b Verity	18
Baker l.b.w. b Farnes	63
Cockburn c Fishlock, b Verity	2
Oxenham l.b.w. b Robins	12
Ames c Fagg, b Farnes	33
Wyeth, not out	4
Dixon, not out	4
Extras	12
Total (for 9 wkts.)	227

BOWLING ANALYSIS:—Voce 0 for 37; Farnes 3 for 45; Robins 4 for 63; Verity 2 for 31; Leyland 0 for 18; Hammond 0 for 12.—Reuter.

NAWANAGAR SUMMAIR CLUB SWEEPS

Simla Man Gets First Prize Of Rs. 18,000

JAMNAGAR, November 30.

The Secretary, Summair Club Sweeps wires:—

The Summair Club Sweeps of the Manchester November Handicap drawing, authorized by Nawanagar State, in aid of the famine-stricken was personally conducted by H. H. Maharaja Jamsaheb Bahadur, assisted by the Princes, Dewn Saheb and State officials and gentry.

The first prize of Rs. 18,000 was won by Mr. B. Mahomed Saddique of Dikshai Cantonment, Simla. The second went to Messrs Williams of Lagos, Nigeria, West Africa, for Rs. 6,000. The third prize of Rs. 3,000 was won by Sitaram Bhagat and Balbirpershad of Khunti, Ranchi. The collections amounted about Rs. 84,000, out of which Rs. 42,500 were distributed in 1,259 prizes.

Next event will be decided on the Derby in May or June.

MOLLISON'S FLIGHT TO CAPETOWN

RUGBY, Nov. 30.

James Mollison who took off from Croydon at 9-31 on Sunday in his Bellanca flash aeroplane on attempted record flight to Capetown is accompanied by French co-pilot Edouard Corniglion Molinier.

Mollison arrived at Cairo at 3-30 a.m. to-day and after re-fuelling left at 5-25 to continue his flight.

Mollison stated before leaving Croydon that he hoped to make the return journey within five days.—B.O.W.

CAPE-TOWN TO-MORROW

KIESUMU, Dec. 1.

Mollison arrived at 7-20 a.m. He is leaving in an hour's time and expects to arrive at Capetown to-morrow morning.—Reuter.

GREAT BATTING AT BANDRA

G. Richards Scores Double Century

G. Richard's brilliant not out double century including ten sixes and thirty-three fours was an outstanding exhibition of batsmanship last Sunday at Bandra, when the St. Andrew's Gymkhana easily defeated the Malad Union Cricket Club by 374 runs.

The Fernandes-Richards third-wicket partnership produced 301 runs which is a record for St. Andrew's Gymkhana ground.

Richards' scores for the last three matches are:

64 against Bombay Gymkhana.
100 not out against F. Tarant's XI.
222 not out against Malad Union C. C.

Scores:—

ST. ANDREW'S GYM.

W. Fernandes, (retired) 100
and G. Richards (not out) 222. Total for 4 wickets. 419

BOWLING: Sakaram, 1 for 62; H. Soupal, 1 for 71.

MALAD UNION C. C.

All out for 45

BOWLING: G. Richards, 8 for 18; S. Mahadeo, 2 for 5.

G. I. P. MECHANICS BEATEN.

The G.I.P. Railway Mechanics' Institute, Byculla were beaten by the G.I.P. Railway Parel Institute by 111 runs, on Sunday last in the second round of the Nawab Lutfud Dowla Inter-Institute Cricket Tournament.

The Parel team scored 172 runs. Westerling (51) and Harris (67) made a third wicket stand of 112.

The Byculla XI were all out for 63.

Scores:—

PAREL INSTITUTE ..... 174.
BOWLING:—W. Carr 2 for 64; R. Godfrey 5 for 49; R. Gomes 3 for 14.

BYCULLA INSTITUTE ..... 63.
BOWLING:—Harris 5 for 24; Godinho 1 for 18; D'Mello 4 for 8.

Death occurred at Nasik of Mrs. Totadeir, wife of Mr. D. P. Bhargawa, B.Sc., LL.B., Managing Agent of the Rajputana Films, Ltd., of Ajmer at Bombay and a well-known journalist of Ajmer.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 m.) GSP 15.14 Mc/s. (19.82 m.) GSB 9.51 Mc/s (31.55 m.)

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. A Recital of French Organ Music. By Berkeley Mason. From the Concert Hall Broadcasting House Prelude, Theme and variations. Op. 24 (Guimant) Scherzo (Salome) Ronde francaise (Boelmann). Fantasie sur un Noel; Marche pointificale (de la Tombello). 8-5 p.m. "Empire Exchange". Points of view by travellers from the Dominion and the Colonies' 8-20 Brass Band Concert. 9-0 p.m. Feature Programme. 9-50 p.m. Music Interlude. 10-0 p.m. The News and Announcements. 10-20 p.m. The John MacArthur Quintet. Directed by John MacArthur: Baladin; Poupee valsantee; Finale (Marionettes) (Poldini) Does your heart beat for me? (Johnson. arr. Marr Mackie). Down Longford Way (Katharine Parker, arr. Grainger).

Bombay Programmes

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc/s.

11-30 a.m. Selection of Indian Music. 1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates. Jules Craen and his Quintette. (Relayed from The Taj Mahal Hotel.) 5-30 p.m. Orchestral Music. By the students of the Northcote Hindu Orphanage. 6-15 p.m. Talk (Marathi): "Bharatiya Striya." By V. D. Gokhale. 6-30 p.m. Recorded Hits. Songs from latest films. 6-45 p.m. Violin Recital By Diwan Mahadeva Bhagavatar. 7-15 p.m. Talk (Gujerati): "The Exposition of Gatha." By Ervad Framroz A. Bode. 7.30 p.m. Light music by G.N. Joshi, (With Sarangi, Harmonium and Tabla.) 8-30 p.m. Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 p.m. Hindustani Duets By Shahajan and Allabux. (Assisted by the VUB Indian Orchestra). 9-30 p.m. Talk (English): "international Affairs." By E. J. Gough. 9-45 p.m. The News. 10-0 p.m. A Popular Concert. By The Radio Salon Orchestral.

Phohi Programme

(18-30—21-30, 19.71 m)
HAPPY PROGRAMME

Java Programmes

4-45 Light gram. music. 9-00 Gymnastics for ladies. 9-25 Opera programme. 10-00 Weather report and lunch music. 11-20 News. 11-30 Dance music. 12-00 Popular gram music. 12-20 News. 15-30 Gram Music. 16-00 Light music. 16-30 Dance music. 17-00 News. 17-20 Songs. 17-50 Cinema Organ concert. 18-10 Talk. 18-30 Nirom Orchestra concert 19-30 Popular programme.

Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

8-0 a.m. Indian Music (Recorded) 9-0 a.m. Talk (Hindustani): "Outline History of the World" No. 14. By Prof. Mohd. Mujeeb. 9-15 a.m. AIR Orchestra C. Jangla Bhairvin. 9-25 Mushtari Bai of Agra. "Aogun bahut kiye gun mo men nahim" Khayal Deshkar. "Hamre karam men yahi likhi thi kar he sawatiyah kasath." Thumri Bhairvin. "Tu namak chhirke to samjhun sakhm achha ho gaya Ab tire azar men yeh lutf paida ho gaya." 10-0 a.m. M. Rafiq Ghaznavi. Khayal, Thumri and Ghazal. 12-30 p.m. AIR Orchestra C. Ramdasi Malhar. 12-40 p.m. Daim Husain. "Kia kar gaya ik jalwa-i-mastana kisi ka Rukta nahin zanjir se diwana kisi ka." (Jigar) 12-50 Mushtari Bai of Agra. "Tapan lagin giriyan begi." Khayal Shudh Sarang. "Kab khayal ap ka nahin hota Dard dil se juda nahin hota." 1-15 p.m. Nautch Gat on Violin, Sitar and Dilruba. 1-20 p.m. Daim Hussain. Jab dil men tire gham ne hasrat ki bina dali Dunya miri rahat ki qismat ne mita dali." (Fani.) 1-30 p.m. A Programme of "Light Opera" (Recorded) 5-0 p.m. 1st News and weather Report (English). 5-10 p.m. Est news and Weather Report (Hindustani.) 5-20 p.m. AIR Orchestra B. Pilu. 5-30 a.m. Daim Hussain. "Jalwe miri nigah men-faun-o-makan ke hain. Mujh se kahan chhupenge woh aise kahan ke hain." (Dagh). "Woh yahan ate hain kis andaz se Ik qadam uthta hai sao sao naz se." (Majruh) 5-50 p.m. Kedara On Sarangi. 6-0 p.m. M. Rafiq Ghaznavi. Khayal and Thumri. 6-30 p.m. Mand on Sitar. 6-40 p.m. Qawwali. 7-0 p.m. "For Villagers Only." (Delhi Market Rates at 7-30 p.m.) 8-0 p.m. Talk (Hindustani): "Foundations of Indian Music." No. 6 Malcauns. and Durca. By Rafique Ghaznavi. 8-15 p.m. Mushtari Bai of Agra. "Dekho ri Krishn Kanhai." Khayal Kamod. "Han ri naun-andia." Thumri Jhanjoti. "Jigar soziyan hain khabardariyan hain Mubarak mujhe meri bimariyan hain." 8-45 p.m. M. Rafiq Ghaznavi. Thumri, Ghazal and Punjabi Song. 9-15 p.m. 2nd New and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 p.m. 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 p.m. Talk (English): "Life among the Industrial workers of India." No. 5. The Cotton Textile Industry. By B. Shiva Rao. Following a BBC precedent AIR sent Mr. Shiva Rao on a tour to investigate conditions among industrial workers. To-night he gives his impressions of the Cotton Textile Industry in India. 10-0 p.m. Band of H. M. 1st Batt., Royal Fusiliers.

Calcutta Programmes

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s.
49.10 metres, 6,109 kc/s.

12-36 SB p.m. A Studio Programme. By Taylor's Gramophone Saloon. (H. M. V. Records.) 1-36 p.m. Talk: "Believe it or not" by Chitra Gupta. 1-51 p.m. Modern Bengali Song by Seuli Sarkar and Bina Sen. Instrumental Music. Seetar By Amiya Adhikary. 2-36 p.m. Religious Talk: "Basudeber Karmochan". By Amulyakrishna Bhattacharya. 3-6 p.m. Time Signal. Close down. 5-6 p.m. Time Signal A Broadcast for rural areas. 5-36 p.m. Modern Bengali songs by Anil Bagchi and Kankabaty. Accompanied by the Jantri Sangha. Conducted by Surendra Lall Das. 6-26 p.m. Bhajan by Sudhir Banerjee. 6-41 Thungri by Provabaty. Accompanied by the Jantri Sangha. 6-56 p.m. A humorous sketch by Kailesh Banerjee. 7-6 p.m. Topp-Thungri by Ratneshwar Mukherjee. 7-21 p.m. A feature programme. Depicting scenes from life in Calcutta a hundred years ago. Written and produced by Banikumar. 8-6 p.m. SB Talk: "Military training for University students". By Shama Prosad Mukherjee, Vice-Chancellor of the Calcutta University. 8-21 p.m. SB Kheyal (Moluha Kedar). By Ashtaq Hussein. Accompanied by the Jantri Sangha. 8-41 p.m. SB Commercial News and Weather Report (in Bengali). 8-46 p.m. SB The News and Announcements. 9-1 p.m. SB Commercial News and Weather Report (In English). 9-6 p.m. SB The news and announcements. 9-21 p.m., SB "The Boy come Home". A short play in one act. Presented by the Aerial Players. Uncle James. Aunt Emily, Phillip, a Nephew, home from the war, Mary, the maid. Mrs. Higgins, the Cook. Scene: A Room in Uncle James' House in Cromwell Road. Time: A few days after the war. 9-51 p.m. SB. A short Classical Programme Trio No. 1 in E flat. Op. 99 Schubert.

New P. E. N. Members

The following have become members of the India Centre of P. E. N.:—

Moorkoth Kunhappa of Calcutta, Shrimati Hansa Mehta, Shewak Bhojraj, R. S. Pandit, N. S. Subba Rao of Bangalore, G. Sankara Kurup of Trichur, Prof. M. D. Altekar of Wilson College, Bombay, Prof. N. A. Nadvi of Ismail College, Jogeswari, A F. Khabardar of Madras, Manu Subedar of Bombay, H. C. Baral of Bombay, Dr. D. R. Prem of Bombay, P. G. Shah of Bombay, M. Venkatesa Iyengar, Secretary to Government of Mysore, Bangalore Prof. K. C. Pandya of Agra, Prof. Indra Vedwachaspati, Editor of "The Daily Arjun", Delhi, Nandnath K. Dikshit, Surat K. Nageswara Rao, Esq., Editor of "Andhra Patrika", of Madras, Shrimati Avantikabai Gokhale, of Bombay, S. K. Shastri of Bombay, Prof. V. K. Gokak of Fergusson College, Poona, K. Ramakotiswara Rau, Editor of "Triveni" Madras, Mahmud H. Israili of Bombay, H. G. Anjaria of Bombay, M. M. K. Shihab of Bombay, Kakasaheb Kalelkar of Wardha, Brijlal Biyana, Editor of "Nava-Rajasthan", Akola, Dewan Bahadur H. L. Kaji of Bombay, Prof. M. P. Dave of Surat Bankey Behari of Allahabad, C. Y. Chintamani, Editor of "The Leader", Allahabad, Dr. Syed Abid Husain of Jamia Millia, New Delhi, and Mrs. Balamani Nair of Calcutta.

ENGLAND'S EXAMPLE FOR INDIA

Madras Governor's Plea For Working Of Reforms

MADRAS, Dec. 1.

"Madras which has always led the rest of India in sensible politics and which for the last sixteen years has worked the Montagu-Chelmsford Reforms with the greatest success, will also work the coming Reforms with the same success as in the past. If the tradition which has been set up for the last sixteen years is carried on, then I have no fear for the future" observed the Governor speaking at St. Andrews Day Dinner last night. "It has been said" continued His Excellency, "that there is a section of people who do not wish to work the new Constitution. I do not believe that their numbers are really very large down here. I believe that most people in South India are constitutionally minded.

His Excellency sounded a warning and said that democracy was probably the most difficult form of Government that had ever been tried. It had worked in England particularly well because no party there had ever pushed its theories to the extremes. It was because they had the genius for compromise that they had been so successful with representative institutions. His Excellency hoped that India as she progressed with democratic methods would also learn that art from them: that there should be moderation in all things and that violent change very rarely did any good to anybody.—A.P.

Weight-Lifting Championship In Bombay

The Health and Strength Leaguers' Association which is affiliated to the British Amateur Weight-Lifters' Association, London, in an attempt to revive Weight-Lifting in Bombay are organising a competition for Amateur Weight-Lifters of the Bombay Presidency. The competition will be known as the Bombay Presidency Amateur Weight-Lifting Championships, which will be an annual fixture of the Health and Strength Leaguers' Association.

The competition will be conducted under the British Amateur Weight-Lifters' Association Rules

The lifts will be the same as those declared at the XI Berlin Olympiad (1936), viz.:—

Two hands military press; two hands snatch; two hands clean and jerk.

The Competitor Lifting the maximum poundage in each class will be declared Amateur Weight-Lifting Champion for the Bombay Presidency for the year and will also receive a medal. Should any competitor establish a record in the competition a certificate of merit signed by Officials of the British Amateur Weight-Lifters' Association will be awarded.

The results of the competition will be published in leading Daily News Papers, Sports Magazines and a full report of the competition will appear in the Health and Strength Magazine, London, which is the Official Organ of the British Amateur Weight-Lifters' Association.

In conjunction with the Weight-Lifting Competition the H. and S. Leaguers' Association will run a Physical Excellence Competition for men and women, annually. The express purpose of this competition is to encourage Physical Culturists and to find two best physique male and female.

The qualification for this competition is very simple, the competitor will be required to send in an unmounted photograph (Postcard Size) with the following particulars:—Name and address, age, height, weight, occupation and the date the photograph was taken.

The Weight-Lifting Championships and the Physical Excellence Competition will take place in the middle of January 1937.

Further periculars can be had from Hon. Secretary, Health and Strength Leaguers' Association, Noble House, Parel, Bombay.

WHY NO INDIANS IN RAILWAY ENQUIRY?

Mahakoshal Chamber Condemns Govt. Policy

JUBBULPORE, Dec. 1.

The Mahakoshal Chamber of Commerce, Jubbulpore, has passed a resolution, protesting against the non-inclusion of Indians in the Railway Enquiry Committee, and condemning the policy of the Government of India in ignoring the voice and rights of Indians.—United Press.

Railway Enquiry Committee For Lahore

NEW DELHI, Dec. 1.

Sir Ralph Wedgewood and members of the Railway Finance Inquiry Committee leave to-night for Lahore. After visiting Bombay, Madras, Calcutta, Lucknow and Agra, they return to Delhi on January 27, where they stay till 30th February, 1937. Again the Committee visits Peshawar, Lahore, Karachi, and then by steamer to Bombay and will sail by the "Viceroy of India" on February 20th.—United Press.

Coming Shortly

Prakash Pictures Dynamite Detective Stunt Thriller

Passing Show

Featuring:— **Miss Padmadevi** (Nightingale of Bengal), **Master Jayant** (Dare Devil), **Umakant, Miss. Shirin, Lalubhai, Esmail** and others.

At

Super Talkies

Charni Road.

Apply for Booking:— Messrs. Evergreen Pictures, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

And Here is a Happy News!!!

Sangeet Movietone's Proud Presentation

THE Long-Awaited

CALL of the SOUL

OR

Hradaya Manthan

Most Glamorous, Musical ever presented.

Story by:—**Babu Jaiiodhar Chatterji**

Directed by:—**India's only woman Director.**

BAI JADDAN BAI

Featuring

Queen Songstress BAI JADDANBAI

Golden Voiced hero **A. Hussain**

World's Wonderful Child Star

Baby Rany, Urmiladevi, Sidique & Galaxy of others.

This Challenge Smash hit will be released.

FROM **SATURDAY** THE **5th Dec. 1936.** AT THE CINEMA **MAJESTIC**

For Booking:—Evergreen Pictures, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

1937 PROPAGANDA

CALENDAR

Six Annas—Post Free

THE ASIAN POULTRY FARM

11 E, Connaugt h Road, POONA.

Rs. 1.8.

'BETTER VALUE THAN EVER BEFORE

VALET

The New **'99'**

WITH MOULDED CASE

In bringing out the New '99' Set, Valet have modernised an old favourite. The New '99' consists of an improved Valet self-stropping razor, strop and three blades in a hygienic moulded case. Save time and money. Buy the Valet, the simplest, quickest, most economical method of shaving known. The New '99' is a bargain at Rs. 1.8.

Valet 99 AUTOSTROP SAFETY RAZOR

SALE OF INDIAN BLOODSTOCK

The Indian Bloodstock Agency have been favoured with instructions from the Royal Western India Turf Club to sell without reserve, the six undermentioned Indian Bloodstock, the property of the Eve Punjab Breeding Scheme.

1. "Silver Spur" Bay colt (1934) ....Silveris-Pantofola.
2. "Rotten Row" Chestnut colt (1934) ..Owen Rce-Quicklime.
3. "Peter Teazle" Bay colt (1934) .... Sheridan-Some Bridge.
4. "Golden Chaplet" Chestnut colt (1934) ..... Silveris-Festive Wreath.
5. (Unnamed) Dark Bay colt (1934) ....Silveris-Old Fashioned Maid.
6. Unnamed) Bay colt (1934) ..... Silveris-Double Terai.

By the Director of Remounts, to be sold without reserve, the five under-mentioned Young Bloodstock, the property of the Ahmednagar Stud Farm.

1. "Vandyke" Bay colt (1934) ....Mystic Peak-Vanda.
2. "Vanity Fair" Bay filly (1934) ....Gay Pilgrim-Cintra.
3. "Sappho" Bay filly (1934) .....Saphir-Tulsk
4. "Narcissus" Bay Gelding (1933) .... Reflector-Tulsk.
5. "Melisande" Chestnut filly (1933) .. Reflector-Rose Water.

The sale to take place by the Coffee room at the Race Course on Saturday, 12th December, at 8 a.m.

The horses may be seen at Mr. Evan's stable on the Race Course during Stable hours.

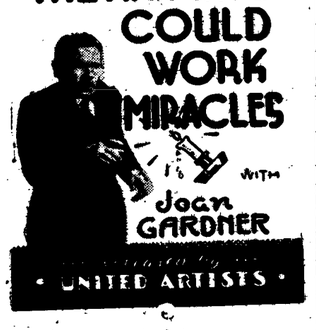
For full particulars, apply to G. McElligott,
TURF CLUB HOUSE,
Byculla, Bombay.

CAPITOL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Directed by JOSEPH SANTLEY. Screenplay by Bert Kalmar-Harry Ruby. Produced by Edward Kaufman.

REGAL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

LONDON FILM presents
Roland YOUNG in THE MAN WHO COULD WORK MIRACLES



Also
LATEST MICKEY MOUSE
"HANDEL"
—the famous COMPOSER of music!
DASSERA FESTIVAL AT MYSORE!

City & Suburbs

LOCAL

ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Kartak Vad 4, 1993
Muslim: Ramzan 17, 1355
Parsi: Khordad 28, 1906
Hightide: 2-22; 14-24
Lowtide 8-38; 20-10
Sunrise: 6h. 35m.
Sunset: 6h. 6m
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.
Special meeting of Municipal Standing Committee 3-10 p.m.

LAXMI-VENKATESH TEMPLE FESTIVAL

The annual festival of Sri Laxmi-Venkatesh Mandir at 31, Manordas St., Fort, will be held to-morrow, the "Palki" procession starting from the Mandir at 6 a.m.

PUBLIC LECTURE AT KHAR

Swami Atmaswarupananda of Ramkrishna Mission, Karachi, will deliver a public lecture in Hindi on "Modern Thought Currents", at Laxminagar Pavilion, Khar, to-day (Wednesday) at 9-15 p.m. (S.T.)

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

Lady Bell, Miss M. Bell, Miss D. Bell, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Wallace and Flight-Lieut. J. A. Simpson lunched at Government House on Tuesday.

The Governor of Bombay accompanied by Lady Brabourne opened the Lady Brabourne Home for Girls at Umarkhadi.

POSTAL NOTICE

Registered and unregistered mails for Mauritius and Reunion per extra s. s. 'R. L. Dempo' via Madura, Colombo and Batavia will be accepted at the General Post Office up to 3 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Saturday the 5th instant.

LECTURES AT P. S. S. ASHRAM

Lectures will be given at Christa Prema Seva Sangha Ashram (opposite Agricultural College) every time at 6 p.m. according to the following programme:

Saturday, December 5: Sadhu Banerji on "The Interior of Tibet."

Tuesday, December 8: Mr. Tarkunde, Bar-at-Law on "Socialism and our Struggle for Independence."

Saturday, December 12: Fr. Yesudas Martyn on "Masterpieces of Indian Literature."

Tuesday, December 15: Fr. Bill Lash on "The Child Spirit in Religions."

Saturday, December 19: Prof. J. Kellock on "M. G. Ranade."

Tuesday, December 22: Fr. B. G. Fox on "Christmas and Peace."

Lectures begin at 6-0 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Walking on Air" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Romeo and Juliet" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Gay Adventure" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Romeo and Juliet" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
HINDMATTA—"Darkest Africa" Daily at 5, 7-45 and 10-15 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Manmohan" Daily at 2-45 5-15 and 8 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amar Jyoti" Daily at 5 and 7-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Maya" Daily at 5-15 and 8 p.m
MAJESTIC—"Kalia Mardan" Daily at 5-15 and 8 p.m
OPERA HOUSE—"Janma Bhoomi" Daily at 2-30, 5-15 and 8 p.m.
PATHE—"Bengal Tiger." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PLAZA—"The Great Ziegfeld. Daily at 6 and 9-30 p.m.
PALACE—"Professional Soldier." Time as usual.
REGAL—"The Man who could work Miracles" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Manzil" Daily at 2-45, 5-15 and 8 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Chhaya" Daily at 5-15 and 8 p.m.
WEST END—"Jwala Mukhi" Daily at 2-30, 5 and 7-45 p.m.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O S K steamer 'Borneo Maru' left Sakito on November 29 and is due to arrive in Bombay on December 24 via usual ports.

VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT AT SIR COWASJI HALL

The Bombay Students' Conference Committee has organised a variety entertainment, including the enactment of "The widow", a play of Mr. Haridranath Chattopadhyaya to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, in aid of the coming Bombay Presidency Students' Conference.

FOOD FAKERS FINED

Names of persons convicted and fined by the Municipal Court of Honorary Presidency Magistrates, Fort, Esplanade Police Court:—

Mr. Hiralal Shankarlal alias Shankarlal Hiralal, Owner of the shop at No. 114, Cathedral Street, was convicted and fined Rs. 40 on 27-11-36, in default, to undergo 14 days' simple imprisonment, for selling ghee adulterated to the extent of 95.9 per cent.

Mr. Chunilal Dipchand, Owner of the shop in the building situated opposite premises No. 33, Naviwadi, was convicted and fined Rs. 25 on 27-11-36, in default, to undergo 10 days' simple imprisonment, for selling ghee adulterated to the extent of 29.1 per cent.

WITNESS CROSS-EXAMINED

Charge Of Fabrication Of Evidence

Mr. Chimanlal M. Nanavati was further cross-examined on Monday in the case in which Chandulal P. Shroff and Mahomedali P. Kapadia are being prosecuted at the instance of Mr. Justice Chitre of the Bombay High Court for having obtained a decree against the Overseas Transport Company, by fraud and abetment.

In the course of his cross-examination, Mr. Nanavati stated that he was the financing partner of the firm, and from time to time, when demands were made, remittances were sent by him from Ahmedabad. These generally represented the collections made from constituents of the Company at Ahmedabad.

PRESS COPY BOOK

He admitted the correspondence which had passed in that respect between the branch office at Ahmedabad and Bombay.

Shown a press copy letter book in which a letter purporting to have been written by the first accused to witness in March, 1929 was described by the witness to be a fabrication. He did not remember having read the letter, but it might have been sent by the accused. The witness could not recollect having received or read the letter. He could not remember having come to Bombay in pursuance of the letter referred to by Counsel.

Further hearing was adjourned.

Mr. C. N. Kanuga, appeared as Special Crown prosecutor.

Mr. A. S. R. Chari defended the 1st. accused. Mr. B. T. Desai with Mr. Lalbhai Javeri for second accused.

Late Sir Lallubhai Samaldas

SHERIFF MEETING REQUISITIONIST TO MEET

An informal meeting of the requisitionists in connection with the Sheriff's Public Meeting in honour of Late Sir Lallubhai Samaldas will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) i.e. 5-36 p.m. (B.T.) at the Corporation Hall for the purpose of appointing a Committee to draft resolutions etc. and to make all the necessary arrangements in connection therewith.

BOMBAY FIELD-CLUB'S ACTIVITY

Excursion To Elephanta Caves Next Sunday

The Bombay Field Club has arranged an Excursion to the Elephanta Caves on Sunday, 6th December 1936 when Mr. Kanaiyalal H. Vakil will accompany and guide the party.

The party will leave the Apollo Bunder at 8-30 a.m. on Sunday and is expected to return before 8 p.m. the same day. The expenses will be Rs. 2/8 only (including food, launch and admission charges).

Those intending to join the party are requested to give their names to Mr. I. B. Patel, Hon. Secretary, not later than Thursday, 3rd December along with their subscription of Rs. 2-8-0.

MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS BUDGET REDUCED?

The Chairman and the Secretary of the Schools Committee were invited by the Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation on Tuesday to explain the budget estimates for 1937-1938 prepared by them to the extent of Rs. 38,84,443 and also to show whether any reduction could be made in any items shown in the budget. The Schools Committee presented budget estimates for Rs. 34,84,443 as against Rs. 33,34,379 in 1936-37.

The Municipal Commissioner in his budget estimates recommended Rs. 34,00,448 reducing the budget by about Rs. 84,000.

The Standing Committee asked the Chairman of the Schools Committee if he would not reduce some of the items. The Chairman of the Schools Committee refused to do so without consulting his colleagues on the Schools Committee. The Schools Committee demanded Rs. 4,75,115 for rents, which the Standing Committee wished to reduce by Rs. 15,000 bringing it down to Rs. 4,60,000. Also for "Monsoon and petty repairs" a sum of Rs. 14,190 was demanded which the Standing Committee thought could be reduced by Rs. 2,000. Final decision will be, however, taken to-day (Wednesday) at the Special meeting of the Standing Committee.

MAULANA SHAUKAT ALI ARRIVES

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Maulana Shaukatali, who has been on a tour in Northern India arrived in Bombay this morning.

NEW INSTITUTION ON OLD JAIL SITE

Lady Brabourne Home For Girls Inaugurated

One more step in the progress of the Children's Aid Society was recorded by the naming ceremony of the Lady Brabourne Home for girls, on Tuesday evening at the Children's Home, Umarkhadi.

His Excellency Lord Brabourne, Governor of Bombay, summed up the achievement by saying that on the site of an old and disused gaol, had been erected a building suitable for a home and a school in which the girls may grow up to look with hope upon the future and to face their surroundings with self-respect and confidence.

A large gathering of ladies and gentlemen were present on the occasion of the naming ceremony of the new Lady Brabourne Home for Girls. Prominent among those present were Mr. C. B. Mehta, Sheriff of Bombay, Mr. Husseinally Rahimtoola, President of the Bombay Legislative Council, Sir Prabhashankar Pattani, Dewan Bahadur Kambli, Mr. W. R. G. Smith, Commissioner of Police and Mr. O. H. Brown, Senior Magistrate of the Juvenile Court.

On arrival, His Excellency and Lady Brabourne were presented with a Guard of Honour by the Hotson Pack and were greeted by a Grand Howl by the Bell Pack.

BHATT'S DONATION

The Honourable Sir Robert Bell in a short welcome speech traced the history of the Children's aid society. He stated that the building of the new girls' home had been made possible by the donation of Rs. 20,000 by the late Mr. Ramachandra Bhatt, Sir Robert also paid a tribute to the patience, tact and ability of Miss M. K. Davis, the Secretary of the society.

At the request of Sir Robert, Lady Brabourne unveiled the Tablet and expressed her great pleasure in doing so.

His Excellency Lord Brabourne said that he was much pleased at the fact that Lady Brabourne's interest in the welfare of children was to be commemorated by the association of her name with an institution which was so well managed and had performed such essential service to the children.

RECORD PROGRESS

Giving in brief, the history of the Home His Excellency stated that the children's home began in 1927 on the site of an old gaol. It was, then estimated that there would never be more than 25 children on an average. At present the average was about 320. Last year there were 1,134 admissions and this year there have already been over 1,100.

In 1935 the society issued an appeal for funds to put up a building for the accommodation of girls. The Bombay Presidency Women's Council Rescue Home Committee willingly offered the compound which had been lent to them by Government. The society had been enabled to erect a building very largely owing to the generosity of the late Mr. Ramchandra Bhat and others.

APPEAL FOR FUNDS

Finally His Excellency supported the appeal that had been made for funds, for the construction of a home for boys, which is to be named after His Excellency. "You could not make a better use of your money. It will go to help the children; it will be spent wisely and economically—and it will be used to supply a proved and urgent need—he said.

The Children of the Home provided a short entertainment of songs and feats.

Mr. Kanji Dwarakdas proposed a vote of thanks.

Their Excellencies inspected the Home before the function terminated.

ENCOURAGE VILLAGE INDUSTRIES

"Bharat Gram Udyoga Mandir" Inaugurated

Mr. V. L. Mehta, member of the Executive of the All-India Village Industries Association declared open on Tuesday evening the "Bharat Gram Udyoga Mandir" situated in the Servants' of India Society building at Sandhurst Road. There was a large gathering of ladies and gentlemen interested in the revival of Indian Village Industries present on the occasion.

POTENCY OF KHADI

Sjt. Hiralal, the Proprietor of the "Bharat Gram Udyoga Mandir" in requesting Mr. Mehta to declare the Mandir open said that he was inspired by Sjt. Soorji Vallabhdas in the work the latter had been doing for the development of Village Industries. He had taken a vow that he should earn his living through the sale of the products produced in the villages. Of course, the products would be such, which would be certified by the Village Industries Association. He thought that Khadi and the revival of Village industries would greatly curtail the number of unemployed in the country. He thought that they would greatly contribute towards the economic improvement of the people of this country.

Mrs. Hansa Mehta on behalf of the Gujerati Stree Sahakari Mandal spoke a few words. The Mandir was being started under the auspices of the mandal.

MAHATMA'S ROLE

Mr. Vaikunth Mehta in declaring the Mandir open said that for the last two years, concerted efforts were being made to revive the Village Industries under the guidance of Mahatma Gandhi through the All-India Village Industries Association. The work of reviving village industries was as important as the work of carrying on propaganda in favour of Swadeshi. Though the idea of Swadeshi had been there for the last forty years, it was Mahatma Gandhi who gave a lead to the people of India in the matter of hand spinning and Khaddar. Today after sixteen years, Khadi had come to stay. With the introduction of propaganda in favour of hand-spinning and khadi, the work of revival of village industries was started.

WOMEN'S LEAD

Continuing Mr. Mehta said that the vast majority of the people of India lived in the villages. Their economic condition to-day was staggering. The greatest indigenous industry of India was the production of cloth. To-day those very producers were in want of food and clothing. It had been found that it was not possible to produce Khadi at all places. There were difficulties of getting cotton, etc. Though the production of Khadi occupied the first place, towards the revival of village industries, it was decided by the Indian National Congress in Bombay that other village industries also should be revived. The work of the All-India Village Industries Association was more to be done in the villages than in towns. Those in towns and cities could help the revival of these fallen industries by taking a vow to buy only such products as are produced by village industries. The speaker was glad that the Mandir was being started under the auspices of the Gujerati Stree Sahakari Mandal and he hoped that it would be carried on a co-operative basis.

THE KARNATAK KALA MANDALA,

The Hon. Secretary of the Karnataka Kala Mandal, writes:—

The Executive Committee of the Karnatak Kala Mandala is highly obliged to the volunteers of the various Karnatak Volunteer Corps in Bombay and all the Karnatak Institutions of the City for the invaluable services rendered by them in connection with the two benefit Dance performances, given by Mr. Shivaram Karant, the well-known dance artist of Mangalore and his troupe, on Saturday and Sunday last under the auspices of the Karnatak Kala Mandala. The Committee tenders its grateful thanks to the Bombay public for its encouraging patronage for both the performances.

Persistent enquiries are being made as to whether any more Dance programmes of Mr. Karant and his troupe are shortly being arranged by the Kala Mandala. The Kala Mandala, however, desires to assure the public that as soon as circumstances permit it will arrange full programmes of Modern as well as ancient Dance pieces of Mr. Karant and his troupe.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Fr. H. Cirera will meet his students in Spanish, to-day (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the St. Xavier's College.

Prof. M. Menezes, will not meet his students in English-literature to-day (Wednesday) but will meet them on 2-12-36, in the University Building at 6-30 p.m.

IN AND AROUND BOMBAY

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

The Nuffield Gift

Lord Nuffield announced, according to Reuter's cable yesterday, another gift, of about £2,125,000. He is assigning one million ordinary stock units of Morris Motors to create a fund from which the dividends will be distributed among wage-earners in the employ of his nine companies. A staff pension fund for salaried employees already exists. This gift, it is understood, is not of any help to the Morris employees over-seas and especially in Bombay. The Morris Motors firm have expanded their business in this country like so many other British firms who have found a good market in India. The Burma-Shell company, the Dunlop Rubber Company can be cited as examples of British industry prospering well in India. It is true that they are registered separately and function as different firms. But it may be pointed out that Indian employees too ought to be benefitted by any gifts or pension schemes for the benefit of such employees, which are generously offered by the founders and financiers like Lord Nuffield. considering the distinct advantages the British firms enjoy in India over the continental and other foreign concerns. Lord Nuffield will earn the gratitude of his employees in Bombay, if he donates some part of his vast funds for the benefit of his Indian employees too.

Lighting Staircases

Although the Municipal Corporation passed the resolution on Monday regarding lighting of staircases and passages in private buildings, in actual practice, according to municipal authorities, it will be very difficult to make the resolution operative for several good reasons. There are about 50,000 buildings in the city and, it is contended, it will be necessary, in the first instance, to survey all of them in order to ascertain how many are subject to the deficiency. Assuming 250 working days in a year and that one Overseer will be able to inspect 10 buildings in a day between 7 and 10 p.m., it will take one year 1-to survey 2,500 buildings. On this basis to survey 50,000 buildings in one year, it will be necessary to appoint, at least, 20 Sub-Overseers, 5 Inspectors, One Assistant Engineer and 3 clerks which will cost about Rs. 32,000. During the course of the preliminary survey the staff will prepare statements of buildings, with their ward numbers, locality, names of owners, etc. and assuming that there are about 20,000 buildings which may be found unprovided with lighting arrangements, another staff will be required to take action against the landlords. Then the Municipal Act will have to be amended empowering municipal staff to enter private premises, after sunset, for the purpose of inspection which may create some complications.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

TIMINGS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS

Timings at Victoria Terminus on and from 1st October 1936:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 30	17 45
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	5 15	20 55
Madras Express	10 15	13 45
Deccan Queen	10 25	17 15
Punjab Mail	10 55	18 55
Poona Mail	11 05	15 30
Nagpur Express	14 55	20 40
Poona Fast Passenger	17 0	11 50
Poona Express	19 38	8 15
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 0

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger train timing in force from 1st October 1936:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	22 20
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujarat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 40	21 50
Frontier Mail	8 30	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays	8 35	—
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 20	13 40
Kathiawar Express	19 00	8 45
Baroda Passenger	21 10	8 55

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER

Frontier Mail on Saturdays only) for passengers for Europe at 8 55

3 YEARS' R. I. FOR MISAPPROPRIATION

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Justice Blackwell at the High Court sentenced one Devi Dayal Gaya Dutt Shukla to 3 years' rigorous imprisonment, on the jury finding him guilty of forgery and criminal breach of trust.

The accused was a rent collector in the employ of Devidas Raghavji. He recovered Rs. 65 by cheque from a tenant and misappropriated the amount in January last.

The jury at first were divided in their verdict by 5 to 4, whereupon His Lordship suggested that they should retire again and try to arrive at a greater unanimity, or else the case would have to be retried.

The jury accordingly went back to deliberate again and, by 6 to 3, brought in a verdict against the accused.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1936

SUGAR INDUSTRY

State protection is given to an industry in the hope that all the interests involved may be duly benefited by it, and to this end appropriate conditions are often attached to the grant of protection. But it sometimes happens that for lack of such conditions or other reasons the benefits of protection are practically monopolised by only a few persons who are well organised and thus control the industry, while a vast number of persons like the workers and the producers of the raw material get little or no benefit from protection. Such a state of things has long been witnessed in the textile industry and recently in the sugar industry in India. The latter industry has during the last few years made considerable progress both as a result of the intensive Swadeshi movement in the country and the passing of the Sugar Protection Act in 1932. But the complaint is becoming common that the benefits of protection are being monopolised by the sugar millowners and not fairly shared with other interests involved in the industry. This point is very forcibly presented by Mr. Jagjivan Ujamshi Mulji in his presidential speech at the All-India Sugar Merchants' Conference, held at Cawnpore on Monday.

Plight Of Workers And Cultivators

Mr. Mulji charges the sugar millowners with having "exploited labour, the agriculturists, the trade, the skilled workmen and whatever has come in their way". In support of his charge he points out that in Bihar and the United Provinces "the labourers are working in ragged condition in severe winter without protection for a paltry sum of Rs. 6 to Rs. 7 per month and even skilled labour is paid Rs. 15 a month." As regards the cane producers, he says: "The Government and our country generally think that they have profited from protection. But the result has been otherwise. The sugar industry consumes only 15 per cent. of the cane grown in India, while 85 per cent. is either turned into 'gur' or chewed. At the time of protection, the price of cane in the U. P. and Bihar was about four annas a maund and to-dy the millowners after great protest pay five annas. This means that on 15 per cent. of cane, one anna more is received by the agriculturists, while on the remaining 85 per cent. the peasants realise about 2 1/2 annas by converting it into 'gur'. Thus there is a net loss of 1 1/2 annas per maund for 85 per cent. of the peasants." If the figures are accurate, they reveal a state of things to which both Government and the public should give serious attention. It is clear that all the facts and figures about the working of the Sugar Protection Act should be duly placed before the Tariff Board Inquiry that has been announced by Government.

Organise

It should not be inferred from the facts cited by Mr. Mulji that he is against protection being given to the sugar industry. He says definitely: "I am well aware of the benefits of protection to our country nor do I grudge these benefits to the Sugar Millowners. My main complaint here is against the Government who granted protection but did not impose any condition on the millowners nor cared to know how the Act worked. The Protection Act has worked one-sided in the interests of the millowners. Its working has clearly showed that no Protection Act could work beneficially for all interests in the industry if no conditions are included in the Act for protecting the various interests. What we would like to see is to amend the Government policy of discriminating protection by instituting a Supervision Board which would watch the interests of trade, consumers and all." All Indians will accept the suggestion and care must be taken to see that Government do not misinterpret it. What the public should demand is, not any reduction in the protection to sugar, but measures to ensure that the benefits of protection are fairly distributed among all the interests involved. And what is true of the sugar industry is true of all those that need protection. Producers of raw materials and workers in factories, however, should not rest content with expecting Government to do the needful in the matter. Their interests will continue to be neglected unless they organise themselves and press their demands vigorously both on the Government and the Legislature. It is hardly necessary to add that they cannot do much unless they identify themselves with a strong party in the legislature that is prepared and fitted to safeguard their interests therein and that the best party for the purpose is the Congress.

Frontier Pathan's Challenge

Amid restrictions, bans and prohibitions the tour, in the Frontier Province, of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai has made triumphal progress. The response of the people to the Congress leaders has been so thorough and decisive that it has frightened opponents. Old hostilities between different sets of anti-Congress reactionaries are disappearing in alarm. Sir Abdul Qaiyum and the Nawab of Hoti have agreed to forget their differences so that they may present a joint front to the Congress and the Red Shirts.

This fact is a significant tribute to the hold that Congress exercises over the Pathan and to the determined patriotism of the latter. The services that the Frontier Pathan has rendered to the country and the sacrifices that he has always been ready to undergo in the cause of it fill every Indian heart with admiration and pride. And they also constitute a confident proof that he will not fail the call of the country and the Congress at the next election.

Sardar Vallabhbhai and Sjt. Bhulabhai appealed to him to become the guardian rather than the gatekeeper of the motherland and to think in terms of freedom, in terms of the land whose air we all breathe. He has already shown that he has accepted his privileges and duties and he will give further proof of it. Of that there is no doubt. But the response of the Frontier Pathan to the call of the Motherland is also a challenge to Hindus and Muslims of the rest of India. We earnestly hope they will follow his lead.

Unproved And Unprovable

Mr. R. D. Butler stated in the Commons on Monday that the action taken against Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose was the result of Government's knowledge of his activities over a long period of years. It is clear, however, from the absence of any trial, that knowledge cannot stand the test of any cross-examination in any court of law. Else they would certainly have gone through some sort of trial, especially in view of the numerous challenges to them to do so. Government may make all sorts of statements against anybody they like but the people cannot believe them unless they are substantiated in a court of law. Nay, patriots like Mr. Subhas Bose will be all the more dear to the people of India because of the persecution to which they are subjected.

TAKING STOCK

Nineteen Years Of Soviet Regime

BY ABDUL AZIZ AZAD

MOSCOW, Nov. 12.

Once again the people of the Soviet Union pause to celebrate the anniversary of the establishment of the Soviet regime, the nineteenth anniversary of the October Revolution in Russia. And as usual this day is marked as one on which the country "takes stock"—reviews the activity of its people, their Government and the Party in the year past and looks forward with greater enthusiasm and with yet greater plans and projects for the ensuing year.

There have been nineteen celebrations of this auspicious day, and though each has been alike in its outward appearance, in the shape of the customary military parade, the demonstration of the citizens, the speeches of the leaders, and the like, yet each one has been different, has contained a new spirit, a new hope, quite unlike any of its predecessors.

This year's demonstration witnesses new advances, new achievements accomplished by the Soviet people in their long and hard struggle in building up their Socialist land. Nearing the end of their Second Five-Year Plan for the industrialization and collectivization of their industry and agriculture, they have already passed to new heights, to new stages in their progress. Whereas, even last year their banners, posters, slogans and exhibits called for and reported vast increases and abundance in all items necessary for the material welfare and comfort of the nation and its population, this year they are already able to lay emphasis on the need for even better quality. No longer concerned with quantity at any cost, the banners this year called for better and improved ways of doing things—for speed, for accuracy, for efficiency and for economy.

Military Parade

Beginning with the military parade, which started promptly at the stroke of ten on the mild, fall morning, the gigantic colourful pageant of the toilers of the USSR swept through the historic Red Square, past the Lenin Mausoleum with its tribune on which stood the leaders of the Soviet Government and Communist Party, and the adjoining grandstands, where sat the distinguished and honoured guests of the day, chief among them the delegation of heroic Spanish fighters who had come from the battle fields of their native land to witness the celebration of this great day by Spain's greatest friend.

The military parade, always breath-taking and awe-inspiring in its magnificent proportions, presented new thrills, and reflected the further mechanization, the greater speed, mobility and efficiency of the mighty Red Army. Many new machines and weapons were to be seen, chief of which were new heavy tanks, and, what aroused great attention and interest, machine guns mounted on motor cycles and controlled and operated by the cycle's handlebars, and which can be converted into anti-aircraft guns.

Citizens' Demonstration

The demonstration of the citizens, which follows after the military parade and the stirring air demonstration, was remarkably well-organized this year. For more than a million people to surge in never-ending streams through the winding streets of ancient Moscow through the Red Squsre without confusion is a task calling for no mean organizing ability. This year the task was further complicated by the fact that the banks of the Moscow River, lying just beyond the Square, are being faced with granite and huge new bridges are being erected in preparation for the opening of the new Moscow-Volga Canal, and thus some of the streets are blocked off. But overnight it seems old building were torn down, debris was moved and wide streets were open to take care of the huge crowds.

New Soviet Constitution

There were many interesting things to see and to think about in the parade of the populace. Great emphasis was laid on the new Soviet Constitution, which is to be ratified by the great All-Union Congress of Soviets meeting in Moscow on November 25th, and almost every one of its more than a hundred clauses was depicted in some banner, display, or slogan. The well-being and comfort of the masses has improved even more than last year, and everywhere one could read and see the fact that, for example, wages have risen 20 per cent, savings in savings banks have grown by 30 per cent, retail trade has risen 25 per cent. etc., etc., as compared with last year.

One of the best indicators of the increased national wealth and well-being is that of the extremely efficient and progressive food

(Continued on page 10 Col. 5)

Our European Letter

The Vienna Conference

Meeting Of Rome Protocol States Records No Surprises

(By Our Own Correspondent)

November 19.

The Conference of the States of the Rome Protocol (Italy, Austria and Hungary) held last week in Vienna has aroused close interest in different European capitals. The German-Italian conversations of recent period that found a culmination in the visit to Berlin of the Italian Foreign Minister Count Ciano, the widely discussed Milan speech of Signor Mussolini, and the announcement of a number of exchange visits of prominent political figures in the three States in the near future, have all greatly served towards adding attention to this Conference.

Relaxing The Strain

In general the Conference avoiding new moves or surprises, has contributed to a relaxation of strain associated with certain reflections that came to be drawn following Count Ciano's Berlin visit and Signor Mussolini's Milan speech. Such reflections have been indicated by the Vienna Conference as much exaggerated. The Conferenc kept greatly to its leading aim, namely, working out of means for closer development of trade relations between the three States. The issues discussed beyond these were the question of recognition of Italy's hold of Abyssinia and that of Hungarian right for equality in status by which was understood equality in the matter of armament policy. About the first, a decision in the direction of formal recognition was adopted, and in regard to the second, the Hungarian claim was favourably received. These can hardly be said as evoking surprises. As against these, references to Hapsburg Restoration and Hungarian Revisionism were avoided. The step of drawing Germany to the Rome Protocol to the exclusion of the Little Entente also found no place. In the Little Entente capitals, the Vienna Conference of the States of the Rome Protocol has caused little alarm. Signor Mussolini is held as recognising the keen attitude of the Little Entente on the issue of Hungarian Revisionism. As to the Hungarian armament policy, it is all in practice has moved well in the direction of equality and the stand of the Little Entente is indicated as involving more the intention to combine its legality with certain forms and guarantees. Relating to economic issues, the Conference resolved to make further concessions in regard to Austrian imports to Italy so as to set off against the Lira devaluation. The Italian attitude in trade matters is seen in Vienna obviously as more accommodating than the German which stipulate closely and rigorously for acceptance of German products for an increasing of Australian purchases. Along with this the Vienna Conference has also left it to the separate units to develop special economic contacts of value to each, a resolution having reference closely to the Australian-Czechoslovakian trade agreement. The Vienna Conference manifested that attention to Austrian sovereignty is well upheld in Rome. This records an advance in estimates of German-Italian relation.

French Foreign Policy

A lengthy statement relating to French foreign policy was made by the Foreign Minister M. Delbos three days back in the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Senate. Referring to the Pact with Russia, about which in recent period there have been new speculations and good deal of discussions, M. Delbos declared that it would as matters are, be upheld. A declaration relating to the Franco-Russian Pact by M. Mandel a day earlier has, in certain circles, attracted even greater attention. M. Mandel during the war was M. Clemenceau's right-hand man and is a figure commanding considerable influence particularly with Right Wing parties. The Franco-Spanish Pact, stated M. Mandel speaking at Lesparre, his constituency, was concluded by a Right wing Government in a spirit of realism and with the support of the General Staff. He deplored and condemned the opposition, since of some Right wing groups on ideological and internal grounds to the pact. The position of M. Mandel comes for special attention in reports relating to his statement.

Polish Foreign Minister

In London

The visit last week of Col. Beck, the Polish Foreign Minister to London has caused much attention and interest associated with an added care to Polish foreign policy greatly bound with German attitude or aims in regard to Eastern Europe. Following the conclusion of the German-Polish Pact about three years back, Polish foreign policy advanced to a new prominence and also came to be a matter of much speculation. In recent period, the tendency for over-stretched interpretations of the Polish-German Pact has come to receive a check. This has its connection also in the attention known to be kept in Warsaw to German military revivalism seen as proceeding in more than earlier considered or anticipated speed and scope. Polish care has also been increased by certain manifestations of developments in regard to Danzig and German activities in relation to North-Eastern Europe. Though it is true that Pilsudski once clearly had ideas of getting control over a frontier region extending to Minsk and over Ukraine, that has also led to extended interpretations of the Polish-German Pact, there is no overlooking of the fact that Warsaw is alert to changed circumstances and dangers of getting involved in a Russian-German conflict, in regard to which Poland greatly holds a key position.

A Zig-Zag Policy

Polish foreign policy in this background displays a certain zig-zag march: one saw it also in Pilsudski in the war period first fighting on the Austro-German side against Russia, then turning more actively against Germany which brought his long imprisonment in Magdeburg, and then for a while being actively alert to both. Col. Beck's visit to London is also combined with the intention of Warsaw to see that Polish position is not overlooked

(Continued on page 10 Col 3)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

"SCANDAL OF FIRST MAGNITUDE"

In an after-dinner speech at Calcutta on Monday the Governor of Bengal said that in dealing with the detenus his Government "were not impelled by motives of vindictiveness." Government's policy in this matter may be paved with the best of motives but that will not in the least mitigate the torments of the detenus, some of whom are driven into desperation or, in the touching words of the Congress President, feel "crushed in internment with no limit to their suffering, no hope of a day when this will end." Nor can Government's motives justify or extenuate the policy of tampering with men's liberty without even a semblance of trial. That policy is aptly described by Pandit Jawaharlal as "a scandal of the first magnitude."

WHAT DO THEY MEAN?

Mr. Butler's statement in the Commons about Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya is hardly straightforward or clear enough. Referring to the refusal of a passport to her to travel to Britain and Europe, he said that the refusal was not made on account of Socialist activities as distinct from Communist or revolutionary activities. Is it suggested that Mrs. Chattopadhyaya is engaged in Communist or revolutionary activities? Is there a limit to the practice of entertaining wild suspicions about people and taking 'ex parte' action on the suspicions?

A MERE GESTURE?

The Bengal Legislative Council has just approved of an official scheme to provide credit facilities to detenus and others who are not likely to get such facilities otherwise in doing business of a manufacturing or production nature. The main feature of the scheme is that Government will enter into an agreement with a company to be established, contributing to it a sum of not exceeding one lakh of rupees towards the running expenses of the firm and guaranteeing to the extent of Rs. 5 lakhs to recoup any losses of capital that may be incurred in respect of advances made to approved applicants for loans. Let us hope that the scheme will be something more than a mere gesture to assuage the growing discontent in the province as a result of depression and repression.

THE RIGHT COMPROMISE

It may be unfortunate, but if Hindus, Muslims or, for that matter, votaries of other religions believe that spiritual salvalation lies in multiplying the already large number of places of worship, they cannot be stopped. It is their right to construct such places if they choose to. But experience has taught both the public and the Corporation the grave dangers of near proximity between, say, a temple and a mosque. To avoid that danger in the future the only compromise possible is that proposed in the Corporation by Messrs. Mathuradas Tricumji, Mahomed Sulaiman Mitha and Mr. Nariman. The selection of sites should be regulated with a view, as Mr. Nariman's rider suggested, to having a certain distance between two places of worship of different communities. But we rather regret that the Corporation should have accepted the proposition by a majority of only one.

IGNORE IT

It is no exaggeration to say that the stray voices of protest have been drowned into the peals of applause which have everywhere greeted the opening of the temples to the Harijans in the Travancore State. That event has been rightly hailed as one of the most historic in the recent history of Hinduism and the young Maharajah has been the recipient of congratulations from far and near. One need not, therefore, take at all seriously the resolution of protest which was recently passed at a meeting of Bombay Sanatanists held at the Madhav Baug. A speaker at the meeting referred with great relish to "the firm attitude" adopted by the Government of India in such matters. That "firm attitude" is really a misnomer for seeking to stem the tide of social progress under the excuse of religious neutrality, as has been proved again and again. The main significance of the Travancore announcement lies exactly in that it is conceived in a true spirit of progress. It thus really gives a lead which ought to be followed by British India.

UNFORTUNATE

According to a report in a contemporary a motion to abolish the death penalty was rejected in the Ceylon State Council by a narrow margin. This is unfortunate, capital punishment is as uncalled-for as it is inhuman. It is unjustifiable as retributive punishment because it is accepted on all hands that in the great majority of cases a murderer is like a suicide, temporarily insane and unconscious of the meaning of his action. As preventive also the punishment, therefore, is worse than useless for the simple reason, that the would-be murder is usually mad. It is a pity that the representative of the Government ignored the mover's argument that in Norway and Sweden where the death penalty has been abolished, crime has actually decreased. And it is a still greater pity that he should have sought to improve his position by suggesting that it has been restored in—Austria and Italy.

LITTLE SNOBS

One more English Club has made itself notorious by barring Indians from its precincts. This time it is the Carlton Club in Oxford, which has thus once more justified the honour of being "the home of lost causes". A University is supposed to be an intellectual centre where persons of all castes, creeds and colours may gather in the pursuit of knowledge. The good undergraduates of the Carlton Club, however, seem to have developed the superiority complex even in their chrysalis stage. We daresay it will be of great use to those of them who may later on succeed in being nominated to the Indian Civil Service. The White Man's Burden will obviously remain safe on their colour-obsessed heads! We, however, refuse to take such silly exhibitions of racial prejudice seriously. India has advanced a good deal since the time when such bans were looked upon as national affronts. They are no doubt yet galling, but the perspective has changed. India has learnt to keep her head high and to ignore such contumely with the contempt it deserves. The very superior little snobs of the Carlton Club may be safely left to the ministrations of those of their colleagues who know better.

作年今年

WITHOUT COMMENT

On conclusion of the Chamber sitting the Duce ordered the Deputies to form nine abreast, and follow him to the Palazzo Venezia. He set the traditionally brisk Bersaglieri march.....

There were enthusiastic outbursts when Signor Ciano unveiled the tablet commemorating the foundation of the Empire and announced that the Crown Princess was expecting a baby next year.—Reuter.

* * * *

Bori Bundar demands "further particulars especially of the political implications" of the recent Waziristan fighting.

The answer, brother, is in the affirmative.

* * * *

The Bengal authorities, claims Under Secretary Butler, "took into consideration all circumstances" in restricting the movements or detenu Miss Renuka Sen.

Which, therefore, includes the circumstances of her being deprived of all means of earning a livelihood and of starving.

* * * *

As to the case against Subash Bose, Mr. Butler said that it did not rest merely on Mr. Krishnadas' letter "but on Government's knowledge of his activities over a long period of years."

Was it due to a not unexpectedly inadvertent omission on the part of Sir N. N. Sircar that no details were given of the latter in the Law Member's long speeches?

* * * *

"Made", i.e., Manufactured?

Apropos of Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, "the refusal of passports", Mr. Butler said, "was not made on account of Socialist activities as distinct from communist or revolutionary activities."

The vagueness of the answer is charming enough. Quite provocatively charming.

But we wish M.P.'s had asked for some elucidation. They missed, we dare say, an amusing treat more Gidneyesque than that provided by the N.W.F.P. Gidney.

* * * *

"Religion", said Sjt. Bhulabhai Desai, "is a thing that leads man to God. It is not for bargain, for offices, authority of power".

In fairness to, say the Hindu Mahasabha and the Muslim Conference, it must be pointed out that Sjt. Bhulabhai was confusing religion with their "Religion-in-danger" faith which critics like Congressmen characterise as communalism.

* * * *

Paying a tribute to the Central Bank of India, the Governor of Sind wished it continued prosperity.

Without prejudice, we hope, to the underlying Spirit of the Reservations and Safeguards.

* * * *

Notice has been given of an adjournment motion in the Madras Council to discuss official interference in the Congress election campaign.

It must be disallowed since the subject involves a personal criticism of the Raja of Bobbili and his honourable colleagues.

* * * *

India Looms Large In Commons.
—Headline.

Rather difficult. Nothing can loom large in that perpetually dark and gloomy Chamber—unless it be the two Front Benches.

* * * *

Geneva circles opine that the League of Nations can do nothing more about the Spanish question than the Non-Intervention Committee.

We quite agree. The difference between the League Council and the Non-Intervention Committee is one of Eden and Plymouth which really is a nominal distinction without any difference at all.

* * * *

Not only is President Roosevelt visiting the Argentine but he has also been the recipient of a grand reception.

Now, this is a distinct abuse of non-intervention in British affairs. Mr. Walter Runciman, President of the Board of Trade, ought to do something at a counter-blast.

No Fair Field For Congress

How Govt. Puts Obstacles In Election Campaign

The following is called from the "News Letter" issued by the Foreign Department of the All-India Congress Committee:—

Despite assurances that have been made both here and in England, official interference in fair and judicial progress of the election campaign continues in one shape or the other. As pointed out by the "Bombay Sentinel", the Under-Secretary of States for India only evaded the issue when he emphasized that the government expected the officials to conduct themselves according to the public servants' conduct rule against participation in political movements. It is stated that officials do not personally take part in political movements but indirectly use their influence in the districts against the Congress.

POLICE ATTENTION

This interference sometimes takes the shape of police attention to the Congress nominees. A circular, in the style of the Court of Wards circular, from the office of the Special Branch of the Inspector General of Police to the Central Provinces Government has been brought to light. Police station houses are asked to submit details regarding the status and character, party label and prospects of success of candidates to the Provincial Assembly.

THIS DISQUALIFICATION

In practically every province, a number of intending candidates on Congress ticket has been disqualified from contesting the elections for reasons of conviction and imprisonment during the civil disobedience movement. Thus, for example, Ajoya Kumar Mukerjee, a civil disobedience prisoner, has been disqualified from contesting a Midnapore seat.

SECTION 144 IN ACTION

Another form of interference is the imposition of bans on meetings and individuals. Thus, for example, an order under Section 144 was issued against Mr. Thevar, Secretary of a local Congress Committee in the Madras Presidency prohibiting him from holding meetings and conferences in his area.

IN THE FRONTIER

Despite the assurance of the Frontier Government that the "Khudai Khidmatgars" are welcome to participate in the elections and that "its leaders will enjoy the same share of political life in the province as is the right under the constitution of all parties", the ban on Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan's entry into the Frontier continues. Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan is the leader of the Khudai Khidmatgar Party.

INDIAN ECONOMY.

From an article contributed by the President of the Federated Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, certain salient statistics on India's economy are extracted:

(1). The dividend which the United Kingdom draws from India works out at an average of Rs. 680 million per year, over the period of the last ten years.

(2.) India has found herself unable to secure sufficiently favourable balances in trade with other countries to pay her annual drain to the United Kingdom. She has, consequently, had to part with Rs. 3,000 million worth of gold to England, during the last four years.

(3) The chief commodities that enter into the export trade of India are, all figures for 1935-36, (1) Raw Cotton equal Rs. 330 million; (2) Jute manufactures equal Rs. 230 million; (3) Tea equal Rs. 190 million; (4) Raw Jute equal Rs. 130 million; (5) Oil Seeds equal Rs. 100 million; (6) Hides and skins equal Rs. 90 million.

Certain inevitable conclusions follow. India has gone down considerably in her export trade with other countries of the world, in consequence of the Government's trade policy of Imperial preference and currency policy of over-valuation of the rupee. She is a raw materials colony and the way of progressive industrial development is closed to her. Incidentally, the annual dividend of Rs. 680 million that the United Kingdom draws from India does not include that share of Englishmen's profits and salaries which is either sunk in India as further capital investments or spent here.

INDIAN BUDGET.

The budget estimate for 1936-37 of the (Central) Government of India, provides for a total expenditure of Rs. 1,227 million. Out of these, Rs. 503 million are to be spent on Defence Services and Rs. 440 million on Debt Services and Interest charges on Railways. Thus, nearly 80 per cent. of the annual expenditure of the Government of India is charged to Defence and Debt Services. This expenditure is neither now nor under the new Government of India Act under the control of the legislatures. Unemployed relief and aid towards education and progress of industry and agriculture, which form such a large share of the Central budget in other countries, are practically non-existent.

ADDRESSES GALORE FOR PRESIDENT

Whirlwind Tour In Lucknow District Completes U. P. Programme

LUCKNOW, Dec. 1.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru made a whirlwind tour in the Lucknow district to-day. He addressed five mass Kisan meetings in the district and two largely attended public meetings in Lucknow City.

Panditji was accorded a rousing reception wherever he went. Mr. Gopinath Srivastava, President of the District Congress Committee, who is also a Congress candidate for election to the U. P. Assembly from the Lucknow district, accompanied him.

Panditji was presented with a number of addresses by village people. He exhorted them to vote for Congress candidates.

Panditji's present tour in the United Provinces concluded to-day. He is leaving for Allahabad to-night.—United Press.

WHEN PRESIDENT'S CAR FAILS

Journalists Play The Good Samaritan

(From Our Correspondent)

LUCKNOW, Dec. 1.

After concluding the tour of Lucknow Division, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru left for Allahabad to-night. He again covered to-day about 150 miles visiting the interior of the district and addressing five meetings, which were all largely attended. He was presented with four purses.

The car in which Panditji was seated failed near Bakshi Katalab. The journalists accompanying the party offered their car, themselves walking to the nearest station.

On return Panditji addressed two meetings in the city. In the course of the speeches he stressed the sacrifices Congress had made and appealed for vote for Messrs. O. B. Gupta (Lucknow City), Gopinath Srivastava (Lucknow Rural) who are Congress nominees and launched an attack on the National Agriculturist Party.

ELECT BOSE CONGRESS PRESIDENT

Only Way To Secure His Release, Says Prakasam

MADRAS, Nov. 30.

Sjt. T. Prakasam, President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, wires from Calicut as follows:—

"The election of Congress President is coming off in a few days. Under the new Constitution each delegate is called upon to exercise his vote. I have no objection to Pandit Jawaharlal being the President until Freedom is established, if circumstances so demand. But at this juncture he should withdraw in favour of Mr. Subash Chandra Bose who has been detained without trial. The best way of forcing the Government to release him is by electing him President.

"If he is not released even after election, his address will be read by Pandit Jawaharlal who will preside in his place. In 1921 Mr. C. R. Das was elected President while he was in jail and Hakim Ajmal Khan read his address presiding in his place.

"Let no mistake be made by leaders or the rank and file in this respect. I appeal to every voter to do his duty by electing Mr. Subash Chandra Bose."—United Press.

C. P. Minister On Congress Ticket?

JUBBULPORE, Dec. 1.

In connection with the Provincial Assembly elections Mr. B. G. Khaparde, Education Minister, Central Provinces, interviewed stated that he could not yet decide as to whether he would stand on the Congress ticket or independently.—United Press.

AUSTRIA WILL STAND OUT

Refuses To Join Japanese-German Pact Against Russia

VIENNA, Nov. 30.

The refusal of Austria to join the Japanese-German pact was expressed by Schuschnigg in the course of conversations with the Hungarian Premier and the Foreign Minister Laranyi Kanya.—Reuter.

Mollison At Broken Hill

BROKEN HILL, Dec. 1.

Mollison landed at 5 p.m. locat time.—Reuter.

DUKE OF YORK AT EDINBURGH.

RUGBY, Nov. 30.

The Duke and Duchess of York arrived by rail at Edinburgh early this morning and will carry out a series of engagements to-day.

In the afternoon the Duke is to be installed Grand Master Mason of Scotland. In the evening a grand lodge dinner will be held at the banqueting hall, Edinburgh Castle.—B. O. W.

KHOTS SUPPORT CONGRESS

MANGAON, Dec. 1.

Messrs. Jedhe and Gadgil toured extensively through the Agri villages in Kolaba district for the last four days. They addressed a number of meetings and peasants gathered in hundreds.

At Pen and Alibag Mr. Gadgil dealt at length with the "reactionary tendencies of the Democratic Swaraj Party." Many Khots have promised solid support to Congress. A manifesto to that effect is being issued.—United Press.

HYDERABAD BANS JAWAHAR'S FILM

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, (Dn.), December 1.

A film entitled "Message of Jawaharlal" produced by Mr. Masani, Bombay has been banned in Hyderabad State, including the Administered Areas.

ANTI-IMPERIALIST RALLY

Socialist Invitation To T.U. And Kisan Organisations

The Secretary of B. C. S. P. writes:—

The A. I. Congress Socialist Party proposes to organise an Anti-Imperialist rally at Faizpur during the Congress Session, on similar lines as the one organised by it in April at Lucknow which proved a great success.

The General Secretary of the Party has written to the officials of the All-India Trade Union Congress and the All-India Kisan Committee to depute two representatives each to meet the representatives of the Party on December 10 at Bombay to discuss arrangements for holding the rally.

U. S. CURRENCY POLICY

Stabilisation Fund Will Borrow On Treasury Notes?

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.

Recent official utterances concerning the desirability of further credit-control are generally thought to foreshadow another increase in American reserve requirements.

There is reason to believe, however, that administration circles consider such a step neither entirely desirable nor fully effective in the long run, while the alternative measures of open market operations is similarly regarded as impracticable from the standpoint of easy money policy.

Well-informed quarters opine that the most effective method of sterilising gold imports would be to permit the stabilisation fund to borrow on Treasury Notes which could be exchanged for gold and thus prevent the latter going into the bank reserves.—Reuter.

MISHAP AT LAUNCHING OF ORIENT LINER

Chairman On Drag Of Suez Dues On Eastern Shipping

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Dec. 1.

The launching of the 23,500 ton Orient liner "Orcades" at Barrow-in-Furness was attended by a mishap owing to high wind. Extra tugs from Liverpool had a most hazardous task and for half an hour "Orcades" hung motionless against the wind and tide. Later she swung slowly towards the right direction but the stern had too much weight and crashed into the railway jetty 200 yards from the slipway and demolished 200 feet of it. The ship was undamaged and nobody was hurt.

DRAG ON SHIPPING

"Orcades" is sistership to "Orion" and will carry 463 first class and 605 tourist passengers. At the launching ceremony Mr. Geddes, Chairman of Managers, referred to the great drag on the design of all eastern shipping imposed by the heavy Suez Canal dues, which, being based on gold, had arisen out of all proportion to other items. The dues of the "Orcades" would amount to approximately £14,000 on each round of voyage.—Reuter.

INDIANS PROVED SPORTING SIDE

M. C. C. Secretary's Tribute To Visitors' Captain

LONDON, Dec. 1.

Addressing the County Secretaries' meeting at which the annual fixtures are arranged the M. C. C. Secretary, Mr. Rait Kerr, said that Indians had proved a sporting side under adverse conditions under the captaincy of the Maharajkumar of Vizianagram who played more games than any visiting Captain though never enjoying the best of health.—Reuter's Special.

ASIATIC 4-POWER PACT

Will Be Signed At Teheran On January 1st

GENEVA. Nov. 30.

The Istanbul four-power pact will be signed at Teheran probably on the first of January by the foreign Ministers of Turkey, Iraq, Afghanistan and Iran according to a statement to the press here by the Afghan Foreign Minister.

His entourage said the very troublesome international situation rendered the enforcement of the pact most imperative.—Reuter.

BAN ON WAR MATERIAL TO SPAIN

New British Law To Come In Force Within Week

RUGBY, Nov. 30.

The situation in Spain was again discussed in the Commons on Tuesday on the second reading of the Bill to make illegal the carriage of war materials to Spain by British ships from any port.

Government desire the early passing of the Bill so that non-intervention, so far as Britain is concerned, may be made fully effective. It is anticipated that the new law will come into force in a week.—B.O.W.

BRITAIN'S FOOD DEFENCE PLANS.

RUGBY, Nov. 30.

The President of the Board of Trade has decided to set up within the Board a trade department to be known as the Food Defence Plans Department.

The New department will work in co-operation with the Minister for Co-ordination of Defence in order to continue and to complete the formulation of plans for the supply, control and distribution of food and feeding stuffs for defence purposes.

The setting up of the Department follows investigations which have been proceeding for several months past.—B. O. W.

DUCE'S LATEST STUNT

ROME, Nov. 30.

Police and public gasped with wonderment when they saw the whole Cabinet and 400 Deputies, headed by Mussolini, marching through the streets at a running walk.

On conclusion of the Chamber sitting the Duce ordered the Deputies to form nine abreast and follow him to the Palazzo Venezia. He set the traditionally brisk Bersaglieri march.

The Police hurriedly tried to divert traffic to the side-streets to make way for the panting politicians, while cameramen raced ahead to photograph the unprecendented scene.

Ministers and Deputies arrived at the Palazzo singing the "Grovanezza."

At the meeting of the Chamber all Deputies wore military naval and Fascist uniforms.

There were enthusiastic outbursts when Count Ciano unveiled the tablet commemorating the foundation of the Empire and announced that the Crown Princess was expecting a baby next year.—Reuter.

admitted for treatment. His condition is precarious.

A temple situated near Mastan Tank was set on fire this morning at 10-30 by some hooligans. The roof and wodden structure of the building was completely burnt before Fire Engines from Byculla and Babula Tank arrived and extinguished the fire. The damage is estimated at Rs. 300.

Excepting for the above cases of assault and incendiarism quiet prevailed in the affected localities. Tension is still there and the police are taking the necessary precautionary measures.

40 ARRESTS.

The Pydhonie Police continued searching both last night and to-day all suspicious looking persons. They have arrested in all about 20 persons for carrying knives. These arrests were effected round about Mahomed Ali Road.

The Princess Street Police also arrested more than 20 persons near Bapu Khote and Thakurdwar for the same offence.

TWO ASSAULTS ON TUESDAY NIGHT

Two cases of assaults were reported to the Police on Tuesday night. One of these occurred at Round Temple and the other at Golpitha.

Both these cases were investigated by the police and the injured persons were removed to the J. J. Hospital.

The Pyhownie police effected two arrests on Tuesday night in connection with cases connected with the riots.

Crystal Palace Gutted

Fires Consume Central Part Of Building In 20 Minutes

World's Most Famous Building Reduced To Twisted Mass Of Metal And Melted Glass

LONDON: November 30.

A serious fire occurred at the Crystal Palace this evening.

The flames were seen and the crashing of woodwork and glass was heard miles away. Thousands watched the blaze.

The roof of the central transept collapsed at 8-30 p.m. The crash was audible a mile away.

LATER.

The Crystal Palace fire spread with astonishing rapidity due to the wooden floors and window frames. Within 20 minutes the central part of the building, including the roof of the famous west transept, crashed and the crash was audible a mile away and within an hour the north tower collapsed and the whole structure was doomed.

The Crystal Palace Orchestra was rehearsing at 7-30 p.m. when a girl employee of the Palace told the musicians that a small fire had broken out, but it was not dangerous. Five minutes later the flames burst out and the Orchestra very narrowly escaped.

A large section of the population of London flocked to the scene blocking the roads and impeding the fire-engines which responded in unprecedented numbers.

TWISTED MASS OF RUINS

LONDON: December 1.

Twenty fire-engines and a hundred firemen were still working at 8-00 a.m. damping down the burnt out ruins of the Crystal Palace.

Only a twisted mass of metal and melted glass remains of the 1,400 feet long building.

The theatre, concert hall and other buildings inside the main structure, including the grand organ valued at £9,000, are unrecognisable.—Reuter.

One Of Most Famous Buildings In World

The Crystal Palace was one of the most famous buildings in England and, indeed, in the world.

Composed almost entirely of glass with iron and wooden framework and wooden floors it was constructed for the Great Exhibition in Hyde Park of 1851, the first of the great international exhibitions, which have since become periodical in all countries. The exhibition was the project of the Prince Consort, husband of Queen Victoria.

After the exhibition the glass palace was dismantled and rebuilt at Sydenham, a suburb in the southern outskirts of London, where, standing on an eminence it has been a notable landmark for the past eighty years.

The building was flanked by two towers and was visible from far over the metropolis. It measured 1,608 ft. in length by 384 ft. across the transepts, and was opened in the present site in 1834. The materials were those of the hall set up in Hyde Park for the Great Exhibition of 1851. The designer was Sir Joseph Paxton.

In the palace there are various permanent exhibitions, while special exhibitions are held from time to time, also concerts, winter pantomimes and other entertainments.

In the extensive grounds there is accommodation for all kinds of games: the final tie of the Association Football Cup and other important football matches used to be played here.

The Palace has for years been one of the most popular pleasure resorts of the Metropolis, having the advantage of being open winter and summer at the concerts held in the vast central hall all the most famous musicians in the world have appeared from time to time.

During the summer months the weekly display of fireworks, supposed to be the finest in the world, attracted thousands of visitors, including tourists from all parts of the world.

Swaraj Holds More Hope Than Fear For Harijans

Indian Women Have Secured Vantage Under New Constitution, Says "M. G."

LONDON, Dec. 1.

"It seems clear that women have secured once and for all a vantage point in India" declares the "Manchester Guardian" in a leading article under the caption "The advent of Political Democracy."

All parties are ready now to bid high for their support, and their leaders can make what terms they choose. And if less attention is now paid to their cause, that is more than compensated for by the extraordinary interest excited by the "Untouchables," whose champions are no longer cold-shouldered as cranks or public nuisances.

HOPE FOR HARIJANS.

"Now that legislation on social matters is debated under conditions approximating to those of Democracy, we begin to realise that the Depressed Classes have more to hope than to fear from the unsettlement which Swaraj is likely to bring. The innovating spirit of democracy, acting through the parties competing for votes, and the strong arms to back voting power, is apt to make short work of ancient privileges supported neither by reason, strength nor courage. The champions of caste privilege are already in retreat, which looks like becoming a rout. It is significant that the man behind the Travancore temple concession is no fanatical reformer but that he is a shrewd and experienced Brahmin politician. Sir Ramaswamy Iyer, a man skilled in calculating now the Indian cat is going to jump."—Reuter.

Sabha-Mandap Dedication To-morrow

GOVT. ASSURANCE AND APPEAL

No Annoyance To Public And Worshippers In Mosque

The Director of Information writes:—

The Sabha Mandap adjoining the Maruti Temple at Byculla has been completed and the Pujari has arranged that the dedication ceremonies should take place on Thursday the 3rd instant.

Details of the ceremonies proposed have been submitted to the Commissioner of Police who is taking every possible step to ensure that nothing shall take place which may cause inconvenience or annoyance to local residents or worshippers in the adjoining mosque.

Government have ample powers in this respect and will not hesitate to use them should occasion demand. Adequate precautions to deal with any situation which may arise will be taken.

The Governor-in-Council most earnestly trusts that citizens of all communities will combine in assisting in the maintenance of the public peace and that they will refrain from assembling in the neighbourhood of the Temple and the Mosque, thus permitting the customary worshippers to perform their religious duties without disturbance from curious sight-seers.

STABBED ON WAY TO HOSPITAL

Hooligans Set Fire To Temple At Mastan Tank

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Manji Rama, was proceeding towards the J. J. Hospital this morning at 8-30 to get medicine for the sick at home when he was set upon by some hooligans and stabbed in the abdomen.

He was immediately removed to the J. J. Hospital, where he was

DEPUTY CHIEF OF RESERVE BANK

Baroda Official To Succeed Sir Sikandar

CALCUTTA, Dec. 1.

It is understood that Mr. M. B. Nanavaty, Director of Industries in Baroda, has been recommended for Deputy Governorship of the Reserve Bank of India in the place of Sir Sikander Hyat Khan.

This was the only subject of discussion before the meeting of the Central Board to-day at which Sir James Taylor presided. All members except Sir Homi Mehta attended.

NO IMMEDIATE APPOINTMENT

It is also understood that discussion of the question of the appointment of a successor to Sir Osborne Smith was postponed to July till when he will be considered on leave. No permanent successor will therefore be immediately appointed.—A.P.

GERMAN REJOINDER TO SOVIET

Impossible To Believe In Russian Peace Sentiments

BERLIN, Nov. 30.

An authoritative rejoinder to the recent speeches of the All Union of Soviet Congresses is made in an article in "Diplomatic Correspondence" to which, Reuter understands, official circles attach special importance.

It says the statements in Russia about peace are accompanied by undisguised war threats. It is difficult to believe the continuous emphasis on such aggressive sentiments can be merely overlooked or minimised by peace loving Governments

Indian News From Here And There

Our Broach Letter

CONGRESS, NATION'S SOLE ARBITER

Socialist Candidate For Council

(From Our Correspondent).
BROACH, Nov. 30.

Yesterday Sjt. Kanaiyalal Munshi and Sjt. Shantilal Shah paid a flying visit to Broach. The District Congress Committee took best advantage of this opportunity, by arranging a public meeting at the Town Hall, in the evening. Sjt. Shantilal Shah is the Congress Candidate for the Upper Chamber of the Bombay Council. He belongs to the Socialist group. In the evening, they addressed a largely attended public meeting. Sjt. Kanaiyalal Munshi dwelt at length on the services rendered by the Congress, and exhorted the audience to vote for Congress candidates. He declared that Mahatmaji had brought about a wonderful change in the outlook of Indians, and the Indian National Congress was the sole arbitrator for the Indian Nation. Sjt. Shantilal Shah reminded the audience that as now the strike was over, they should not brood over the past, but should vote for Sjt. Dinkerao, the President of the Municipality.

MUSLIM CANDIDATE.

Mr. Moosaji E. Patel, the only candidate chosen by the Muslim Parliamentary Board from the Broach District, for the Bombay Legislative Assembly, arrived here on last Sunday. Mr. Moosaji is the resident of Jitali, a village situated in Ankleshwar Taluka. Mr. Moosaji commands considerable influence in Ankleshwar and Jambusar Taluka. Mr. Moosaji discussed the pros and cons of the election campaign with prominent Muslims, and left for Ankleshwar, in the noon. It is learnt that the branch of the Muslim Parliamentary Board will be opened at Broach in the 1st week of December.

U. P. MUSLIM WAQFS' BILL

Four Days Allotted For Discussion In Council

(From Our Correspondent).
LUCKNOW, Nov. 30.

The Special session of the U. P. Legislative Council to discuss U. P. Hidayat Muslim Waqfs Bill for the discussion of which the Governor sanctioned four days commences to-morrow morning. The Bill aims at better governance administration and supervision of certain classes of Muslim Waqfs in U. P. There are 368 clauses to the proposed Bill and a large number of amendments have been received till to-day to the various clauses in view of which it was expected that all the four days will be fully occupied. But it transpires that the Government propose moving an amendment deleting a majority of the sections and if that proposal is carried through the session should not prolong further than to-morrow.

KENYA INDIAN CONGRESS

Aga Khan Invited To Preside

(From Our Correspondent).
KARACHI, Nov. 30.

It is understood that the Indian Association Kenya is inviting H. H. the Aga Khan to preside over the annual session of the Indian Congress to be held shortly at Nairobi. In case the Aga Khan is unable to accept the presidentship some other prominent Indians would be invited, where anent the names of Mr. Nariman and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu are suggested.

The Congress will discuss matters relating to the rights of Indians in Kenya.

Ahmedabad Jains Protest Against Baroda Law

(From Our Correspondent).
AHMEDABAD, (By Mail).

December 2 will be observed by Jain community throughout India as a protest against the Legislation enacted by the Baroda Government encroaching upon religious freedom of Jains.

Ahmedabad Jains have declared its observance on the above date with following programme.

(1) prayer, (2) Ambil 'tapah-charya' and meeting night 8-0 p.m. for protesting against the said law and requesting H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda to repeal it immediately.

ELECTIONS TOO EXPENSIVE

Only "Long Purses" Can Enter Councils If Evil Is Not Minimised

(From Our Own Correspondent)
NAGPUR, (By Mail.)

Mr. N. K. Kelker a Congress nominee for the Council of State in an interview, stated that elections had become prohibitively expensive and that if nothing was done to minimize the evil, the legislative bodies were likely to be captured only by those who had long purses but less courage to fight.

A tendency was noticeable in certain quarters, states Mr. Kelker, that the candidates should pay all the travelling expences of voters to and fro the polling station. That tendency was in principle unsound. It was the duty of the voters to select their own representatives and the voters should do so at their own costs. The voters of the Council of State were all educated and well-to-do people and also the candidates—it was expected—would all give a lead to other voters. A few rupees spent by a voter would cause no hardship to him but a total of these 'few' rupees might amount to thousands and cause great hardship to the candidates.

In Mr. Kelker's opinion, the candidates should also combine and resist their temptation of bringing voters to the polls at their own costs. The object of the candidates should not be to obtain success at any cost but they should lay before the public a different and a less costly procedure. After all the payment of expenses had no effect whatever in influencing votes. It was also common knowledge that the voters came in the car of a particular candidate and voted for his opponents.

AIR MAIL ARRIVES AT KARACHI

(From Our Correspondent).
KARACHI, Nov. 30.

The Eastbound Imperial Airways plane arrived at Drighroad at 4/10 p.m. and left for Calcutta at 5 p.m.

Karnatak Central Co-op. Bank Sensation?

(From Our Correspondent).
HUBLI, Nov. 30.

It is rumoured that Rao Bahadur B. L. Patil has suddenly resigned the managing directorship of the Karnatak Central Co-operative Bank.

The cause is not known.

CONCILIATION BOARD TO MEET AGAIN

Summons To Sign Memo. Causes Surprises Among Beawar Labourers

(From Our Correspondent)
BEAWAR, Nov. 29.

After the last walk-out by the Labour representatives from the Board of Conciliation (already reported in these columns) Mr. Jamaluddin Makhmoor, the Labour representative, has received information that the Board will meet here on Wednesday (December 2nd.)

The greatest surprise which the said intimation contains for the labourers is that the parties are summoned to sign a memorandum.

The proceedings of the last hearing being 'ex-parte' Mr. Makhmoor has sent in an application to the Board, under Sec. 21 of the Indian Trade Dispute Rules of 1929, praying for re-summoning of the witnesses, who were examined 'ex parte' last time, for cross-examination, which according to the said law, Mr. Makhmoor says, is an absolute right of the parties.

The surprise caused by the unexpected turn in the Board's proceedings is the burning topic of the day. The result of Mr. Makhmoor's application is eagerly waited for.

BUSY TIME FOR HARBOUR POLICE

Sequel To Rowdyism Among Prisoners On Transfer

(From Our Correspondent)
KARACHI, November 30.

The Harbour police had a busy time this morning when a party of Sindhi prisoners consisting of over 40, who are being transferred to Sind from Nasik arrived by s.s. 'Vita'. The prisoners on arrival at the harbour became rowdy and before they could be put in the waiting prison-vans started fighting each other due, it appears, to strained relations, but the police strengthened themselves and saved the situation and rushed them into the prison-vans. They are being sent to Nara.

A. I. Vaidya Conference President

(From Our Correspondent)
BENARES, Nov. 30.

At to-day's meeting of the All-India Ayurvedic Mahamandal Pranacharya Pt. Narayanshanker Deva shanker Vaidyashastri of Ahmedabad was elected as President to the 26th session of the All-India Vaidya Conference to be held at Benares in the middle of December.

SUCCESSFUL SUICIDE PACT?

LUCKNOW, Dec. 1.

One young Muslim and his sister both belonging to an old Nawab family, entered a suicide pact at Lucknow and gave their lives by jumping into the river Gumti. Their clothes were found on a bridge over the river but their bodies could not be traced even after dragging the river for several hours.

A letter tied with a piece of string to a walking stick placed in a prominent position of Hardinge Bridge gave clue to the police. It is stated that the young woman was once forced to lead an immoral life and her brother tried to revenge himself on the person responsible for his sister's dishonour but finding it impossible he entered a suicide pact with his sister to end their lives of misery and shame.—United Press.

Merchant Bound Down

JUBBULPORE, Dec. 1.

After the examination of 92 witnesses, of whom 55 were cited by the defence, Seth Ratan Chand Surana, a merchant of Bemetara, in the Drug District, who had been prosecuted by the police under Section 110. Cr. P. C., for being "too dangerous to the society, if allowed to remain free," has been convicted and sentenced by Mr. P. N. Bhatt, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Bemetara, to furnish a security of Rs. 2,000 and execute a bond of Rs. 1,000 to remain of good behaviour for two years, or in default to undergo imprisonment of two years. The Seth has preferred to furnish securities and execute bond.—Unitted Press.

REWA'S REMISSION TO PEASANTS

Zamindars Must Implement Maharaja's Order

REWA, Dec. 1.

A liberal remission ranging from 12½ to 25 per cent. has been granted by the Maharaja of Rewa to the distressed agriculturists in the current year's land revenue.

The Maharaja has further enjoined Zamindars to grant a similar remission in land revenue to the agriculturists of their respective estates, failing which the Maharaja has threatened to take serious measures against them.—United Press.

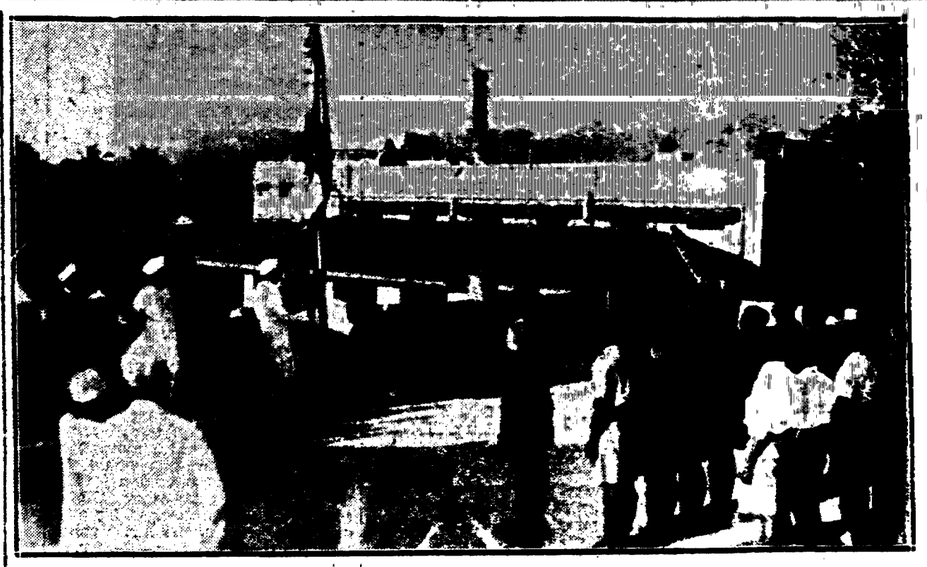
Jiwanlal Gauba Jailed For Contempt

LAHORE, Dec. 1.

Mr. Jiwanlal Gauba, son of Lala Harkishanlal, who was brought to the High Court to-day in connection with the enquiry going on under Section 195 of the Companies Act, into the affair of the People's Bank in liquidation, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment for contempt of Court.

Mr. Gauba, when asked to step into the witness box and take oath, refused to do so on the ground that his evidence might be utilised against him in another case.

He was subsequently summarily tried for contempt of court and sentenced as stated above.—United Press.



Mr. Naginda; Master performs the monthly flag ceremony at Congress House.

An Address was given to Mr. V. M. Merchant the Cricketer by the Bhatia Community in Bombay on Sunday evening at Bhatia Mahajan Wadi under the Presidentship of Mr. L. R. Tairsee. Photo shows Mr. L. R. Tairsee addressing the gathering.

NIZAM'S AGENT IN BERAR

Speculation Regarding Appointment

(From Our Correspondent.)
HYDERABAD, (Dn.),
December 1.

It is learnt the authorities are considering as to who should be selected from Messrs Qamar Tayebji and Hasan Nawaz Jung for filling up the post of Nizam's Agent in Berar.

KHANDESH VAIDYAS CONFER

(From A Correspondent.)
FAIZPUR, November 30.

The second Khandesh Vaidya Sammelan began on Saturday last, Dr. Bhat presiding. Prominent Vaidyas like Messrs Gune, Latar, Hiralekar Shastri, Apte, Kavade Shastri, Nana Sahaib Furanik, Konkar from both the districts were present. Many doctors also attended. Mr. Late, pleader from Yaval, read his welcome address extolling the services of Ayurved, and Dr. Bhat delivered his presidential address. On Sunday many resolutions were passed.

Mr. Gune gave an interesting lecture on tuberculosis. Many eminent Vaidyas participated.

The proceedings closed on Monday.

TROPICAL HYGIENE EXPERT FOR INDIA

LONDON, Dec. 1.

Maj. H. Lockwood Stevens, organising secretary of the Ross Institute of Tropical Hygiene is leaving London on December 3 in connection with the extension of the work, the Institute is undertaking for the benefit of Industry in India.

He is expected to visit Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Cawnpore, and Karachi and is due back in London on February 29.—Reuter.

RELIEF FOR CYCLONE VICTIMS

MADRAS, Dec. 1.

In the Madras Council to-day, Mr. P. V. K. Choudhari (Council Secretary) moved an adjournment motion to discuss the steps taken by the local Government to deal with the situation arising from the recent cyclone in the Guntur District. Government raising no objection, the motion was admitted for discussion in the afternoon.

JOBLESS PROBLEM

Replying to a question regarding the steps Government had taken to give effect to the recommendations of the Unemployment Committee, the Home Member stated that at the instance of the Government of India, this Government is considering the question of revising the educational system in the province with a view to reducing the number of persons taking up university courses and diverting the majority of students to courses of study which will qualify them for a profession or trade. The question of revising the curriculum of elementary schools is also engaging the attention of Government.

Adjournment Motion Withdrawn

MADRAS, Dec. 1.

The adjournment motion in the Madras Legislative Council regarding the cyclone havoc in Guntur District was withdrawn after the Revenue Member had enumerated the steps taken by the Government and assured the House that everything would be done to alleviate distress among the people.—A.P.

Karachi Motor Drivers Support Delhi Conference

KARACHI, (By Mail).

An emergent meeting of the General body of the Taxi Drivers' Union held yesterday resolved that no delegates should be sent to Delhi to attend the All-India Motor Union Conference, which is to be held on 5th and 6th December but decided to lend moral support and submit grievances of the Union to the Conference.

RANGOON MAYOR RECEIVES SASTRI

Indian Workers Present Address

RANGOON, December 1.

The Right Hon. Srinivasa Sastri, accompanied by Mr. Bosman, I.C.S., arrived here this afternoon on his way to Penang where he has been commissioned to study the conditions of Indian labour in Malay.

Mr. Sastri was received on landing by the Mayor of Rangoon as also by high Government officials and Indian Labour leaders. Mr. Sastri was presented with an address on behalf of Indian workers in Burma.

He leaves Rangoon on Thursday afternoon reaching Penang on December 3.—United Press.

VIJAYANAGAR SEXCENTENARY

Deputation Waits On Mysore Dewan

(From A Correspondent).
BANGALORE, Dec. 1.

A deputation of the Vijayanagar Sexcentenary Association headed by Rajacharita Visarada C. Hayavadanrao including Messrs. V. P. Habhavi, Chairman, G. S. Kulkarni, D. P. Karmarkar, R. P. Belgaumkar, Belur Kesavadas and B. Sivamurthy Sastry interviewed Sir Mirza M. Ismail, Dewan of Mysore on Monday last.

Mr. Hayavadan Rao introduced the members to the Dewan. Then on behalf of the Deputation, Mr. Karmarkar explained the purpose and programme of Sexcentenary Celebration. The Deputation requested the sympathy of the Government of the Maharaja of Mysore. A copy of the Kannada history of Vijavanagar was presented to the Dewan. The Dewan listened with interest and expressed sympathy with the celebration. B. T. Khava Iyengar, Chief Secretary, Government of Mysore was present during the discussions.

Messrs. Karmarkar and Belgaumkar are addressing meeting of University Union to-day. A representative meeting has been arranged at Town Tall to-morrow evening under the chairmanship of Rao Bahadur Narasimhachar.

SCARCITY IN DOHAD AND JHALOD

Govt. Sanction Two And A Half Lakhs For Relief

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The Government of Bombay have declared with effect from November 1, the existence of scarcity in the eastern half of the Panch Mahals, viz. Dohad Taluka and Jhalod Mahal and parts of Godhra Taluka lying east of the Sheora-Godhra-Popatpura Road excluding the villages of Bamroli-Khurd, Sampa, Mithali, Khandia, Kajuri-Sampa, Pandva, Rinchhia, Gadukpur, Dharola, Pasnal and Chopda, but including Tuva, Padhiar, Nadisar, Kabirpur, Khajuri, Vadi, Vallavpur, Ujda and Bhurkhal.

Rs. 2,57,500 has been sanctioned for relief measures, i.e. scarcity works and gratuitous relief and doles.

KHADI FOR UNIFORMS

Madras Municipal Council's Resolution

MADRAS, Dec. 1.

At a meeting of the Council of the Madras Corporation this evening the question of clothing for 23 Sanitary Inspectors and 17 Process servers working in the Conservancy Branch of the Health Department came for disposal. A Congress councillor moved that the Sanitary Inspectors be supplied with Khadi shirts, shorts, hats, stockings, etc.

Mr. N. S. Varadachari supporting said that Khadi-clad people were smartest, that Khadi gave a human touch and that the moment they put on Khadi they were reminded of the hard lot of the starving millions.

Mrs. Lakshmipathi said that women clad in Khadi looked prettier.

The resolution was carried.—A. P.

NATIONALISTS' PROTEST

Bengal Party Disapproves Of Congress Nominees For Election

CALCUTTA, Dec. 1.

The Congress Nationalist Party's Executive passed a resolution to-night expressing strong disapproval of the decisions of the Bengal Parliamentary Committee regarding nomination of candidates "inasmuch as the decisions amount to virtual refusal of proferred co-operation on the part of the Nationalists in the matter of the coming elections."

In view of the fact that these decisions are subject to the final approval of the Central Parliamentary Committee, the Nationalist Party "expects a speedy revision of the decisions to the extent of accommodating the Party's nominee in order to ensure much-needed co-operation and avoid further complications."—A. P.

CONGRESS PRESIDENTSHIP

Official Announcement Of Withdrawals

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 1.

The General Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee announces the formal withdrawal of their names by Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel for the presidentship of the Faizpur Congress.—United Press.

'Varsity Union's Address To President

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 1.

The Allahabad University Union has decided to present Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru with an address of welcome and a purse.—United Press.

RUIKER LOSES WEIGHT IN JAIL

CALCUTTA, Dec. 1.

It is understood that Mr. R. S. Ruikar, ex-President of the All-India Trade Union Congress, who has been serving out sentence of one year on a charge of sedition in the Alipore Central Jail, has been suffering from various ailments.

Since imprisonment Mr. Ruiker is reported to have lost 30 pounds in weight. He is reported to be suffering from blood pressure also.

Mr. Ruikar is due to be released by the middle of January next.—United Press.

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Mainly About Motion Pictures

Sunita Devi in "Janma Bhoomi" at the Opera

"JANMA BHOOMI"

4th Week In Lahore And Bombay

Reports of the success of "Janma Bhoomi" which is running in its fourth week at the Opera House come also from Lahore and Poona. At Poona it has had a most successful run for three weeks and at Lahore it is going strong in the fourth. Fan letters received from both these places indicate how universal is the appeal of this great picture. Many prominent citizens including well-known social workers have written to say how pleased and inspired they were to see "Janma Bhoomi" which, in the opinion of many of them, is an ideal picture combining clean entertainment with a lofty ideal. The many chorus songs in this picture have been particularly praised.

"Manzil" or "Grihadah" at the Roxy.

NEW THEATRE'S "MAYA"

9th Week At The Minerva

(Contributed)

One of the most cleverly produced, directed and acted films in New Theatre's social melodrama "Maya" now showing to crowded houses every day in its 9th week at the Minerva.

"Maya" is a picture about which every Indian picture-goer can be proud state before any foreigner that Indian pictures can be equally as good as English or American films.

It tells of a story of conflicts of thoughts. Western ideology, Western outlook in daily life which sweeps our Indian society to-day create a scuffle between the two schools of thought and there comes forth a dilemma in which both the parties are entangled and vainly try to seek a solution.

"Maya" is an effect to throw light over this strange sort of modern complexity rising from the invasion of Western materialistic method of live.

Pratap though living in true Indian in outlook. He comes across an ultra-modern girl, Shanta dancing in amateur theatricals and sleeping in pyjamas. She is to marry Pratap. Can she give him that peace of soul? She is living a fast life chasing the rainbow of modernity-always excited and always upto something unusual. But Pratap (Pahari Sanyal) finds place of soul in Maya who is but like a maid in the house of Shanta. She is calm, cool and serene-monument of magnificent to underness. Pratap thinks that only Maya can give him, what he wanted. But does Shanta tolerate this sort of affair with Maya?

This intriguing story, then develops into a marvellous romance a melodrama with various tunes of human passions and emotions.

And just imagine, when there is your favourite director Pramathesh Barua who gave you "Devdas" you can understand with what remarkable ease Barua can handle this characters! And in this picture, Barua is really greater than any other Indian director. As far as social themes are concerned this director has no equal in our film world.

This film New Theatre's picture is a synthesis of literature are and technique.

About the character you can be rest assured of fine work when there are stars like Jamuna, Pahari Sanyal, Azurie, K. C. Dey, Nawab, Jagdish, Harimati and Rajlaxmi.

The photography is brilliant dialogue and music add to the picture's charms.

Under no circumstances you can afford to miss this great New Theatre's picture "MAYA" at Minerva".

Kumari Jamuna in "Maya" at the Minerva.

Hem Chunder's picture is progressing—but due to an accident to Umasashi, the heroine during the last Diwali night—it is hampered a bit. She was standing in the balcony of her house and a fly "Tubri' suddenly struck her forehead on the left. The left eye narrowly escaped being hurt. The injury is considered to be serious but she is progressing well and will be in a position to rejoin the shootings after a few days. Meantime Hem Chunder may go out with his party to some coalfield location shootings.

* * * *

Director Profulla Roy's story and other preliminaries are complete and he will start as soon as he finds some floor free for his sets.

NEW THEATRE'S SOCIAL "GRIHA-DAH" OR "MANZIL"

At The Roxy Talkies

(CONTRIBUTED)

Now that you can find all quiet in the disturbed city of Bombay, New Theatre's long awaited social super jewel "Griha-dah" or "Manzil" has been released at the Roxy Talkies, last week, amidst a thrilling rush of the audience.

Film-critics and journalists, intellectuals and aristocrats of audiences produce extraordinary words of praise for this great picture; I have heard a noted film-critic uttering these words:—

"I have rarely seen a better-acted or more brilliantly dialogued picture than this adoption of Sarat Chandra Chatterjee's master piece-novel of Modern Indian Life."

New Theatre's great social hit 'Griha-dah' is really an extraordinary production. It is an exception to the rule that the most satisfying screen entertainment is that which confines its dialogue to the minimum and makes use of the pictorial expression, the reason being that in this case the conversation is so human and psychologically illuminating, in a manner which combines the matter of fact with whimsicality, that the absence of pictorial expressiveness passes unnoticed.

"Griha-dah" or "Manzil" is a story of a strange home-fire—a peculiar underfire which excites the smouldering underfires in the hearths of human hearts. Sarat Babu's great book deals with his characters in his own wonderful way—the way for which Sarat Babu is widely known in Indian literature and art. His characters breath with self ego, individualism, self-connected idealism and super-human psycho-pathological emotions.

All this subtle texture is brilliantly brought to life by India's greatest director Sjt. Pramthesh Barua—who gave us "Devdas"—the marvellous way in which Barua has handled the story forces severest of critics to pen out words of praise for the brilliant technique of presentation.

It is a story of three souls—Mohim (Barua) an idealistic artist, Achalah (Jamuna) a girl beautiful and adorable—brought up in modern social atmosphere, and Sooresh (Prithviraj, B.A.) a rich young medico—whose technique of life was mysterious and troublesome wherever his so-called brilliant tongue went. Achala loved Mohim. They were married. Achala Sooresh and Mohim were fast friends nay even death can't kill their happiness. But the ways of Sooresh soon deprive Achala and Mohim's married happiness. He proves himself troublesome. And thus there crept suspicion in their heart of Achala—who leaves Mohim suddenly. This the fire germinates in the happy home.

And there was Mrinal (Molina) an innocent girl in the village who jokingly adds fuel to the fire. The story then develops into a remarkably wonderful climax which only Barua can bring about.

This great picture is really an achievement in itself. New Theatres have shown that a motion picture is capable of tackling the psychological and emotional problems of life and use the film art for higher things of life.

The players are Jamuna, Barua, Prithviraj, B.A., K.C. Dey, Molina Harimatidevi, Radio singer and Nemo.

The photography is beautiful, the dialogues are crisp and touching the very depth of heart, the musical effects and orchestra also can be termed extraordinary.

This great social hit was applauded by thousands of cine-fans who keep packing Roxy, since its release.

If you love art, life and literature, please don't miss "Grihadah" or "Manzil" at Roxy.

B.

From "Izzet" the forthcoming Bombay Talkies release.

"Tukaram" forthcoming Prabhat release.

Question Of The Week

Do Indian Film Studios realise the folly of exhausting "popular" stars, stories and directors?

SANGEET'S "CALL OF THE SOUL" OR "HRI DAYA MANTHAN"

To Be Released From Saturday At The Majestic

(CONTRIBUTED).

Generally the Film Producers all over the country find it most difficult to please satisfactory the hundreds of thousands of Cinema-minded people of the City of Bombay, because the local cinema audience, visiting the Indian theatres, is so fastidious and discriminating that they generally and in most of the cases correctly have been found capable of detecting even the most minute defects in the pictures.

It is only when the picture is really good and satisfactorily meets with the taste of the general audience that we should hope to get the cinema fans in sufficient numbers to fill the show house to its fullest capacity for days together.

And here is Sangeet's latest production "Call of the Soul" or "Hridaya Manthan" for which it can be said with undoubted confidence that the entire audience will give to this picture a roaring reception and vociferous appreciation and applause, because it is for the first time that the story as that of "Call of the Soul" has been attempted for the screen. The story itself is poignantly human in its theme, emotionful in its ideas, soul-stirring in its psychology and heart rending in its melodious and rhythmic flow.

"Call of the Soul" gives an unquestionably pathetic appeal, because it is based on the real incidents in life of a once happy and blessed family of Bengal, but now absolutely ruined to the extent of irreparability, Rai Saheb Keshav Chandra Banerji having drowned his life and soul in drinking, Harischandra Banerji, his brother, in having become a Sannyasi, and Nirmala Devi, once devoted and faithful Hindu wife in having become a "Daughter of Joy," as victims of heartless social injustices.

Never had there been such a human document presented on the Indian Screen with the attendant pathos. Sorrow and life, in all its grim details to such an extent as to draw tears from the eyes of everyone. The picture once seen will linger long in your memory and the impression it will leave in your heart will last for all your life time.

The cast is a brilliant one, lead as it is by the screen's foremost idol and songstress Bai Jaddanbai, who has also directed the picture with a touch of skill so rare in Indian films. Urmila Devi, a society lady of charm and grace makes her bow to many fans in India in a memorable role. Then you have A. Hussain who is rapidly becoming famous as each picture come out. He has given a performance, which but once comes in a life time. Siddiqui, who had been in New Theatres, is even far better in this picture that it had ever been his lot so far. Baby Rani, that kid, who has captivated many hearts all over India, is supremely adoring in this picture. Never had there been such a galaxy of stars—each a rare gem—gathered as in this picture, fully realising the great anticipation, which this picture had already evoked in the mind of the public.

Added to this, spectacular settings, enchanting dance hits, wonderfully enticing music, with the best of the technicians gathered together for this picture, so that the management has spared no pains to make each small detail a perfect one, in the full sense of the terms.

The picture which will come to the screen at the Majestic on the 5th December 1936 is one that should be sent by the rich and the poor, by children and parents in short, by everyone for its monumental contribution to the art, which this picture represents fully well. A Great Picture with Great Cast which but once in your life time comes and therefore one that should not be missed at any cost.

Syt. Ishwarlal in "Jwala Mukhi" (Ranjit).

Kumari Bibo in "Manmohan" (Sagar) at the Imperial

'SOUND' STUFF

Some Technical Suggestions

(By AKORA).

About six years ago an all-talking-and-singing picture was produced and exhibited in India. As sound was then a craze it took the country by storm. Finding the business conditions satisfactory, within a year about twenty producers entered the field.

India had not been in touch with Western scientific developments; thus, when the talking pictures started, a number of enthusiastic producers of silent pictures began to look out for recording equipment, Knowing full well that sound was new to the country and that information on recording technique was not available, the producers began spending their limited finance on inefficient machinery. Unacquainted with the technique of sound, most "sound engineers" were those who came from radio workshop; their training was limited to the understanding of machinery components and to recording sound 75 per cent. to full load modulation.

To-day though some studios have managed to improve the quality of the sound on film, it has been ruined by the operators in the theatres where these films are shown. The majority of cinema halls are the same old silent houses, or theatre buildings, which have not been properly treated for sound.

Another handicap to the perfection of sound is the processing. Some of the studios do say that they possess an up-to-date laboratory, whereas actually they have not been able to keep a strict control over the photographic densities.

To overcome all these difficulties, to-day we require clever responsible men to suggest workable plans and schemes. There are three ways to do that: (i) To send students abroad to study various branches of the industry in foreign countries; (ii) To import foreign technical advisers to assist Indians by practical training; (iii) To purchase standard equipments and seek information and training through the manufacturers themselves.

India has the talent and it has everything in her favour in matters like story, material, locations, workers, etc. What is lacking is a greater proportion of honest, sincere and experienced people to study the industry with full co-operation and become the pioneers in organised industry.—(Hunt).

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Democratise The Church

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Laymen, as well as priests must stimulate Catholic Action and zealously co-operate with one another. It seems to me that the particular field in which laymen can be of telling effect is in the managements of the temporal affairs and concerns of the church. I think were prelates and priests to allow lay men to play their part in the field for which they are singularly fitted, there would be mutual trust and confidence, which would bring about a fine 'esprit de corps'.

I have to dwell on a feature of the Catholic Action which strongly appeals to laymen who, I have heard it remarking that as the church is as liberal and democratic as the State, if not more so, why her Rulers should not follow in the footsteps of our Government, for, if Government allow their subjects to elect their representatives on Municipal and Local Boards, why should the ecclesiastical authorities come in the way of parishioners electing their representatives on parish administrative boards?—Yours, etc.,

"A LAYMAN."

Muslims And Assembly Elections

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Being a constant reader of your esteemed paper, I have been daily reading of the dissatisfaction of several of your readers and my Muslim brethren regarding the candidates put up by the Muslim League. I do not in the least hesitate in saying that I fully endorse the views expressed by your correspondents and my reasons for it, are, as follows:—We might take their merits and qualifications, one by one. First of all, let us take the example of Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi, Kt., who is presumably, if elected, going to give them a lead and become a Minister. As far as, he is concerned, we have read already of his objections to the pledge and his statement to the "Times of India". Leaving this apart for the time being, I would like to say that he had already been for a number of years a Minister of the Bombay Government. Naturally, being a Minister, we expected from him services to the people, whereby I mean that he could have long since been able to bring, the present laid down aims and objects of the Muslim League into practice, but, I am sure, he being a thorough gentleman, will agree with me that he has not been able to do so. Again we might take the case of Mr. Mahomed Suleiman Cassum Mitha. For a fairly good number of years, Mr. Mahomed has been a sitting member of the Municipal Corporation and also a nominated member of the Legislative Council. What are his merits? What are his qualifications? As a Corporator, he could have done lot for the benefit of both the community and the city. Has he ever been able to do anything noteworthy and what? Now, see, what he has been able to do as a Councillor? As a Councillor, he did one thing and that is, he was, one of those, who were mainly responsible for the passing of the famous Wakf Act resolution. He was nominated by the then famous Muslim Minister (whose name I may not mention) because, it was absolutely necessary at that time in the Council to secure the passing of the Cotton Bill by the Government and Mr. Mahomed did not fail to play his role. The third instance I may take, is that of our friend Mr. Mahomedally Allabux. As regards his qualification, I think that less said the better. Has he been selected so that Mr. Jinnah and his followers might occasionally be able to hear casual whispers in Gujarati in the lobby of the Legislatures? What interest he will be able to take in the Assembly, where debates will take place in English and what part he will take in them? Therefore, I sincerely appeal to Mr. Jinnah and through him to the League that they should immediately proceed with necessary alterations. Mr. Jinnah should not let the League's position be like that of his Independent Party in the Central Legislature and as a Muslim popular leader look always to the interest of the masses and safeguarding their interest with a strong force and not with the men he or the League has set-up. As regards other candidates I shall refer to them hereafter. —Yours, etc.

SHAIK MOHMED SHAIK HASSAN.

Dr. Moonje On Berar Treaty

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In his recent statement on the New Treaty with Nizam Dr. Moonje refers to "The Nizam of Hyderabad for whose protection from the Peshwas (of Poona) the East India Company had to keep British regiments."

Dr. Moonje probably got this inspiration from some distorted version of history written by some European or by some other faithful and humble supporter and admirer of British Imperialism in India. The Doctor ought to know that such clashes (as took place between the Nizam and the Peshwas) are inevitable whenever two militant communities live in such close contiguity and that in a martial race "the fighting elements never seek protection." There may be mutual understanding to help one another according to circumstances, but that cannot be a protection. And, moreover, by the time when the Nizam was offered protection and Britain posed as a protector, Peshwa's power had disappeared from the political arena. If the East India Company kept the regiment at Deccan it was to protect their own interests, and not the Nizam's Dominions. Perhaps Dr. Moonje is not fully aware of the series of quarrels that took place between the Nizam and the Peshwas, or has forgotten the defeat of the Peshwas at the hands of the second son of Asif Jah I. It was done only with the Hyderabad forces and without the help of the protector (East India Company or any other). After this defeat Peshwas of Poona never dared to think of approaching the Asifian land. There might have been some minor quarrels after the defeat of the Peshwas. But there is nothing to show that at any time the Asifian family was at all seriously threatened and forced to seek protection—Yours, etc.

SAHIBZADA,
M. S. ALI KHAN,
31, S. M. East
Muslim University,
Aligarh.

Bassein Fireworks Explosion

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The sad explosn of the Fire-Works stored at Sutarali near Bassein on 4-11-36, is really a matter of regret. This has resulted in the damage to five or six neighbouring houses of the poor villagers.

The point now remains to be considered is that if the houses containing fire-works were under the guard of the Police how such an incident could occur? Will any Legal Aid Society or somebody kindly intimate as to whether the Government can compensate the loss of the poor house-owners under any definite Act, or will any generous and benevolent gentleman contribute towards the aid of the aggrieved people?

The total loss is estimated to be approximately Rs. 4,000 due to the negligence of the authorities in not removing the fire works from a place of habitation.—Yours, etc.,

MARSHAL FERNANDEZ.

THE VIENNA CONFERENCE

(Continued From Page 6)

in the move for negotiations of a Western Pact. Poland is held as having an interest in the matter, both on account of the country's position and the alliance with France. Marshal Rydz Smigly, the virtual successor of Pilsudski, is generally considered as putting much weight on the alliance with France. Polish move is in the direction of a greater measure of insurance against both her big neighbours. This is greatly associated with the visit of Beck newly to London. German press comments about the visit reveal marked restraint. The reserve of Italy and Poland in directions to which Germany gives special significance brings obviously a new interest in the German situation and the country's foreign policy. Internally there have been, recently, sharp actions to tighten the regime's grip and externally indications of emphasis by important sources on certain trends that have long stood much checked with a new attention to colonial holdings.

Czechoslovakia's Confident Halt

A vigorous statement relating to Czechoslavakia's position and policy was made last week before the Chamber of Deputies by the Premier, Dr. Hodza. The economic position he stated as keeping to a satisfactory course and expressed the Government's decision to give further stimulus to economic expansion and trade development by new investments and various organisational measures. Unemployment he declared as having fallen further and being already round 400,000 against over double that figure three years back. The total debt he indicated as involving 15.2 per cent. in the new budget, but more than four-fifths being accounted by internal debt. Also the total private economy, he added, had a comparatively small foreign indebtedness. Czechoslovakia, he mentioned is still the only Central European State that has not suspended transfer of payment of debt abroad. Meant specially for the attention of the so-called Henlein Party of the German minority, Dr. Hodza expressing readiness to accommodate the interests of the German minority consistent with those of the State as a whole, said that the way to an understanding lay through Prague and not through foreign centres. Dr. Hodza advanced satisfaction about the state of internal consolidation and progress of defence measures and keenly underlined the determination to keep to a realistic course for safeguarding the country's interests. In this connection he stated:—"Perhaps formerly there were some groups in Czechoslovakian public that had an uncertainty of an unprepared people against a big well prepared one whose political aims were not always clear. To-day, it is already different. To-day there is hardly a Czeck or Slovak who does not share the opinion that should his people be submitted to a trial of military fitness it would well stand it. We are to-day from moral military and economic points of view, well consolidated. We are a valuable ally. In international relations we are a factor to be reckoned with".

India And The Ottawa Agreement

The decision to prolong the Ottawa Agreement as relating to India finds attention in the European Press this week. In Press comments references appear to the reasons held in India for the move for a revision of the Agreement. In estimates of the economic position of India, attention is directed to the great change caused by the fall in value of agrarian products. One important Continental economic review writing about the Ottawa Agreement in relation to India states that the weakness of Great Britain's trade with India shows in the fact that Britain held no opportunity to take from India products to an extent corresponding to British exports to India and also making possible the payment of 50 million pounds annually that India is obliged to put out for interests, pensions, services and items of a non-commercial character. In view of having to make the payment of this 50 million pounds annually, practically exclusively to Britain, and for which India receives no commercial equivalent, a high and good trade balance is an essential condition for Indian economy.

TAKING STOCK

(Continued from page 6)

industry, headed by the popular Commissar, Mikoyan. In the first nine months of this year the industry increased its production over that of last year by 37.4 per cent. Looking at the elaborate displays, the huge carnival-like displays and exhibitions of the food industry on two of the most prominent squares of the city, with their wealth of decorated food-vending stands, motorized shops, etc. selling everything from the finest chocolate confections to sandwiches and soft drinks, one cannot but think back of the celebration of but two winters ago, when the appearance of food-vendors with their trays of plain wheaten buns was the cause of great joy and pride in the achievements of the Soviets.

Truly, the Soviet people have good reason to celebrate their great anniversary with joy and good cheer and to look forward with hope and expectancy to the promises of the year lying ahead of them.

Speech of President of the U.S.S.R.

The speech of M. I. Kalinin, the President of the USSR, or, as he is called here, the Chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the USSR., before the members of the Moscow Soviet held in the historic Bolshoi Opera House on the eve of the November celebration, is an interesting and important summing up of the achievements of the Soviet Union during the past year. Because of lack of space we can only quote some of the most important statements and facts given by the President.

Opening his speech with a survey of the international situation and speaking of the threat to international peace and welfare contained in the Abyssinian and Spanish events and the activities of the international fascist reaction, Mr. Kalinin said, in relation to Spain: "There is no need specially to explain our attitude towards the Spanish events. The people of the Soviet Union have extended their fraternal hand to the toilers of Spain, and, as is known, are helping them with food purchased from funds contributed voluntarily." He discribed the foreign policy of the USSR thus: "This year it has been proven again and again that our foreign policy, consistent in principle as previously, aims at the development and strengthening of the peaceful relations between all countries. We consider this is one of the most important tasks of international policy in which the masses of the people are vitally interested."

The second part of Mr. Kalinin's speech dealt with a review of the progress of national industry and agriculture. According to the President, the gross production of the industrial commissariats has increased by 33 per cent. over that of last year. Heavy industry has fulfilled the yearly plan by 76 per cent. in the first nine months of the year, and should the gains in the production of steel and rolled metal be maintained, the USSR promises to become the first in Europe in the production of steel. The auto-tractor industry has increased production by 35.3 per cent. agricultural machinery is working at a level of 62.4 per cent. over that of last year. Light industry's output is 36.7 per cent. over that of last year, and the transport industry has shown very encouraging signs of good work. Car loadings have increased on the railroads by 32.4 per cent this year, and there has been a big spurt in electrification of the railroads.

ANDREWS UNABLE TO VISIT MIDNAPORE

SANTINIKETAN, December 1.

Rev. C. F. Andrews has received urgent requests from Bengal to pay a visit to Midnapore and gather first-hand information about the plight of detenus. But he has replied regretting inability as every day until his departure for England on December 12 is fully booked.

The question of detenus, however, Mr. Andrews said to a "United Press" representative, "is daily engaging my attention and I intend taking back with me to England all accurate information I can collect on the subject."

Mr. Andrews reaches Calcutta on Thursday next and leaves for Wardha on Friday morning.—United Press.

Woman Found Murdered

JUBBULPORE, Dec. 1.

A ghastly murder was committed early this morning when the decapitated body of a young woman was found in a pool of blood in Luckarganj Ward. The assailant has not been traced. Vigorous police investigation is proceeding.—United Press.

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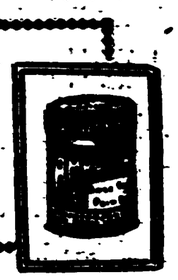

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A Look Round The World

America Upholds Mahatma Gandhi's Ideals

"Christian Science Monitor" On His Village Reconstruction Programme

BOSTON (By Air Mail).

Whatever our opinions may be on the wisdom or otherwise of the political actions of Mahatma Gandhi, there can be no doubt that in his consideration for the villager, he is beginning at the right end, writes "The Christian Science Monitor".

Much is heard of unemployment among the educated classes and there is a cry on every side for development of industries. Of what use, however, are industries if the goods which they manufacture cannot be sold owing to lack of purchasing power on the part of the greater proportion of the inhabitants of the country?

It has been truly said that if only the income of the 300,000,000 of India could be raised by a small fraction so that they all received a sufficient "licence to consume" no machinery at present in existence could supply their wants.

UNUSED WASTE.

At present even the potential wealth awaiting application in the human and agricultural wastage of every village is left unused. Rubbish and woods are blown about the fields. How different from China and Japan! There every scrap of animal or vegetable waste is utilised to maintain the fertility of the soil. In India the agricultural departments and research workers at Bangalore, Cawnpore and Indore have been striving to devise the best method for utilisation of waste material for the benefit of agriculture. For the treatment of the sewage of cities, all the resources of modern engineering and biochemistry are available. Such an outlay is manifestly impossible for the village. The first requisite for village uplift is cleanliness and the return of waste material to the land. With these should come greater crop returns and thence increased income or "licence to consume." This income need not be in terms of actual cash, the foundation of true income is mutual helpfulness. From the seed and the forces of sun and soil arises the plant which is food for man and animals. From this arises in turn possibilities of infinite activity and among the first of these is the urge to make things and hence the village artisan and village arts and crafts.

VILLAGE RECONSTRUCTION.

An All India Village Industries Association was formed in 1934 at Wardha, a junction on the main line between Bombay and Nagpur, almost indeed in the very centre of India, and now Mahatma Gandhi's headquarters.

To quote from the first annual report, it is a "self-acting, independent and non-political organisation having for its object village reorganisation and reconstruction including the revival, encouragement and improvement of village industries and the moral and physical development of the villages."

In all its activities the association has the Indian village as its economic and social unit. It does not want the individual workman to be lost in his product. A striking result is not anticipated in the immediate future, but it is confident that with patience and understanding the resuscitation of the Indian village can be achieved.

Will Monarchy Be Restored In Spain

LONDON (By Air Mail).

Members of Alfonso's household last week bought several up-to-date road maps of Northern Spain an action interpreted as indicating that the Spanish royal family is planning a return to the country in the near future.

Five years ago, when fugitive Queen Victoria Eugenie of Spain rested awhile in pathetic dignity by the dusty roadside at the Franco-Spanish frontier, loyal followers who knelt in the dirt and kissed the royal hand knew that never again would Spain see Ena, "Queen of Sorrows."

Friends of Queen Ena meanwhile asked if her son ascends the throne will she return to Spain, what will be the position of her husband, and will she live with him again?

Now 49, still golden-haired, her delicate fair skin unimpaired, ex-Queen Ena went shopping in London this week while her loose-lipped, restless, exiled husband Alfonso XIII had a rendezvous in Milan with his third son Juan, Prince of the Asturias, heir-apparent to the Spanish throne. In a balcony-fronted house of a cobbled street down which groups of Fascisti occasionally march, the ex-King and his son kept their ears to the ground hoping again to hear the royalist call across the Pyrenees.

Famous as the only man ever born a king (his father Alfonso XII died six months before he was born), the exiled ruler has vowed to die a monarch. Even when he was rushed out of Spain after the revolution of 1931 he refused to renounce any of his rights, said he was still King of all the Spaniards.

BITTER AGAINST THE SPANISH.

Twenty-eight years ago, when King Alfonso took 21-year old Victoria Eugenie, Princess of Battenburg, to Madrid, an anarchist's bomb nearly killed her on her wedding day. After that she could not help thinking most Spaniards outlandish and sinister but tried to stifle her feelings, even attending bull fights which she hated. Twenty-five years after, revolution chased her pell mell out of Spain. To add to her woe, two weeks after her husband's 48th birthday reports spread across Europe that Alfonso, still His Most Catholic Majesty to monarchists, was about to ask Pope Pius XI for an annulment of his marriage.

Alfonso's friends agreed that there was a basis for the reports, but Vatican officials pointed out that the Pope granted annulments only for the gravest moral and spiritual reasons. Since then Alfonso and his tragic queen have never been seen together. Constantly with the ex-Queen during her five years of exile has been faithful A.D.C. Count Mora, Grandee of Spain. Recently he announced: "Queen Ena intends to make her home in England to be near to elderly Princess Beatrice, her mother."

Future Of China

NANKING, (By Air Mail)

There is a quiet, firm, grim expectation among the Chinese of a war with Japan. But there is evidence that China definitely expects to present determined opposition of some sort in the rather near future, writes the Nanking correspondent of "The Frankfurter Zeitung". It is clear enough that the Chinese contemplate a defensive campaign, despite their heavy increase in air strength during recent months. It is significant that they have not as yet gone in for large multi-engined bombing 'planes such as would menace the safety of Osaka, Tokyo, or the Japanese naval bases. However, such 'planes cost a great deal of money and the pennies must be counted in China these days. There is no notion of setting forth on any holy war to reconquer Manchuria, or Jehol or even North China. In fact, it apparently is on the schedule for Shantung province to be given up, too. On the other hand, whereas in the 1932 hostilities at Shanghai it was found expedient by the National Government to believe that "the next war" will find the Government endeavouring to remain at Nanking. For years it has been a foregone conclusion that the seacoast would promptly be abandoned in the event of a war with Japan although the 19th Route Army in 1932 gave the Japanese the surprise of a lifetime by failing to move promptly away from Shanghai under pressure. That was and is regarded as a unique episode, however. In the north, the line appears to lie just north of the Lunghai railway which now stretches from Sian, Capital of Shensi Province, to Haichow, on the coast in northern Kiangsu. A strategic point would be Hsuchow at the intersection of this railway and the Tsinpu line from Tientsin to Pukow, across the river from Nanking. Japanese military officers, who know they could speedily take Tsinan, Shantung capital farther north up the Tsinpu, have recently inspected with interest the work which is now being pushed to connect the four lines radiating out of Hsuchow by four cross-cuts enabling traffic to be routed around the city if the junction were to be air-bombed.

GRAIN STORING.

They are understood, too, to have looked with some interest into reported extensive storing of much Government grain in temples about Hsuchow outskirts—enough to keep 10,000 men for a year, it is rumoured.

For months foreigners have been barred from the Chapoo Hills, between Shanghai and the southern resort City of Hangchow, because of military work there. Of late, many roads have been closed for the same reason in southern Chekiang Province. And so it goes—obvious though quiet preparations everywhere, students everywhere drilling in compulsory military exercises and other sections of the population taking part in many areas.....all quiet, though known to the omnipresent Japanese, and all adding up to a state of mind very different from that attributed to China by most of the China experts who have been out of the country for more than six months.

The "Zenda Vandan" at "F" Ward on Sunday with Jinabhai P. Joshi as the President.

Turkey As Cotton Exporter

ISTANBUL, (By Air Mail)

The Turkish Government is pursuing a policy of industrial and agricultural self-sufficiency. Prolonged research into conditions under which cotton could be grown have shown that certain districts of the country are ideally suited for the culture of this important commodity. The Ministry of Agriculture plans to grow at least half-a-million bales of cotton within two years.

That this is not impossible is amply demonstrated by the stupendous rise of the cotton crop in the last three years. In 1934 Turkey produced 160,000 bales, this year the crop has exceeded 240,000 bales. As Turkey does not consume 500,000 bales, a part of it would be exported or exchanged for other raw-materials. Similar efforts are being made in Turkey to develop tea-plantation among selected coastal districts of the Black Sea. Experimental crops have already been tested and found to be equal in quality to the best Indian produce.

Re-shuffling In Air Ministry?

Rumours are current here in political circles that as an aftermath of the recent Swinton-Nuffield controversy, there might be a re-shuffling in the Air Ministry as Mr. Baldwin has warned his colleagues to patch up the quarrel at all costs.

Since Lord Nuffield's rival motor magnate Lord Austin is already Chairman of the "Shadow Industry" committee which apportions Air Ministry work between the motor groups concerned, it is assumed that Lord Nuffield would be invited by the Government to join a special Consultative Council to consider a supplementary aero-engine building scheme.

America's Gambling Bill

WASHINGTON, (By Air Mail).

Money involved in gambling in the United States in 1935 reached a total of six billion, 600 million dollars, a sum 50 per cent or more in excess of the annual national revenues prior to the New Deal, according to the estimate of experts.

Yet it does not take into account any of the speculation on the country's numerous securities and commodities exchanges; private gambling in clubs and homes at contract bridge; stud poker or the impromptu crap games in back streets or along the waterfronts.

A large part of the vast hoard comes from the coffers of what the politicians eagerly call "the common peepul", servants, clerks, truck-drivers, factory workers, stenographers, office boys and a great army of children. In this connection one of the most common forms of gambling is represented by the slot machine.

Mine Royalties To Be Nationalised

LONDON, (By Air Mail.)

Plan to nationalise coal mine royalties has been adopted by the Governmental authorities. Attempts at re-organising the coal industry have been made from time to time but have so far been baulked by owners. As payment for their royalty rights they demanded £150,000,000. This figure has been whittled down to £100,000,000 to be satisfied by allotment of government-backed bonds.

It is estimated that the landowners draw annually about £5 million in form of royalties. The average is 6d. a ton but as the rate varies from district to district some areas are badly hit.

Among those who will be affected by the Government's measure are Duke of Hamilton, the Marquess of Bute, Lord Tredegar, Duke of Northamberland and Earl of Durham.

Soviet Cotton Crop

MOSCOW, (By Air Mail)

According to figures issued by the cotton department of the Commissariat of Agriculture of the U.S.S.R., the total quantity of cotton delivered to the State from this year's crop by October 20 was 1,412,748 tons as against 1,345,000 tons, delivered by the same date last year. Over an area of 4,807,250 acres planted to cotton, the average yield is 138 kilograms of ginned cotton. The estimates are for an increase of 15 to 20 per cent. in this year's cotton crop over that of last year. Practically the whole of the area under cotton has been worked with tractors, heavy ploughs and cultivators. Frequent cultivation of the crop has been introduced on a wide scale.—I.I.S.

GOVERNOR'S "NO" TO GOVINDANAND

Petition To Remove Disqualification Turned Down

KARACHI, Dec. 1.

In reply to his petition to the Governor of Sind requesting the removal of his disqualification incurred by him from contesting the forthcoming elections by reason of his conviction and sentence in January, 1932, the Chief Secretary to the Sind Government has informed Swami Govindanand that in view of the nature of the offence for which he was convicted the Governor is not prepared to remove the disqualification.

Interviewed by the Associated Press, Swami Govindanand stated that he would continue to remain a devoted servant of the Congress, which he had served loyally for 36 years, and urged the voters to reply to the "challenge" by returning the "valiant soldiers of Liberty".—A.P.

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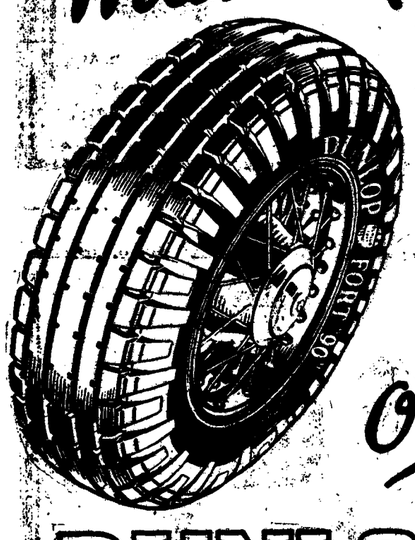

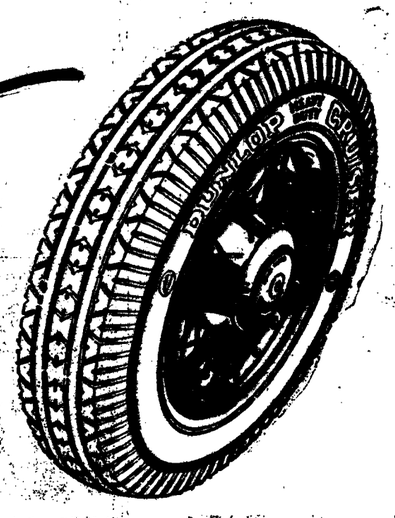

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The World Of Finance

A WEEKLY REVIEW

(BY ZANDHYALA.)

Stock Exchange Enquiry Committee

The announcement of the Bombay Government regarding the appointment of a Committee to enquire into the working of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association has come almost as a bolt from the blue, with the result that it has caused a sudden change in the bullish sentiment prevailing in the market. Though the operators do not expect any far-reaching and radical reforms as a result of this enquiry, they are trying to reduce their commitments.

Necessity Of An Enquiry

A persistent demand is often made both by the public and the press for the introduction in certain reforms in the Bombay Stock Exchange as speculation in stock and shares in recent times has gone out of healthy limits tending towards gambling and similar other evil influences.

The Stock Exchange is a vital factor and a 'sine qua non' in the modern economic life of any nation, but order and confidence are essential elements for its continued prosperity. Under the facilities afforded by the forward trading in stocks and shares in the Bombay market, unscrupulous speculators with their nefarious activities not seldom convert the legitimate business into a gamble in differences. This is primarily the cause why the public and the Government often try to interfere in the affairs of the business men.

Atlay Committee

It will be recalled that the Government of Bombay appointed in 1923, a committee under the chairmanship of Sir Wilfred Atlay to inquire into the constitution, government, customs practices, rules, regulations and methods of business of the stock exchange, and to suggest the reforms necessary. The Atlay Committee after a patient and laborious enquiry have made certain wholesome recommendations the spirit of which is not entirely carried out by the members of the Association since then.

Even after the introduction of the Bombay Securities Control Act of 1925 which came into operation in 1927, the stock exchange has often come under public criticism because of a periodical crisis in it. It may be a bull cornering or a bear raid, but it causes a serious dislocation in the normal trading in the market. The evils are fundamental and are deep-rooted. Unless an attempt is made to eradicate these evils, it is impossible to maintain order and confidence in the stock exchange.

Evils Of Forward Trading

First and foremost the fundamental difficulty is with regards the forward trading whatever theoretical justification the forward trading in Stocks shares may have, in practice it has resulted in a large percentage of transactions in a gamble in differences. Its benefits are too few, but its evils are many.

Forward trading in stalks and shares also exists in other markets of the world, but the rules and practices are entirely different from those of the Bombay market. Operators can go on trading continuously for years together without bothering atleast with the idea of taking or giving delivery. There is a good deal of controversy over the system of forward trading in the Bombay market, but it may be said that this peculiar system has been perpetrated in the local stock exchange for a long time more in the interests of the brokers and other members of the Association than for the benefit of the genuine investors. The presenit committee would be doing a yeoman's service to the Stock Exchange as well as to the investing public if they recommend the stopping of the forward trading in market, though it will be condemned by the brokers.

The present committee consists of Mr. W. E. Morison, a senior member of the London Stock Exchange, Sir S. N. Pochkhanawala, one of the leading bankers in India and Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy, a premier businessman of Bombay. Though they are concerned chiefly with the general principles and the framing of regulations, they can be thoroughly relied upon to recommend any drastic reforms such as the modifications in the forward trading, if they find, the system pernicious after their investigations.

Reforms in many other directions regarding the making up prices, the question of sub-brokers the constitution of the government of the stock exchange, scale of brokerage, trading hours, holidays, circulation of rumours and many other similar questions, are necessary and it may be confidently expected that the Committee, after a patient, though troublesome, enquiry into all these questions will make some wholesome recommendations which will be put into operation by an Act of Legislature of the Bombay Government, and thus save the Bombay Stock Exchange from the unmerciful criticisms that are often levelled against it.

The Money Market

The Indian money-market has remained dull and listless for the past few months, with the rate for inter-bank call money quoting around 1/2 per cent. But there is a gradual improvement in the demand for funds since the past few days as the borrowers have at times paid 3/4 per cent for short-term loans. Funds in the money-market are not augmented to any extent by the operations of the Treasury, as the weekly sales are equal to the maturities. The average rate of interest on the Treasury bills has gone up to Re. 0-12-10 per cent per annum as compared with Re. 0-11-11 per cent. last week. The only source by which the market funds are augmented is the sterling sales to the Reserve Bank, but they are not too large to meet current requirements.

Does this mean an end of the cheap money era? In the London money market tight money conditions are in evidence, as the credit is made dear for the speculative operations in the London Stock Exchange.

Further the trading in the new Funding Loan in London commenced at a discount of 1/16 per cent., and gilt-edged values do not evince any tendency to record further advances. With the acceleration of the armament programmes and with a steady rise in the prices of base metals and commodities, money rates are likely to harden in the coming months. It is not certain whether the Banks in India also follow a similar policy or not to check the unhealthy speculation in the stock exchanges. The Central Reserve Board of the Reserve Bank of India which is expected to meet at Calcutta this week may give an indication of their attitude towards the continuance of the cheap money in India, after an examination of the prevailing to-day in the market.

Kisan March To Faizpur Will Be Imposing

Indulal Yajnik Reports Sympathy And Co-operation From All Congress Leaders And Workers

Mr. Indulal Yajnik writes:—

At the end of my ten days' tour in Maharashtra I hasten to thank all Congress leaders, Congress Socialists, Trade Union Leaders and Kisan workers who helped me in promoting the Kisan movement and arranging for the Kisan March to Faizpur.

Local Reception Committees have been formed at the four centres in the Ahmednagar District, at Manmad and Vehelgaon in Nasik district and at Chalisgon and Bhusawal in East Khandesh, to receive and feed the Kisan marchers. And I am sure similar arrangements will soon be made at the remaining places on the Peasants' Route within the next few days.

Mass meetings of Kisans from the surrounding rural areas will be held at every place where the marchers will rest for the night and the full significance of the National Congress and the Kisan Congress to be held at Faizpur, will be explained at these miniature peasants' conferences, which will also serve to ventilate the grievances and rights of the peasantry.

On November 29th I went to Faizpur to see Sjt. Shankarrao Dev, Chairman of the Reception Committee of the National Congress, and Sjt. Dastane, Chairman of the Construction Committee, and discussed in detail all arrangements for accommodating the peasant marchers and holding the session of the Kisan Congress in Tilak-Nagar. I tender my hearty thanks to these two leaders and other Congress workers for considering all my proposals in a genuine spirit of sympathy and co-operation.

Meanwhile, the Kisan workers of Ahmednagar are going ahead at full speed with all necessary preparations to muster a strong contingent of representative Kisans from the district at Deolali-Pravara on December 11th and to begin the historic march on the next morning.

More peasants will join the contingent on the long trek of 200 miles through the Nasik and Khandesh districts till it arrives at Tilak-Nagar to participate in the Kisan Congress and the National Congress.

May I, in conclusion, appeal to all who have the interests of the down-trodden and exploited peasants at heart and who want them to awake, arise and march forward for their economic emancipation and for securing national freedom, to help the Kisan March which is designed to signalise the victorious emergence of the Kisan movement and to write its message in flaming letters on the map of India.

A PROGRESSIVE INSURANCE COMPANY

"Bharat" Declares 15 Per Cent. Dividend

LAHORE, (By Mail).

The 40th annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Bharat Insurance Co., Ltd. Lahore was held as announced at 1 p.m. on Thursday, at Bharat Buildings, the registered office of the Company. It was attended by a large number of shareholders. The Chairman Seth Ram Krishna Dalmia before proceeding with the agenda made remarks to the following effect:—

"On behalf of the new management, I wish to place on record the services of L. Harkishenlal, the founder of the Company, for the very great services rendered by him to Indian insurance in general and to Bharat in particular. As a talented pioneer and organiser of Indian industries, two decades ago, there was no one equal to L. Harkishenlal in Punjab.

"Reports had reached me imputing motives to me in respect of purchase of the shares at a price almost double of what was prevailing at that time. I assure everyone concerned that in making the purchase nothing could have been farther from my mind than that of exploiting the institution and made pecuniary gain. My idea in purchasing the shares in the Bharat was to save the Bharat from certain ruin with which it was faced and thereby serve Punjab and India through this great National Institution. Besides helping the shareholders and policyholders with the best of my abilities I wanted to take an All-India Organisation in my hand. And you all know the price its shares has begun to rise soon after my purchasing them and to-day it ranges from about Rs. 140 to Rs. 145 per share, and I do not see any reason why it will not improve further if business improves according to our expectations.

"I and my colleagues have been able to secure active co-operation of men like Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore, Maharaja Sir Prodyot Kumar Tagore, Kt., Mr. K. F. Nariman ex-Mayor of Bombay and others at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Patna and Lucknow. We have opened new branches at Multan, Ajmer, Bijnor, in Northern India and probably we may have to start a few more new branches in future.

NEW BUSINESS

"We have already entered into agreements with some of the leading insurance persons at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and United Provinces and other places securing new business. The total of all business including such guaranteed business will be between 1 1/2 or 2 crores during the year 1937.

"My worthy colleague Mr. Durga Prasad Khaitan is at present looking after the affairs of Bharat. My other colleagues Mr. Malak Ram Sabharwal too has been devoting all his time to the Bharat and has uptil now been serving Bharat honorarily.

"As regards our investment policy we have decided not to loan any money to the Directors or invest in their concerns. One cannot forget the lessons of the past and I may tell you according to our policy not a single pie of Bharat was invested in "Rohtas" or any of my concerns.

It is my earnest desire to see that Bharat becomes the foremost of the Insurance companies in India and to that end it will be my constant endeavour that by serving Bharat I would work for and serve our Motherland.

CONFIDENCE IN MANAGEMENT.

Lala Duni Chand, Prof. Shiv Dyal and others made short speeches saying that if they had any doubt they were all removed by the Chairman's speech and assured him of the fullest co-operation in the new management.

The Directors' Report and the Balance Sheet, etc., were put before the meeting for adoption. Mr. R. D. Verma, one of the shareholders, raised a preliminacy objection that the notice signed by Mr. T. V. M. Swami, the Secretary, by order of the Central Board, was not valid inasmuch as the new Board itself was according to him not properly constituted. This objection was over-ruled by the Chairman but it was noted as desired by him.

The Directors' Report was then adopted and while doing so the observation of Lala Duni Chand, ex-Director of the Company to the effect that lease of the Lucknow Sugar Works was taken up by the Company to protect the interests of the Bharat as it held debentures and other estates in the Lucknow Sugar Works Ltd. (now in liquidation), was duly noted.

The dividend of 15 per cent was declared and Messrs. D. Khaitan and Malak Ram Sabharwal were re-elected as Directors, Messrs. Sodbhans and Co. were re-appointed as Company's Auditors with power to the Central Board to appoint other joint auditors to assist the Auditors on behalf of the Board.

FOR KING'S CORONATION

Names Of Bihar Police Force Representatives Announced

PATNA, Nov. 30.

It is understood that the following men have been selected from the Bihar Police Force to represent the department in the Coronation of His Majesty the King Emperor in London in May, 1937: Messrs. Chandra Mohan Jha, D.S.P., Ramkedar Singh, Inspector, Mahammad Zafir, Sub-Inspector, besides two head constables and two constables, whose selection is pending.—United Press.

ADDED TO 'PROSCRIBED' LIST

PATNA, Nov. 30.

The Government of Bihar has proscribed the following:

"Andhere men Ujala"—book in Urdu purporting to have been written by Bahaullah and printed at the Karm Vir Press, U. P., (under Sec. 124, I.P.C.)

"Punjabi Nabi", (The Punjabi Prophet)—pamphlet in Urdu written by Pastor Pete Ditta Zahir, M. E. Mission, Qadian, Gurdaspur District, and printed at the Senai Barqi Press, Hall Bazaar, Amritsar, by Abdul Raza Ata Ulla, Printer (under Sec. 4 of Press Act. 1931).—United Press

POONA WEATHER REPORT

POONA, Dec. 1.

The low pressure area over North-West India persists and a few light showers have occurred along the North-West Frontier and in Kashmir with a few dust-storms in Baluchistan. A few falls of rain have also occurred in Tennasserim, Victoria Point reporting half an incn. Conditions are unsettled in the Bay of Bengal and in the neighbourhood of Andamans.

FORECAST:—Rainfall will, it is likely, be fairly widespread along the North-West Frontier and in Kashmir and extend along and near the hills of the Punjab and the United Provinces. Dust-storms or thunderstorms are also likely to occur locally in Baluchistan, Sind, and West Punjab. A few falls of rain are also likely in Tenasserim, Assam, and South-East Madras.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 1-12-1936.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours +022 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 71.9 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 86.1 degrees 1.3 (below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 71.0 degrees 1.4 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 81 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE.

Velociy of wind at 8 a.m. 4 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours, 101 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 14 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0.

Earhquake report.—An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 3730 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 5h. 26mts. (I.S.T.) on Tuesday) the 1st December 1936.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 1-12-36.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (846 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 79.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.18 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.96 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official baormeter reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

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Season Tickets Rs. 11-8 Including Tax Rs. 1/8

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Messrs D. KERMALI & Co., 133, Chakla St., Bombay.

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SHIPPING NEWS

Imports And Exports

ARRIVALS

Scindia Steam Navigation Coy's s.s. Jalarjan of 3148 reg. tons Capt. C. Gale arrived from Calcutta via Galle, Colombo, Tuticorin and Cochin with coke and general cargo.

Killick Nixon and Coy's s.s. City of Venice of 5491 reg. tons Capt. H. Percival arrived from Swansea via Birkenhead, Marseilles, Port Said and Karachi with passengers and general cargo.

Scindia Steam Navigation Coy's s.s. Jalajyoti of 2628 reg. tons Capt. J. G. Connor arrived from Rangoon via Colombo, Tuticorin, Trivandrum, Alleppey, Cochin, Calicut, Tellicherry and Marmagoa with general cargo.

DEPARTURES

M. B. Kaisha's s.s. Kenkon Maru of 2721 reg. tons Capt. S. Adachi sailed for Kobe and Nagoya via Cutch Mandvi, Karachi and Marmagoa, with local and same bottom cargo.

Lionel Edward's s.s. Rotenfels of 4854 reg. tons Capt. H. Rathje sailed for Antwerp, Rotterdam, Hamburg and Bremen with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

LOADING

The following steamers entered for Loading on 1-12-36.

S.S. Halizones (J. F. & Co.) for Calicut, Bhavnagar, Bedi Bunder, Navlakhi, Marmagoa.

S.S. Moncalieri (L. T.) for Europe and American Ports via Aden.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

BOMBAY, Dec. 1.

1 Carnaro, 2154 Marseilles 3-12 L. Triestino.
2 Nowshera, 4875, N F, N F, M M and Co.
3 Rinda, 3820, Madras 2-12 Edwards Ltd.
4 Ginyo Maru, 6128, Kobe, 12-12 N. Y. Kaisha.
5 Steel Workers, 3450, Calcutta, 2-12 M. M. and Co.
8 Sturmfels, 3824, Karachi 2-12, L. Edwards, Ltd.
11 Tapti, 2914, Kobe, 3-12 M. M. and Co.
12 Castalia 4171, Liverpool 7-12, Grahams T. Co.
13 Tirandents, 2913, N F, N F, L Edwards Ltd.
14 Mayebashi Maru, 4321, Kobe, 3-12, N Y Kaisha.
15 Rotenfels, 4854, Antwerp, 1-12, L Edwards Ltd.

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Pasha, 3198, Calcutta, 3-12 T. Morrison and Co.
3 Barpeta, 1892 P. Gulf 2-12 M. M. and Co.
4 Varsova, 1955, Busrah, 3-12 M. M. and Co.
5 Sophie Marie, 677, Karachi 1-12 Merchant S. N. Co.
10-11 Jalapalada, 2630, Calcutta, 8-12 Scindia S. N. Co.
12-13 Chyebassa 4022 Calcutta 3-12 M. M. and Co.
15 Janaki 330, Malabar Coast 1-12 Malabar Steamship Co. Ltd.

PRINCE'S DOCK

A Lalita, 283 M'Coast N.F. Malabar Steamship Co.
B Indira 278 M'Coast 3-12 Malabar Steamship Co.
N.O Kenkou Maru, 2721, Karachi, 1-12, M B Kaisha.

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Ranpura 10-12, P & O S N Coy.
Rawalpindi 24-12, P & O S N Co.
Ranchi 26-12 P. & O. S. N. Co.
Kaiser-I-Hind 17-12, P & O S N Coy.
Bangalore 5-12, M M and Co.
Narkunda 3-12 P & O S N Co.

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 12-12, M M and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL

Halizones 3-12 James Finlay and Co.
Clan Ronald 14-12 James Finlay and Coy.
City of Venice 30-11, James Finlay and Co.

FROM SYDNEY.

Maloja 5-12, P & O S N Coy.

FROM CHINA & JAPAN

Koshin Maru, 10-12, O. S. Kaisha.
Conte Rosso 11-12 Lloyd Triestino.
Victoria 2-12, Lloyd Triestino.
Tokiwa Maru, 16-12, N. Y. Kaisha.
Mirzapore 6-12, P & O S N Co.
Naldera 12-12 P. & O. S. N. Co.
Naples Maru 18-12, O. S. Kaisha.
Borneo Maru 24-12 O S Kaisha.
Buyo Maru 21-12, O S Kaisha.
Genoa Maru 26-12, N Y Kaisha.

FROM CALCUTTA

Gamaria 15-12 M. M. and Co.
Bamora 9-12 M. M. and Co.

FROM JAVA PORTS.

Salawati 2-12, Volkart Bros.
Silverceder 6-12, Volkart Bros.

FROM GENOA.

Conte Verde 16-12, Lloyd Triestino.

FROM RANGOON.

Gambada 12-12 M. M. & Co.

FROM BASRA.

Bandra 3-12, M M and Co.
Vasna 12-12 M. M. and Co.
Varela 5-12, M M and Co.
Baroda 10-12 M.M. & Co.

FROM NEW YORK

City of Dundee, 5-12, F. F. Campbell & Co.
Pres. Hayes 10-12-36 F. F. Campbell and Coy.
City of Auckland 16-12, F F Campbell and Co.

FROM KARACHI

Vita 3-12 M.M. and Co.

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON.

Maloja 5-12, P & O S N Coy.
Naldera 12-12 P. & O. S. N. Co.
Strathnaver, 19-12 P and O S N Coy.
Nowshera 5-12, M. M. and Co.
Ranchi, 26-12, P and O S N Coy.

FOR HAMBURG

Rotenfels 1-12 Lionel Edwards.

FOR SYDNEY.

Narkunda 3-12, P & O S N Co.

FOR LOS ANGELES.

Salawati 18-12, Volkart Bros.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Castalia 7-12, Graham's Trading Coy.
City of Benares 7-12, Killick Nixon & Co.

FOR NEW YORK

Silverceder 11-12 Volkart Bros.
City of Dundee 8-12 F. F. Campbell and Co.
City of Auckland 20-12, F F Campbell and Co.
Pres. Hayes 11-12, F F Campbell and Co.
Pres. Wilson 25-12, F F Campbell and Co.

FOR GENOA

Carnaro 1-12 Lloyd Triestino.
Victoria, 2-12, Lloyd Triestino.

FOR CHINA & JAPAN

Bangalore 7-12 M. M. and Co.
Conte Verde 16-12, Lloyd Triestino.
Shunko Maru 8-12 O S Kaisha.
Hokushin Maru 14-12 O S Kaisha.
Tapti 3-12 M.M. and Co.
Koshin Maru 25-12 O S Kaisha.
Naples Maru 31-12 O S Kaisha.
Mayebashi Maru 3-12, N Y Kaisha.
Ginyo Maru 12-12, N Y Kaisha.

FOR JEDDAH

Alavia 9-12 Turner Morrison and Coy.

FOR BASRA.

Varsova 3-12, M M and Co.
Barpeta 2-12 M M and Co.
Bamora 9-12 M. M. and Co.

FOR KARACHI

Vita 5-12 M. M. and Co.

FOR DURBAN.

Karanja 23-12 M M and Co.
Tairea, 9-12, M M and Co.

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S.S. Kenkai Maru	30-11-36
S.S. Hokushin Maru	30-11-36
S.S. Mayebashi Maru	28-11-36
S.S. Pres. Harrison	28-11-36
S.S. Lalita	30-11-36
S.S. Varsova	30-11-36
S.S. Barpeta (boats)	30-11-36
S.S. Nurjehan	30-11-36
S.S. Sonavati	30-11-36
S.S. Parvati	30-11-36

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, Dec. 1.

M.S. Rotenfels, Agents L. Edward Ltd. from Hamburg:—500 bags P. Pearls; 250 bundles Y. M. squares; 132 bags Clove stemp; 49 bundles H. Lanterns; 581 cases Bolts and nuts; 15 bundles Batteries; 56 reels News printing paper; 814 bags paper; 284 cases sewing machines; 65 cases medicines; 61 cases Beer; 380 drums Mercury; 20 drums Radium biculphite 97 cases spirit; 500 bags starch; 20 casks Chemicals; 45 cases Cinema goods; 17 cases Earthen ware; 392 cases Glass bangles; 23 cases Iron screws; 160 ls. Steel tubes; 100 cases Slate pencils; 1222 coils Baling wire; 360 cases School slates; 50 cases Glass tumblers; 100 cases Whale oil; 250 cases Bolts and nuts.

From Antwerp:—321 cases Bolts and nuts; 380 drums Dyes dry; 250 casks Dyes paste; 550 drums Hydro sulphite 535 cases Beer; 277 pieces Iron pipes 234 bundles Iron pipes; 3268 coils G. barbed wire; 20 cases S. Silk yarn; 155 cases rivets; 615 bundles M.S. hoops; 200 bags Marble chips; 90 bundles Ply wood; 505 pieces M.S. joints; 70 drums Mineral oil; 185 cases Mendon glass; 50 bags Sulphate of soda; 450 barrels Slacked lime; 40 casks Basium Sulphide; 137 cases Wire nails; 103 coils Fencing wire; 75 rds. Cheese; 50 drums John Acitic acid; 3006 bundles Railing hoops; 250 bundles M.S. circles; 1020 bags Farina; 156 bags Straw boards; 71 bags paper.

From Naples:—13486 baskets Potatoes.

From Port Said:—105 bales cotton; 325 bags Garlic; 1070 cases Figs; 45 Cylinders Anydrao's Amonia.

From Bremen:—47 cases Lead plates; 26 cases Glass jars; 805 cases Bolts and nuts; 450 bundles Iron wire; 166 cases Iron hinges; 35 cases Toys; 162 pieces Tyres; 20 cases Cycle parts; 60 cases Screws; 416 pieces Galv. plates 300 cases School slates; 478 cases Beer; 100 cases Starch; 8800 pieces Sleepers; 171 pieces M.S. plates; 2297 packages M.S. hoops; 24 cases Sewing machines; 110 bags Broken tiles; 265 bunnles Iron sheets.

EXPORTS

S.S. Nowshera for Middlesborough:—2,500 tons Manganese ore. J. F. Finlay and Co.

For London.—100 bales Cotton raw Barot Bros. and Co. 100 bales Cotton fly V. A. Sane and Coy.

S.S. Castalia for Glasgow:—300 tons Indian Banxite ore The 6h. Synd Ltd. 3000 bags Lentils S. M. Rajgor and Co.

For Liverpool:—800 bags Dill seed S. M. Rajgor and Co.; 60 bales cotton Langley and Co.; 48 bales wool V. Amersey; 75 bags cotton waste B. Karsandas and Co.

S.S. City of Venice for Philadelphia; 22 bags Goat skins D. Abraham and Sons.

For New York:—70 bags Goat skins D. Abraham and Sons.

For Marseilles:—60 bales cotton fly V. A. Save and Co.; 25 bales cotton fly Sapt Tix Products; 1280 bags gr-nut seed M. Bhuta & Co.

For Liverpool:—1000 packets Myrabollams C. Mehta and Co; 3000 bags Gr. oil cake F. H. Cassum and Co., 1280 bags Gr. oil cake A. Oomerbhoy; 50 bales cotton fly V. A. Save and Co.; 62 bales cotton Japan Cotton Tr. Co.; 134 bags Gr. kernels M. Bhuta and Co.

S.S. Mayebashi Maru for Osaka:—300 bags Iron scrap A. Popatlal and Co.; 200 bales cotton Langley and Co.; 200 bales cotton T. M. Kaisha; 500 bales Cotton S. Karanshi and Co.

For Kobe:—600 bales cotton Langley and Co.; 500 bales cotton A. Khaij and Co.; 400 bales cotton V. Ladha and Co.; 500 bales cotton B. Gangadhar and Co.; 1100 bales cotton N. Nagsee and Co.; 300 bales cotton Kotak and Co.; 600 bales cotton N. Manilal and Co.; 500 bales cotton A. Podar and Co.

For Yokohama:—400 bales cotton N. Nagsee and Co.; 200 bales cotton T. M. Kaisha.

For Nagasaki:—400 bales cotton Japan Cotton Tr. Co.

S.S. Sturmfels for Salonica:—20 bags Henna powder; D. Abraham and Sons; 100 bales cotton S. R. Tulshan and Co.

For Antwerp:—110 bales cotton V. Ladha and Co.

S.S. Brauenfels for Hamburg:—1400 bags Gr. nut cake Mantai and Co.

S.S. Rotenfels for Antwerp:—50 bales cotton Amin and Sons.

S.S. Victoria for Genoa:—593 bags Linseed R. Ratilal and Co.; 220 bales cotton A. Clayton and Co. 220 bales cotton S. Karamshi and Co.

For London:—93 bundles Deer horns A. Gulam Hussein and Co.

S.S. Tapti for Kobe:—100 bales cotton Langley and Co.; 200 bales cotton K. Poonja and Co. 300 bales cotton A. Podar and Co.; 200 bales cotton N. Nagsee and Co.; 100 bales cotton K. Devchand and Co.

S.S. Ginyo Maru for Kobe:—200 bales cotton A. Podar and Co.; 200 bales cotton P. Dossa and Co.; 500 bales cotton Japan Cotton Tr. Co.; 200 tons scrap A. Popatlal & Sons.

For Nagasaki:—100 bales cotton M. Amersey and Co.

For Kobe Osaka:—300 bales cotton Japan Cotton Tr. Co.

For Osaka:—500 bales cotton Japan Cotton Tr. Co.; 1000 bags Iron scrap A. Popatlal and Sons.

S.S. Shunko Maru for Kobe Osaka:—200 bales cotton Japan Cotton Tr. Co.,

For Kobe:—500 bales cotton Japan Cotton Tr. Co.

For Osaka:—500 bales cotton Japan Cotton Tr Co.

LULL IN CALCUTTA SHARES

Calcutta, Nov 27

Messrs. Bhagwandas Nanavati and Co have issued the following report:—

There was in evidence a lullness in all the sections after a strenuous period of activity for the last four weeks. It seems as if after the recent rise in prices in all the leading sections the markets are stabilising and the prices adjust after profit taking is over, which we think has been.

JUTE

This section opened higher in sympathy with better raw commodity and manufactured goods market. Raw Jute went upto Rs. 36/10 and Hessian fatka Rs. 7/9/6. The rise could not be maintained for a long time as hesitant profit takers at once appeared on the scene; and the markets had a good set back Jute 34/14, Hessians 7/5/6. But this was soon arrested and the steady tone is witnessed in both the markets. Raw Jute quoting 35/12 and Hessians 7/7/6. As already expressed by us in our last report, we are confident of a steady rise in Jute shares and the present lull in the market is the time for investors to have their choiced scrips. But for the manipulations by speculators, there is no reason for downward trend. We are optimistic and expect revival of prices very soon. Coming to actual business the speculative counters Howrah and Kamarhatty went up to Rs. 54/12 ex div. and 533 dropped back to 52/14 and 529 and again steadied at Rs. 53/6 and 524 at close. Kanknarrah moved up to 438 and closed steady about 430. Kelvin recorded a deal at 525. Anglo-India moved up to 412 and closed steady at 404. Gourepore changed hands at 631 and steadied round 622

In Bird group Auckland touched 102 and closed 100, Dalhousie 98, Standard 102, Union 101, Lansdowne 101, Nuddea 305, Lawrence 400. In Wale group, Budge Budge came to business at 288, New Central, 383, Orient 185, Chevriot 182, Caledonian 142. Daily work done at 201, Barongore 148, Fort William 102 Port Glaster 340. India touching 247 were quoted 227 at close. In small denominations the prices of all had advanced in sympathy with other shares but closed steady. Clive 20/8, National 21/8, Adamji 15/6, Agarpara 23, Birla 18/14, Hukumchand 10.6, Nudden 47, Megna 20, Presidency 4/6, Northbrooke 43, Reliance 72, Empire 31/8, Hooghly 52/8.

Cotton: This section was featureless except Kesoram which changed hands at 3/12 from 3/6. Dunbar had a deal at 127, Bengal Nagpur 14, Elgin 111, Gokak 295, New Victoria 1.5.

Coal: This section was practically featureless with small turnover at unchanged prices. Bengal came to business at 305, Burrakpur 15/8, Bokaro Ramghar 14, Standard 32/12, Union 16, Katras Jherriah 21/4, East Indian 17, Amalgamated 23/8, Hurriladih 19/8, Mundulpore 7/10, New Beerbhoom 14, New Manbhoom 54, South Karanpura 6/4, Talcher 2/3. Equitable Coal Concern has announced the increase in capital by creating 60000 (sixty thousand) ord. shares of Rs. 10 each. The present shareholders shall have preference to buy in proportion of 25 shares for 100 shares held at Rs. 15 premium i.e. Rs. 25 per share. In view of the payment of debentures and the new scheme we think the present price of Rs. 35.12 should prove attractive to the buyers.

MISCELLANEOUS

During the week there was an appreciably lesser turnover in the leading engineering counters notably Indian Iron. Indian Iron old hovered round 47/8, New 49/12. The Engineering ... indexes 27/12 that is ... the prices. The easy tendency ... shares in the Bombay market is ... the dull ... the announcement of the ... entry ... to ... Steel ... tension ... in ... Steel and pave pleasant ... ing easier in sympathy but the tendency is steady. These ... low levels. Ordinary ... at 189 and deferred in the region of 80. At these levels investors will find it profitable to buy shares as the working of the concern is highly satisfactory, Burn and Co. ordinary changed hands at 285. Marshalls were done at 2.10, Britannia Building at Rs. 9, Kumardhubi Engineering at 3/15. In sugar section there was less doing and prices on balance were lower. Cawnpore were quoting 33/8, Canow 13/8, Buland 3/4 Rohtas 21/4, Murray Brewery 15/12 and Balmagur 14/8, B. I. Co. ordinary remained unaltered at 3/15. Burma Corporation doing up to 9/12 were easy at 9/8. Indian Copper Corporation moved between 2/8 and 3/12 the close being 3/10. Indian General were priced at 105, Port Shipping 18, Bengal Assam Steamship were marked at 250. There was a drop in the price of Indian Cable which touching 12/2 receded to Rs. 11. Consolidated Tin were rather erratic 7/10 and 8/2 being the low high limits. Midnapore Zemindary were steady at 88/8. In Paper Mills Shares Bengal Paper were marked at 103, Titaghur 22/4, Star Paper were selling -/12/- discount. Calcutta Safe deposit hovered round 1/10 premium. In public utility concerns Bengal Telephone ord were ... request at 21/4, Rangoon Telephone ... 15, Muttra Electric were quoting 11/4, Jubbulpore 15/8, Firpos were done at 12/8, Frank Ross 6/2, Associated Hotel 6/8, Reserve Bank were a weak market quoting 137/4.

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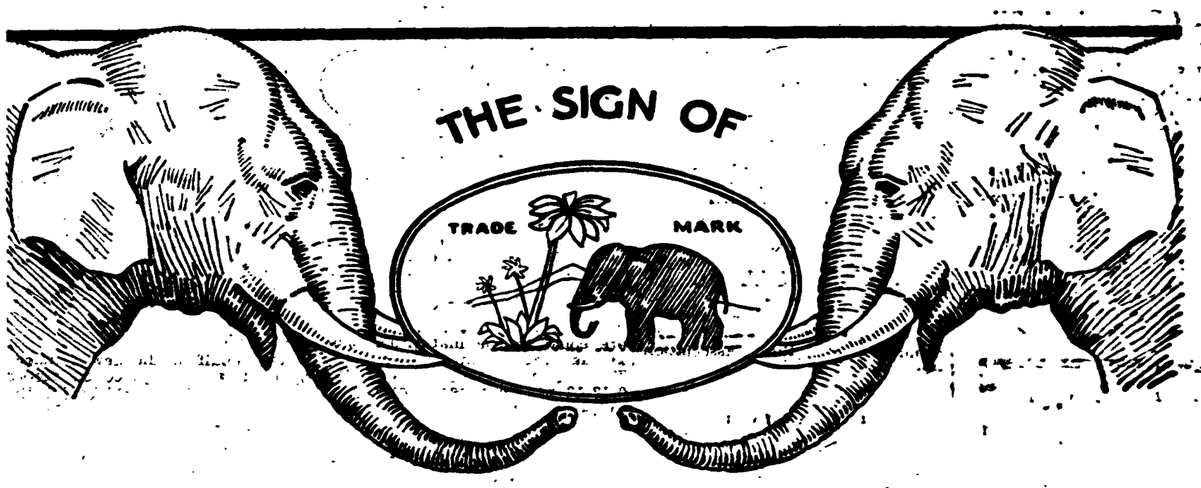

BEARS' QUALITY CIGARETTES

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 15 POINTS UP

Silver Better And Wheat Firm

BOMBAY, Dec 1

On Tuesday cross rates ruled quiet.

GOOD UNDERTONE IN NEW YORK COTTON

New York cotton displayed brighter sentiment on report of good demand in textiles. The undertone was good.

SILVER BETTER

London gold was easy but silver was better.

WHEAT FIRM

Wheat ruled firm on good outside support.

SECURITIES NEGLECTED

The London Stock Exchange was quiet but steady in the absence of any interesting feature. Giltedged securities continued to be neglected.

COTTON EXCHANGES

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1937.

New York, Dec 1

Previous closing	11.83
To-day's opening	11.89
Difference	+.06
To-day's closing	11.98
Difference	+.15

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1937.

Liverpool, Dec 1

Previous closing	6.52
To-day's opening	6.56
Difference	+.04
To-day's closing	6.56
Difference	+04

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 219-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Dec 1

Cotton continued to display cheerful sentiment as a result of encouraging overseas advices together with healthier situation in the textile industry. However the uncertainty surrounding future Government agricultural policies particularly with regard to the disposal of Government holdings restricted business.

Trading in March began at 11.89 i.e. 6 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and good textiles demand together with trade buying near months under the influence of which March gradually rose to 11.91 with a steady undertone.

New York cotton finally closed at 11.98 with a rise of 15 points for March delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Dec 1

The following were the opening ranges:—

December (12.02/12.00) 12.05/12.05
January (11.89/11.85) 11.91/11.91
March (11.83/11.81) 11.89/11.88

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Dec 1

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American December (6.56) 6.57
American January (6.55) 6.56
Egyptian January (10.07) 10.20
Egyptian March (9.98) 10.11

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Dec 1

The market was closed at night.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Dec 1

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

METALS

Tin (£234 3/4 buyers £236 1/4 sellers. Barely steady) £230 1/4 buyers £230 3/4 sellers. Easy

Lead (£23 3/8 buyers £23 1/2 sellers. Steady) £22 5/8 buyers £22 3/4 sellers. Easy

Electrolytic Copper (£48 3/4 to £49) £48 1/2 to £49

Glasgow Iron (£78) £78

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay December January (£14 sellers) £14 1/8 sellers

Linseed Calcutta December January (£13 11/16 sellers) £13 11/16 sellers

Linseed La Plata December (£11 3/8 nominal) £11 5/16 sellers

Groundnuts Coromandal January (£15 3/8 sellers) £15 1/8 sellers

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2
Indian Pekoe higher (1-3) 1-1
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher 2-1 1/4) 2-1 1/4

JUTE

New Crop December January (£18 1/2) £18 9/16 buyers

Dunlop January (£22 1/4 sellers) £22 1/4 sellers

Lightning January (£20 1/4 sellers) £20 1/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (8 13/16) 8 13/16 paid and buyers

Forward April June (8 13/16) 8 7/8 paid and value

WOOL SALES

London, Dec 1

There was active general demand in good selection. Withdrawals were frequent among speculators. Merinos were at high limits.

Greasy lower 0-9
Greasy higher 1-10
Scoured lower 1-3
Scoured higher 2-7

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, Dec 1

Previous closing	4.90 23/32
To-day's opening	4.91
To-day's latest	4.90 5/8

(At the time of New York cotton closing.)

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, Dec 1

Previous closing	4.90 5/8
To-day's opening	4.90 11/16
To-day's closing	4.90 9/16
Difference	—.00 1/16

FRANC RATE.

London, Dec 1

Previous closing	105.16
To-day's opening	105.13
To-day's closing	105.15
Difference	—.01

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Dec 1

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.90 11/16 and then improved to 4.91 on better support with a steadier tendency.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.90 9/16

Franc opened at 105.13 and then eased to 105.16 on lack of buying power.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 105.15.

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Dec 1

The following cable information was received from London to-night.

"India bought. China sold. Buyers satisfied. Market steady."

LONDON SILVER

	London, Dec 1 Last Price.	To-day's Price.
Spot	21d.	21 1/8d.
Forward	21d.	21 1/8d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Dec 1

Gold per fine ounce (£7-1-11) £7-1-7

DISCOUNTS

London, Dec 1

3 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent

4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent.

6 months (5/8 to 3/4 per cent) 5/8 to 3/4 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, Dec 1 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1.6 1/8)	1.6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (7.936)	7.937
New York on Bombay (37.03)	37.07
Berlin in Bombay (0.92)	0.92
London on Milan (93.06)	93.12
London on Shanghai (1-2 17/32)	1-2 9/16
London on Kobe (1-2 1/32)	1/32

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Dec 1

Chicago wheat opened very steady with December at 1.20 3/8. Prices advanced on scattered buying and good outside demand influenced by encouraging foreign cables.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Dec 1

Liverpool wheat opened easier with December at 102, March 97 and May 96 1/4. Prices declined early on selling pressure influenced by disappointing outside cables but subsequently the market developed better tendency on renewed purchases by Italy giving the market good undertone.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Dec 1

	Rs. a. p.
Wheat January 1937	5 7 3
Wheat May 1937	5 5 0
Linseed May 1937	7 4 6

Wheat and Linseed steady.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED
May 1937 Delivery.

London, Dec 1

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association.).

	Rs. a. p
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7 4 6
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 4 9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7 5 9
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 5 9

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Dec 1

6-0 p.m.

	Rs. a. p.
Silver ready	32 3 0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Dec 1

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 1/2 as against the previous closing at the same rate.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Dec 1

3-30 p.m.

Interest centred in home industrials in general. Otherwise markets generally were quiet with only small business. Giltedgeds were dull. Kaffirs, rubbers and oils were firmer.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85) £85
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107 1/4) £107 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 7/8) £107 7/8
5 per cent Indian Loan (£117 3/8) £117 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 1/4) £106 1/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 3/8) £115 3/8

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (18-0 ex div) 18-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (£4 5/8 Ex Div) £4 5/8
Hydro Electric (dol 8 3/8) dol 8 5/8
Musical Industries (23-9) 23-9
Princhin Johnson (52-6) 52-6
Imperial Chemical (42-9) 42-9
Imperial Chemical Ordinary (10-10 1/2) 10-10 1/2
Woolsworth New Ford (180-0) 91-3 Ex Bonus
Realisation 1930 (£92 3/4) £92 1/4
Dunlop Rubber (35-6) 35-6
Unilever Ordinary (40-9) 40-0 Ex Dividend.
Ford Motors (33-9) 33-1 1/2
Cables and Wireless (.86) .86
British American Tobacco (130-0) 129-4 1/2
Carreas A (£10 5/8) £10 7/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (£177 1/2) £177 1/2
P and O S N Company Deferred (30-9 ex div) 32-9
Distillers (119-6) 118-4 1/2
Bredford Dyers (9-7 1/2) 9-4 1/2
British Celanese (9-3) 9-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (32-9) 32-9
Courtaulds Ordinary (36-3) 36-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (9-6) 9-6
Vickers Limited Ordinary (35-0) 35-0
Inter Nickels (.86 1/2) .86
Bengal Iron and Steel (10-9) 10-9
Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, Dec 1

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£101 1/2) £101 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian (£99 1/2) £99 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£115) £115
4 1/2 per cent 1958-63 (£118) £118
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£109 1/2) £109 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942/47 (£113 1/2) £113 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1964/89 (£105 3/4) £105 3/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-75 (£112 1/4) £112 5/8

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (17-6) 18-9
Donaro Tea (44-0) 45-0
Empire of India Ceylon (27-6) 27-6

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (38-6) 38-6
Gula Kelampong (40-0) 40-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (38-6) 38-6

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£11) £11 1/4

MINING SHARES

Nandy (62-6) 62-6
Burma Corporation (13-10 1/2) 14-3
Rio Tintos (£19 5/8) £20
East Rand Proprietors (76-6) 76-6
Rand Imain (£9 1/8) £9 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 3/4) £15 7/8
Gedule New (£10 3/4) £10 3/4
New Modders (38-9) 38-9
Sub Nigel (£12 7/8) £13 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (43-6) 43-9
Union Corporation (£9 1/2) £9 1/2

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (51-10 1/2) 53-9
Anglo Iranian (93-1 1/2) 96-9
Burma Oil (105-1 1/2) 102-6
Mexican Eagle (29-0) 29-7 1/2
Shell Transport (£118 3/4) £118 3/4
Royal Dutch (£44 1/2) £44 1/2

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£63 3/8) £63 5/8
L and S Ordinary (£32 1/4) £33 1/4
L N E R Defd (.26) .25 3/4
Southern Dutch (£25 3/4) £25 3/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£137 3/4) £138 1/4 Ex Dividend.
London 'C' Stock (.96) .96

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Dec 1

The following were the opening rates:

General Motor (dol 49 3/4) dol 49 1/2
Anaconda Copper (dol 49 3/4) dol 49 1/8
U S Steel Common (dol 76 1/4) dol 76
U S Steel Preference (dol 147 ex div) unquoted.

Silver 1st settlement	32	3	0
Silver 2nd settlement	32	5	0
Gold ready	35	0	9
Gold 1st settlement	35	0	9
Gold 2nd settlement	35	1	0
Sovereigns	22	0	0

PATCHY BUSINESS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Amusement Concerns Harden

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Dec 1

On the Stock Exchange general business was patchy but there were several interesting features. Baird Television slumped on crystal-palace fire subsequently improving while shares of other amusement concerns hardened. Elsewhere strong demand appeared in Dormanlongs, Carreras, Piandes, Trinidad, Leaseholds, etc. resulting in substantial improvements.

In commodities, Cocoa was strong in sympathy with New York but was later easier. Tin was weak on the issue of bearish statistics. Copper was easier on bull liquidations.

Wall Street was narrowly irregular.

JUTE SHARES UNCHANGED

Fair Business In Teas

CALCUTTA, Dec 1

Jutes were unchanged at about yesterday's prices. Business was also very small. Coal displayed not much interest to-day.

Teas: Fair business was out through at gradually hardening rates.

Miscellaneous: Mining and Copper shares were firm while others were more or less unchanged.

Government securities were quiet but steady.

Following were the closing quotations:

Government securities: Three per cent loan 1951/54 103/8 small lot, three and half per cent paper 100/3, three and half per cent loan 1947/50 107/11, four per cent loan 1960/70 115/6 small lot, five per cent loan 1939/44 108/12 small lot, five per cent loan 1935/55 121/7, five per cent U P Bonds 1944 116/10 small lot, three per cent U P Bonds 1961/65 100/1

Banks: Ballygunge 104, Imperial fully paid 1563, Imperial conty 300/8, Reserve 138/8

Railways: Burdwan Cutwa 97, Burdwan ordy 20, Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar guaranteed 94 small lot,

Cottons: Kesoram 3/14, New Victoria ordy 1/4

Coals: Bengal 200, Bokaro and Ramgur 13/12, Burrakur 15/4, Paresea 1/5, Singareni 8/6, South Karanpura 6/6, Talcher 2/5.

Jutes: Agarpara 22/10, Barnagore 146/8, Birla 20 Champdany, 172, Delta 270, Fort William 262, Howrah 53/7, Hukumchand 10/4, India 324, Kamarhatty 524, Lansdowne 150 small lot, National 23/12 ex div, Standard pref 122 ex div.

Teas: Amluckie 51/8, Bateli 5/14, Daurscherra 10/8, East India 10/6, Gungaram Hattikhira 23/12 cum div, Hasimara 42, Kornafuli 12/4 ex div, Sarugoh 15/6.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 10 small lot, Consolidated Tin 3/5, Indian Copper 3/13, Karanpura Development 10/12, Bengal Chemical pref 17, Lister Antiseptic pref 108 small lot, Bengal Telephone ordy 21/8, Bengal Iron 7/13, Britannia Building and Iron 9/4, Britannia Engineering 2/1, Indian Iron and Steel 17/8 small lot, Kumardhubi Engineering ordy 3/3, Associated Hotel ordy 6/13, Associated Hotel pref 108, Bararee Coke 17 small lot, Calcutta Safe Deposit 1/13 premium, Firpo 13, Great Eastern Hotel 162, Spencer 7/10, Indian Cables 11/6, Walford Transport 2/10, Sreegopal Paper as. 3 dis., Titaghur Paper ordy 22/12, Midnapore Zemindary 38, India General Navigation ordy 100, Port Shipping 19, Balrampore Sugar 15.

Debentures: Three per cent 1966/66 Calcutta Municipal 100/2, three and quarter per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge 102/1.—A. P.

LONDON SHARE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Dec 1

Messrs. Lewis and Jones, Bombay, have received the following quotations by cable from their London Agents:

Names.	Latest prices. £
Rosterman Gold Mining Ordinary	0 5 10½
Guest, Keen and Nettlefold Ltd.	1 16 9
Turner and Newall	5 9 6
Associated Electric Industries	2 12 0
Attock Oil	0 17 9
Associated Portland Cement	5 6 9
Automatic Telephone and Elec Co.	2 6 6
American Rolling Mills Co	dol. 34.75
Beira Railways	1 15 6
United Br. Oilfields of Trinidad	0 14 4½
Marconi International Marine	1 16 6
Western Union Telegraph	dol. 90.00
General Electric Ordinary	4 13 0
Fairey Aviation Co Ltd	1 5 6
Perak Hydro Electric Ordinary	1 10 9
International Rlys of C America	dol. 10.50
Malayalam Plantations	1 17 9
British Burma Petroleum	0 8 6
Soudan Plantation Syndicate	2 2 0
British South Africa (Chartered)	1 16 0
Pahang Consolidated Ord	1 7 3
Indian Copper Corporation Ordinary	0 5 3
Brazilian Traction Light and Power	dol. 18.15
American Radiator	dol. 22.25
Timken Roller Bearing Co.	dol. 72.50
American Can Company	dol. 124.00
General Foods Corporation	dol. 42.50
Capital Securities Trust Units	0 11 4½
British Treasury Bills (3 months)	0 11 5.29 p.c. p.a.

70 GAMBLING ARRESTS AT JUBBULPORE

JUBBULPORE, Dec. 1.

According to a report received here from Drug, 70 persons have been arrested by the police at Drug on the charge of gambling. The police, on receipt of information, raided the house of one Prem Barai, and took the gamblers by surprise. A sum of Rs. 275 was also seized.—United Press.

MANCHESTER CLOTH TRADE

Indian Buying Limited

A Liverpool firm writes:—

Cloth.—A larger turnover is being maintained and better prices are being obtained for most of the goods that are sold. Even in the case of India some advance has been extracted from dealers, but it has been a difficult process and there has been little general improving in prices for that country.

Some manufacturers are booked as far ahead as they care to go and are only prepared to sell now if they can do so, at prices which will cover any likely advance in the pay of the operatives. The last few weeks have seen the restarting of many idle spindles and looms and more are being got ready for an early resumption of work.

It is more than a little disquieting that India has not participated in the revival to any appreciable extent. There have been good spurts of speculative buying by some of the Indian shipping houses but there has been no sustained general buying movement and the turnover cannot be regarded as satisfactory.

Reports have been received of a larger business for South America. Dyed and coloured goods have been bought in substantial quantities and some makers of split printers and poplins have secured good contracts.

A more prolific enquiry from Egypt for white shirtings, mulls, and tangibs has had better results.

The offtake of heavy bleaching cloths, brocades and hight class prints by West Africa has again been encouraging.

Of the Continental outlets, Germany, Switzerland and Denmark have been the best. Transactions have embraced cambrics, muslins, sateens, printing cloth and greys. Some very good lines of fancy shirtings and typewriter cloths have been fixed up for the United States.

Colonial markets have been vigorous buyers of an extensive range of cloth.

Coronation prints, poplins, heavy bleached goods and rayon fabrics have all been booked in good quantities.

Home Trade houses report that goods are moving into consumption at a better rate. This has resulted in an improved demand for many classes of goods, but prints, casement cloths, warp satins, narrow poplins, tent and cable cloths and plain cloths in particular, have all been bought in generous quantities.

Yarn.—The American spinning section has had another good week. Both turnovers and deliveries have been excellent and there has been a further stiffening of prices. The advance has not been of a uniform character but has depended upon the state of each firms orderly. It is not going too far, however, to state that most firms have improved their margins by a full 1/4d per lb. in the last few weeks. Some heavy weights of coarse and medium ring qualities have been booked but the most encouraging sign has been the way in which the business has been spread out. Most firms have had a share.

Large deliveries are being taken by Hosiery firms against existing contracts but very little fesh buying has taken place. Evidently the Hosiery makers are expecting a price reaction but whatever happens to cotton spinners quotations, from now onwards, will have to make some provision for high wages. At the present time about 95 per cent of active spindles are working.

There has not been the same activity in the Egyptian section but here also the position is healthier. Some good weights of two-fold and specialities have been sold. Prices have strengthened in several directions but weak spots can still be found. Buying of export yarns has been more agressive.

Japan To Buy Australian Wheat

Bombay, Dec. 1.

Messrs. M. and B. Stern State:—The Liverpool Market was strong on reports that Government had set up a Food Commission together with further purchases of Australian by Italy and a sharp rise in shippers' offers. According to the "Times of Argentine" some cutting has been effected north of San Francisco and many growers are guaranteeing delivery for December. It goes on to suggest an exportable surplus of between 3½ and 4 million tons after allowing 2 3/4 million tons for home consumption and seeding. It appears possible that in the near future, the differences between the Japanese and Australian Governments may be settled and Japan may resume purchases of Australian wheat. Some of the recent chartering of tonage for loading Australian grain include options for the Far East. The latest cable through Reuters' reads: "Buenos Aires" (Nov. 30). The sky is overcast and weather is warm after showers in the South. Midwest Buenos Aires where it is feared a loss of 25 per cent has resulted from drought is now notiseably recovering, while in other sections great expectations are held."

Mahakoshal Congress Elections

JUBBULPORE, Dec. 1.

The president of the Mahakoshal Congress Committee has fixed December 5, for holding the elections of the office-bearers to the Provincial Congress Committee; to return 15 members to represent the Mahakoshal in the A. I. C. C.

The meeting will now be held at Bilaspur, instead of Jubbulpore as reported previously.—United Press.

NEED FOR COMPLETE VITAL STATISTICS

Dr. Shiveshwarker On Social Services Of Government Of Bombay

The first of a series of nine public lectures on "The Social Services of the Government of Bombay", organised by Sir Dorabji Tata Graduate School of Social Work, was delivered by Dr. R. V. Shiveshwarker, D.P.H., Assistant Director of Public Health, at the Nagpada Neighbourhood House, on Tuesday.

The subject was: "The Public Health Programme of the Government of Bombay."

Dr. Shiveshwarkar after giving a brief history of the Public Health Administration in the province since 1863, dealt with the activities of several departments under the Director and Assistant Directors of Public Health.

VITAL STATISTICS

Of these, the Department dealing with Vital Statistics was important. The speaker was of the opinion that collection and tabulation of Vital Statistics needed much improvement, as in rural areas, the difficulties of collecting information, registration of births and report of deaths, were matters which required greater cooperation on the part of the public. The village Patels who were entrusted with obtaining information regarding deaths and their causes were severely dealt with, in case of any negligence of duty, and this resulted in an improvement in the direction of collection of correct information.

The lecturer next dwelt in detail on the prevention of epidemic diseases like small-pox, cholera, plague and explained the methods adopted by the Public Health officials in taking preventive measures. In this field vaccination and inoculation were carried out on a large scale and vaccines were kept at the disposal of the official in generous quantities.

Referring to the problem of Urban Sanitation, he said that the efforts of the Public Health Department were directed towards getting the municipalities and other local authorities to adopt the standard of men and materials required for efficient conservancy. In all inspection reports, the effects of bad conservancy on the Health of people were prominently brought to the notice of the local authorities and improvement in the equipment provided and the type of latrine—private and public—suitable for the towns were pointed out. Two conservancy systems were adopted, but a common drawback was that no demand had yet been created among the agriculturists for the manure and the co-operation of the Agricultural Department was being enlisted in many areas for this purpose.

CAMPAIGN AGAINST GUINEA WORM

While in urban areas generally, pipe-water was available for drinking, in rural areas all sources of drinking water were inspected by the Inspectors of Sanitation and defects noted were sought to be remedied by the District Local Boards or the Village Sanitary Committees wherever such existed.

Government placed at the disposal of the Commissioners of Divisions grants for the improvement of village water supplies, and they were spent by the Collectors for the purpose. The officers of the Public Health Department rendered advice as to the location of sites for wells and the care of the surroundings as well as disposal of waste water. In order to stamp out guinea-worm disease several step wells converted into draw wells every year on the advice of the Department officials. In some districts, efforts for stamping out guinea-worm disease were made through chemical treatment of step wells during certain seasons of the year under the advice and direction of the Public Health officials.

Similarly, vigorous steps were taken towards maintaining adequate drainage systems.

One of the important duties of the officers of this department was the selection of sites for extension of towns and villages for the relief of congestion and scrutiny of all schemes for the extension of towns. In rural areas, selection of sites for location of villages which have been rendered unfit for habitation due to ravages of malaria, flooding of rivers, etc., was done by the officials of the Department. Sites for burial grounds, schools, markets, playgrounds, hospitals and dispensaries were selected by the Public Health officials. During famines, important duties were performed in connection with the selection of camps, erection of temporary dispensaries, relief of the sick and prevention of epidemics.

AGAINST ADULTERATION

Adulteration of food-stuffs was dealt with under the Bombay Prevention of Adulteration Act, 1925, which followed closely the English sale of food and drugs Act, 1875, except in that drugs were omitted.

In order to improve the maternity services in the rural areas, the Lady Wilson Village Maternity Association was organised by one of the officers of this Department. Of late the value of Infant Welfare Centres was being recognised, and there was a great demand for starting of such centres, at Taluka Headquarters. They were being organised by the officers of this department. Trained midwives were attached to all Taluka Dispensaries to improve the maternity services. Health visitors were now being engaged by several Municipalities and the Director of Public Health had a scheme under consideration to popularise the employment of trained Health Visitors by the Local Bodies by providing subsidies from Government.

STRENGTHENING CUSTOMS CORDONS

To Check Smuggling From French Territory

NEW DELHI, Dec. 1.

A Government Communique announces that with a view to effectively suppressing smuggling into British India from the French settlements of Pondicherry and Karikal, of highly dutiable articles such as sugar, silk and sacharine, the Government have decided greatly to strengthen the customs cordons and also to place an outer cordon around Karikal. Further, the coast north and south of both the settlements will be patrolled by coastguards and launches. The Collector of salt revenue, Madras will be in charge of the whole preventive arrangements.—A.P.

TRADE PACT BETWEEN BURMA AND JAPAN

NEW DELHI, Dec. 1.

Mr. Booth Gravely, who has been appointed to represent Government of Burma to conduct the trade negotiations with Japanese Consul-General for a separate Trade Agreement between Burma and Japan, arrives in New Delhi to-morrow.

It is understood, the next meeting between Messrs. Dow and Yonezawa, in connection with the Indo-Japanese trade talks, comes off probably on Friday.—United Press.

INDO-JAPANESE TRADE TALKS

NEW DELHI, Dec. 1.

A Communique states:—

"Indo-Japanese discussions were carried a stage further at a meeting held between the delegates of the Japanese Government and the Government of India this morning.

"Mr. Dow informed Mr. Yonezawa that the Government of Burma had decided to depute Mr. Booth Gravely to conduct negotiations on their behalf with the Japanese Government and that Mr. Booth Gravely would be arriving at Delhi for that purpose on the 2nd December."—United Press.

No Temple Entry Problem In Kashmir

JAMMU (By Mail).

The recent pronouncement of His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore throwing open all public wells to Harijans, has been warmly received here in the Jammu State where, of about eight lakhs Hindu population, about two lakhs are Harijans. The Maharaja Sir Hari Singh has always shown solicitude for the welfare of the down-trodden people of his State and His Highness was the first among the Indian Princes to throw open all State temples to the Harijans.

It may be stated in this connection that, at present there is absolutely no distinction between Harijans and caste Hindus in the Jammu State as regards worship in temples.—United Press.

Further Foreign Buying In Cotton

Cloth Sales Fairly Good

Statistical Position Gaining Strength

BOMBAY, Dec. 1.

On Monday the New York Cotton Exchange was fairly firm and active.

There was further foreign buying which hardened prices.

Hedge selling is fast disappearing and with fairly good cloth sales the statistical position is gaining strength.

The New York cotton futures market opened firm and was active early in the session on further trade covering in near months with January and March positions influenced by the strength of December and some Commission House buying. Prices later partially reacted on increased hedge selling and realising.

The market thereafter quietened down with little outside interest. Spot cotton was quiet but firm. Finally trade buying again put in its appearance in near months with the session finishing steady. Trading on the whole was uninteresting, foreign buying was one of the reasons for an upturn in near positions.

At the opening March was quoted 7 points up at 11.81 and under buying prices improved further by 4 points and March was quoted 11.85 which was the highest level for the day reached during the first hour.

Later on there was realising and some hedge selling which caused a setback of 8 points from the highest level and March was quoted 11.77 at noon which was the lowest level for the day.

In the afternoon there was a marked absence of any selling and under trade buying prices advanced 6 points from the lowest level and the market closed at a net rise of 9 to 3 points.

Spot cotton prices advanced 9 points at 12.43c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 8 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices were raised 5 points at 12.28c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of one point but soon a rise of 4 points was reached with March 6.53. There was hedge selling and Bombay selling which was taken up by trade and local operators. Near months advanced on transferring hedges to distant months. Later on there was local support due to firmness of New York market which met with hedge selling. Near months closed at a rise of 3 to 9 points and distant deliveries closed unchanged. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 6 points at 6.77d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures market was steady and closed unchanged. At the close January, March and May positions were quoted 5.50.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton futures market was steady with a moderate turnover. Sakels futures closed 8 to 10 points up with spot cotton 7 points down at 10.95d. Uppers futures gained 2 to 3 points with spot cotton 4 points up at 7.10.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was steady with scattered buying. Sakels futures advanced 5 to 13 points and Ashmouni futures were 3 to 10 points higher.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. March highest 11.85+11 (10-46 a.m.) lowest 11.77+03 (12.43 p.m.)

Liverpool March highest 6.56+57 lowest 6.50+01.

Messrs. Counilal Mehta and Co. Ltd., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends.—

Liverpool. Market steady on strength of America. Favourable New York advices offset by hedge selling. Bullish.

Liverpool. Market has a better undertone. There is a growing feeling in favour of commodities. Lancashire yarn business is healthy with prospects of continuance.

New York. Spot houses and Co-operatives covered December and sold distants.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received to-day the following cable advice from their Foreign Friends:—

New York: "Near months shorts getting nervous. October declined due to fears of increase in acreage. Sentiment mixed."

New York: "Good cloth markets. Good trade demand. Market has a strengthening tendency. Think statistical position justifies higher prices."

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables:—

Cable received from New York Cotton Exchange Service:

Estimate world consumption October American 1926 all 2429.

America:—Cloth sales smaller, but Mill activity fully maintained; mills sold months ahead.

England:—Quieter.

Italy:—Slow.

Japan:—Active but trend switching foreign growths continues.

Cable received from their Liverpool Agents:

Considerable buying May, July, and selling October.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Nov. 30.

December	12.00+09
January	11.86+09
March	11.83+09
May	11.68+08
July	11.55+05
October	11.17—03
Middling Spot	12.43+07

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, Nov. 30.

December	11.96+08
January	11.81+08
March	11.78+06
Middling Spot	12.28+05
11-00 a.m.—	
December	12.01
January	11.90
March	11.85
Noon Call.—	
December	11.99
March	11.81

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, Nov. 30.

	bales.
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	62,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	18,000
Day's Exports to the Continent	23,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, Nov. 30.

December	6.53+03
January	6.53+01
February	6.52+03
March	6.52+03
April	6.50+03
May	6.49+04
June	6.46+02
July	6.44+02
August	6.32
September	6.27
October	6.22
November	6.18
Middling Spot	6.77+06
10-12 a.m. quotations.—	
January	6.53
March	6.53

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Nov. 30.

January	10.09
March	10.00
May	9.97
July	9.94
September	9.94
F.G.F. Spot	10.95

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, Nov. 30.

BROACH.—	
Fully (Good Staple)	5.43
Fine (Good Staple)	5.58
Superfine (Good Staple)	5.73
OOMRA—	
Fine (No 1 staple)	5.47
Superfine (No 1 staple)	5.62
Choice (No 1 staple)	5.77
BENGAL—	
Good	4.26
Fully Good	4.36
Fine	4.48

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
London, Nov. 30.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£75
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£87 3/8
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£90 1/2
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£115
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£85
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£107 1/4
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£106 1/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	117 3/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	115 3/8
Chartered Bank of India Australia and China	£16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	£108
National Bank of India	£47 1/4
P and O Banking Corporation	£10

LONDON SEEDS.
London, Nov. 30.

Linseed. La Plata Hull C. I. F. Nov nominal	£11/7/6
Linseed Calcutta London C. I. F. Nov-Dec. sellers	£13/13/9
Linseed Bombay London C. I. F. Nov-Dec. sellers	£13/16/3
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont. C. I. F. Nov-Dec. sellers	£13/2/6
Castorseed Bombay Hull C. I. F. Nov-Dec. sellers	£14/0/0

LINSEED OIL.
London, Nov. 30.

Linseed Oil, Naked London per cwt. Dec. sellers	25/4 1/2
Linseed Oil, Naked London per cwt. Jan-Apr. sellers	25/3

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, Nov. 30.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe. Jan-Feb. paid	36/1 1/2
Wheat Barletta Russo Jan-Feb. sellers	36/1 1/2
Wheat South Australian Dec. sellers	41/3

NEW YORK COFFEE.
New York, Nov. 30.

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality)	8 1/2

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Dec. 1.

In sympathy with a rise of 9 points in New York cotton futures the local market opened steady at Rs. 218/4 for Broach A/M. delivery and improved to Rs. 218/8 on scattered buying. At this level there was some selling and prices declined to Rs. 218/4. Weekly double option premium is Rs. 1/4 and local operators see no reason for any important fluctuation. The tone of the market was quiet.

Liverpool market was due to open at a decline one point but the market opened at a rise of 4 points and Broach A/M delivery advanced to Rs. 218/12. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M	218/4
Oomra D/J	197
Oomra March	197
Bengal D/J	160
Bengal March	160/12

Cotton Tenders

Bombay, Dec. 1.

	To-day
Bengal D/J.	Nil.
Oomra D/J.	200

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Dec. 1.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M. G.—					
Bengal U.P.	...	170	167	164	161
Punjab	...	170	167	164	161
Oomra No. 3	207	204	201	198	...
C.P. No. 1	222	219	216	213	...
C.P. No. 2	212	209	206	203	...

READY COTTON SALES

Bombay, Dec 1

500 Viram Ladha, Dholera 10 off
135 Arjan Khimji Limbdi 206 1/4
61 Arjan Khimji Bavla 12 1/2 off
100 Samji Karamshi Sangrur 8 1/2 on
200 K Devchand Dabhoi 4 on
200 Kotak and Co Banusa Kalipati 4 off
42 N Poddar Partur old 181
58 Andarshan Kaletan Jaipur 152
38 Sawasti Mill Bhilwara 155

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 1.

Bengal Superfine	173/175
Bengal Fine	168/170
C.P. 1 Fine	212/216
C.P. 2 Fine	203/208
Arvi Fine	203/208
Ellichpur Fine	203/208
Berar Fine	198/203
Khamgaon Fine	198/204
Mulkapur Fine	196/202
Khandesh Fine	193/198
Jalna/Sailu Fine	196/200
Burwah Sanavad Fine 1935-36 crop.	203/205
Broach	213/218
Dholleras	203/208
Paniki American	203/208
Sind N. Dasnamoo	233/238
Punjab 289 F.	238/243
Cambodia	253/258
Compta	206/215
Westerns	203/208
Miraj	203/208
Jagadia Ankleshwar	238/240
Surat	243/250
Navsari	256/258

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Dec 1

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY
Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	2 days.	This year.
Khandesh	721	7,444
Central India	937	13,893
Barsi and Nagar	470	14,598
Hyderabad Gaorani	522	2,200
Berar	4,035	55,815
Central Provinces	840	10,946
Total Oomras	7,525	105,496
Dholera	153	2,252
N W Provinces	...	1,905
Rajputana	...	2,480
Sind- Punjab	1,584	52,546
Broach	...	2,188
Coompta and Dharwar	...	6,253
Westerns-Northerns	...	4,689
Cocoanada	...	16
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	1,067
Persian	...	8
American	...	1,318
Egyptian and African	244	55,272
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	1
Total	9,506	235,341

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 26th Nov

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday.	This year.
Europe	2,759	56,158
Japan and China	10,954	155,963
Coast Ports	101	4,202
Up-country by Rail	...	46,375
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	16,895
Total	13,814	279,593

American Cotton Figures

F P Bales	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 30-11-36	4514000	4703000
Receipts yesterday 30-11-36	62000	39000
Exports to date 30-11-36	2314000	2548000
Stock at Ports 27-11-36	2980000	3007000
Stock at Interior Towns 27-11-36	2397000	350000
Stock at Liverpool 27-11-36	812000	501000
Visible Supply 27-11-36	6780000	6836000
Quantity in sight 27-11-36	8312000	7910000
Quantity out of sight 27-11-36	4784000	4180000

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD

The following rates prevailed in the market on 1st day of December 1936

Broach Fully Good Quality

(B.T.)	Vaidas. April-May 1936.
10-30	Rs. 218/8
12-30	Rs. 218/8
2-30	Rs. 218/8
4-30	Rs. 218/4
	April-May 1936-37
Highest	Rs. 218/12
Lowest	Rs. 218/4

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Dec. 1.

Yesterday London Gold prices declined one penny to £7-1-11 and London-Paris Exchange rate was 3 points up at 105.16. Dollar Sterling cross rate was quoted 4.90 23/32.

London Silver prices declined 1/16 to 21d. on Speculative Selling. India was a small buyers. Later on there was some buying by Indian interets at a price 1/6d over the fixed prices.

New York Spot Silver prices were unchanged at 45-1/8 cents. Montreal futures were 29 points up for distant deliveries but near month lost 8b points.

In the local market there was improved demand for Silver which resulted in a moderate improvement with scarcity of sellers. Gold was also fairly steady.

	Gold	Silver
Ready	35-0-9	52-3-0
Kartak	35-0-9	52-3-0
Magsar	35-0-3	53-6-0

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Nov. 30.

November	45.55+85
December	46.75+25
March	46.89+29

LONDON SILVER.
London, Nov. 30.

Spot	21
Forward	21

GOLD.
London, Nov. 30.

Gold Bars Fine per oz.	27/1/11

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Dec. 1.

London Market.—	
Standard Copper Cash (Buyers)	£44-2-6
Standard Copper 3 months	£44-10-0
Electrolytic copper	£49-5-0
New York.—	
Blue Eagle	10.50 cents.
Non-Blue Eagle	10.55 cents.
Bombay Market.—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 35-12-0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 45-8-0
Tone:—Very steady.	

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Nov. 30.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
Amer. Power and Light Com.	12
Amer. Power and Light Pfd. 5 p.c. A	68
Electric Bond Common	21
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd.	69
Consolidated (Gas) Edison	47
United Corpn.	7
American Tel. and Tel.	137
Western Union Telg.	89
Erie Rly.	16
Great Northn Pfd. Rly. has purchased New York Central Rly.	40
Northern Pacific Rly.	27
Union Pacific Rly.	130
Gen. Amr. Transportation	40
Bethelehem Steel	72
United States Steel	76
Anaconda Copper Mining	49
Int. Nickel of Canada XD	32 3/4
General Motors	69
General Electric	51 1/2
Westinghouse Airbrake	45
Socony	15 3/4
Amr. Celanese	27
Chase Bank	46
National City Bank	39
Amr. Car Foundry	52

Market irregular lower and more irregularities to be expected.

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 28th Nov.	8,388
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	225.835
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	289,896
Decrease	64,061

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES.

New York—Liverpool:—
Jan. 147 May 157 at Cross Rate 4.90 23/32.

Bombay—Liverpool:—
Broach A/M. 1937 218/8—Liverpool May 6.48 Rs. 63 3/4 at Exchange 1/6.

Bombay—New York:—
Broach A/M. 1937 218/8—New York May 11.48 Rs. 46 1/4 at Cross Rate 4.90 23/32.

High & Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Nov. 30.

Broach A/M. 1937 Op. 217 3/4; Highest 217 3/4; Lowest 217 1/2; Closing 217 1/2.

Oomra D/J. Op. 197 1/4; Highest 197 1/2; Lowest 196 1/2; Closing 196 1/2.

Oomra March Op. 196 1/2; Highest 197; Lowest 196 1/4; Closing 196 1/4.

Bengal D/J. Op. 159 3/4; Highest 159 3/4; Lowest 159; Closing 159 1/2.

Bengal March Op. 160; Highest 160 1/4; Lowest 159 3/4; Closing 160 1/4.

T/Mandi for Broach A/M. Settlement (21-12-36) Rs. 4 1/4.

T/Mandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 16 1/4.

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Dec. 1.

December	248.90
February	233.00+500
March	226.00+400
April	221.40
June	219.50

DANGEROUS TO BE SHORT IN WHEAT

Bombay, Dec. 1.

A private cable received here from Liverpool reads:—

"Think short side wheat specially December contract is extremely dangerous."

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Dec. 1.

T C RATES—	
T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D—	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 5/32
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 5/16
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	272 7/8
Banks selling T T	270 7/8
Banks buying T T	268 3/4
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	787
Banks buying T T	802
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	77 1/4
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	67 7/8
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	67 1/2
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	83 1/2
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	81 1/4
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	136 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	81
CROSS RATE—	
New York London 30th ulto.	4.90 3/4
Japan London 1st instant	1/2 1/32
Java London 1st instant	2.97 1/4
Hongkong London 1st instant	1/3 1/16
Shanghai London 1st instant	1/2 17/32
London Paris 30th ulto.	105.16
London Belgium 30th ulto.	29.05 1/2
London Switzerland 30th ulto	21.34 3/4
London Berlin 30th ulto.	12.19 1/2
London Stockholm 30th ulto.	19.39 1/2
London New York 30th ulto.	4.90 5/8
London Amsterdam 30th ulto	9.01 3/4
London Italy 30th ulto.	93.06
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.	
Gold.	
28th ulto.	27-3-0
30th ulto.	27-1-11
Silver London Ready	
28th ulto.	21 1/16
30th ulto.	21
Silver London Forward	
28th ulto.	21 1/16
30th ulto.	21
Silver New York Ready.	
28th ulto.	45
30th ulto.	45
London Discounts 3 Mos	
28th ulto.	3/8 p.c.
30th ulto.	5/8 p.c.
London Discount 6 Mos	
28th ulto.	3/4 p.c.
30th ulto.	3/4 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	2 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money—	
Call	1/2 p.c.
3 Mos	1 p.c.
Tone: Easy.	

Shanghai Exchange

Shanghai, Dec. 1.

T.T. on London—	
Previous closing	1.2 9/16
To-day's opening	1.2 17/32
Tone uncertain.	

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London, Nov. 30.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 5/8 per cent to 5/8 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 3/4 per cent to 3/4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 Days Market Loan 1/2 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Nov. 30.

T. T. London on:—	
New York (Closing rate)	4.90 5/8
Paris	105.16
Berlin	12.19 1/2
Madrid nominal	30.50
Amsterdam	9.01 3/4
Brussels	29.05 1/2
Milan	93.06
Berne	21.34 3/4
Prague	138.23

Linseed & Wheat

Bombay, Dec. 1.

Following bullish Liverpool advices the local market was fairly firm and active with good enquiry for Wheat. Linseed was quiet but steady with a moderate turnover.

Linseed May	7 6 0
Wheat January	5 7 6
Wheat May	5 5 3

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Dec. 1.

	Cwts.
Wheat	2,784
Linseed	1,479
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	32
Gingellyseed	1,746
Poppyseed	96
Groundnuts	30,323
Castorseed	690
Rice	13,389
Myrabollams	589
Cottonseed	24,133
Gram	1,636
Joowar	549
Barley	222
Bajree	5,903
Indian Sugar	31,344
	Tons.
Coal	1,211

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Dec. 1.

	Rs. a. p.
Java ready	12 6 0
Dec. shipment	3 11 0
Jan-Mar. shipment	3 10 6
July-Sept. shipment	3 12 0
Kesar ready	12 6 0
Sasaya ready	12 6 0
Spot Java	F.4.00

Tata Power Shares Quiet

Scattered Selling

NARROW TRADING SESSION

BOMBAY: December 1.

The local Share Bazar was dull and featureless with a marked absence of any important business. December month has few working days and more or less the market displays holiday tendency and looking from the present position, the above usual state seems more likely.

Tata Power Shares were weak with increased selling and prices declined during the early part of the session, but later on there was partial recovery. Several Operators think it a good straddle business to buy Power Shares against sales of Andhras at present difference and in case of repeating the same operation if the difference widens. This seems to be an attractive venture with a limited risk.

Tata Steel Shares were quiet during the first half of the session, but later on prices improved on slightly better enquiry. The improvement was small and the tone was steady.

Cotton Mill Shares also fluctuated within a narrow range with a quiet undertone.

The Market looks like grinding with irregular price movement.

TEXTILE MILLS.
Bombay: Dec. 1.

		Rs	as
100	Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	200	10
250	Bombay Dyeing.	766	4
100	Century	156	4
100	Central India (Rs. 4)	247	8
100	Coorla (nil)	140	0
250	David	69	0
250	Dawn	300	0
1	E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0-3-6	
100	Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	111	14
100	Gokak (Rs. 2-8)	212	8
1000	Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1605	0
100	Indore (nil)	46	14
100	Khatau (Rs. 2)	73	8
100	Kohinoor (Rs. 8)	248	12
250	Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	500	4
250	Madras United	11	0
1000	Morarji (nil)	850	0
250	Model	45	0
50	Mysore (Rs. 3)	95	0
200	New Great. (nil)	175	10
100	Oosmanshahi (nil)	82	0
100	Phoenix (Rs. 10)	265	0
25	Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)	48	0
1000	Sholapur (Rs. 50)	1855	0
50	Simplex (Rs. 1-2)	78	7
100	Swadeshi (Rs. 4)	196	10

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.
Bombay, Dec. 1.

Century (156/4)	154 155 156 156
Bom. Dyeing (767/8)	770 765 772 767 766
Kohinoor (246/4)	247 245 250 249 248/12
Central India (246/4)	246 245 248 247
New Great (175)	174 173 176 175
Simplex (78/2)	80-79 77-79
Swadeshi (193/12)	195 190 195
Bundi (39/4)	39 38 39
I. Cement (315/2)	317 314 315 316 315
Punjab (29/2)	29/3 29
Shahabad (496/4)	496
Andhra 1702/8)	1700 1707 1695 1696 1697 1695
Tata Hydro (190/5)	190/10 189/11
Tata Power (1623/8)	1623 1625 1619 1617 1610
Tram. Ord. (135/10)	135/10
T. Steel Dfd. (831/4)	831 828 836 833
T. Steel Ord. (214/4)	214/8 214 215/8 214/12 214/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (179/4)	179/4
Bellapur (196/4)	196 195 195
B. Steam (278/2)	278/2
B. Burma (568/2)	582 580 585 580

100	Swan (nil)	92 8
500	Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1,238 12
1000	Western	737 8
	BANKS.	
50-100	Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	116 8
25-50	Central (Rs. 12)	35 6
500	Imperial (Rs. 30)	1572 8
125-500	I. Conty (Rs. 7-8)	391 14
50-100	India (Rs. 2-8)	133 4
100	Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-3-4)	139 0
5	Union (As. 4)	5-11-0
	CEMENTS.	
10	Bundi (Re. 1-4)	39 4
100	Coimbatore	184. 6
75	Gwalior (Rs. 5)	136 14
160	Indian (Rs. 10-3)	515 0
40	Katni Def. (Rs. 63-3-9)	2,387 8
100	Katni Ord. (Rs. 10)	380 0
75	Okha (Rs. 7)	295 0
10	Punjab (Rs. 12)	29 0
100	Shahabad (Rs. 133-8)	496 4
70	United (Rs. 2-8-3)	155 12
	INSURANCE	
80	Empire	876 4
15-100	Jupiter (Rs. 12)	17 4
15-75	New India (Rs. 1-4)	47 8
20	Mercantile	48 12
200	Oriental (125)	5470 8
10-50	Vulcan (As. 8)	8 1
	ELECTRIC.	
100	Ahmedabad Old (6)	168 12
1000	Andhra Valley (45)	1,695 0
10	Ajmer (As 4)	14 8
50	B'bay Tram (3-8-0)	156 10
100	Bombay Suburban	218 0

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Dec. 1.

3 3/4 per cent 1948/53	101/3
3 per cent 1951/54	103/12
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	105/0
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	100.2
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	107/6
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	111/14
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	115/6
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	120/0
3 per cent U P Bonds	100
5 per cent 1939/44	108/15
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	111/14
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	107/6
TAX FREES	
5 per cent 1945/55	127/8
4 per cent 1955/65	113/8
4 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	107/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	126/10
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974	113/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974	113
4 per cent M Deb 1960	120/12
6 per cent M Deb 1934	133/0
6 per cent K P T 1936	135/0

Note:—The market was weak with scattered selling.

Indian Sterling Loans

London, Nov 30.

3 per cent	87 3/8
3 1/2 per cent	98 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/30	108 7/8
4 per cent 1948/53	109 3/8
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	113
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	118 1/4
5 per cent 1942/47	113 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	101 3/8
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	85
2 1/2 per cent Conversion	107 1/4
2 1/2 per cent War Loan	105 1/4

10	Breach	13 8
100	Karachi (4)	267 8
100	Poona (4)	265 0
100	Surat (Rs. 8)	208 2
100	Tata Hydro (Rs. 5)	189 11
1000	Tata Power (Rs. 40)	1,610 0
	RAILWAYS.	
500	Ahmedabad Prantij	915 0
100	C. Province	99 8
100	Dhond Baramati	106 8
100	Gujarat	94 0
100	Mandra Bhon	102 0
100	Pachora Jamner	99 0
100	Sara Sirajgunje	102 4
500	Tapty Valley (17-8)	770 0
	MININGS.	
10	Shivrajpur (As. 8)	42 8
30	Tata Steel Def. (17-3-3)	832 8
75	Tata Steel Ord.	214 8
	MISCELLANEOUS	
100	Alcock (Rs. 5)	255 0
50	Belapur Sugar. (Rs. 10 plus 2)	195 0
250	Bombay Steam (Rs. 15)	278 2
135	Bombay Burma (10)	230 0
50	Bom Burma Contributory (4)	183 2
8th	Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5-12-0
50	B. Telephone (128) 1-8d.	114 0
100	I. Bleaching (Rs. 4)	139 0
100	I. Radio defd. (12)	850 0
100	I. Radio ord (15)	822 8
1000	Port Canning (Rs. 25)	625 0
15	Scindia (Re. 1)	19 0
30	Premier Const. (Re. 1-1)	32 8
25	Tata Oil (nil)	16 4
	PREFERENCE.	
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1575 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	315 8
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	88 0
5	p.c. Central India	532 8
7	p.c. Katni 1st	136 4
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	146 0
7-1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	13 10
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	162 8
7½	p.c. Tata Power	1615 0
5	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	201 14
1-1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	179 4
5½	p.c. Tata Mill	0 8
7	p.c. Vishnu	677 8
	(Last Dividend in Brackets)	

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Nov. 30.

December	1.30 1/8c.
January	1.17 7/8c.
May	1.07 1/4c.

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Nov. 30.

December	10s 1/2d.
March	9s 1/2d.
May	9s 3/4d.

New York Sugar

New York, Nov. 30.

December	2.03+05
January	2.04+04
May	2.05+05
July	2.09+04

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, Dec. 1.

	Rs. a. p.
Groundnuts Feb.—	
Opening	42 6 0
Highest	42 10 6
Lowest	42 0 6
Closing	42 7 0
Castorseed May.—	
Opening	37 5 0
Highest	37 7 6
Lowest	37 2 6
Closing	37 7 0
Cottonseed Jan.—	
Opening	19 6 0
Lowest	19 1 6
Closing	19 3 0

LONDON RUBBER
London, Nov. 30.

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb. sellers	9 7/8

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J7

REGD. NO. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1936

JUPITER GENERAL
has claim settling agents throughout the world.
J8

Fighting For Principle Not Personality

—JAWAHARLAL NEHRU

Let Manifesto Be Pivot Of Elections

Cause Should Count For Us, Not Individuals, Says Congress President

Expresses Surprise At Some Candidates' Ignorance Of Congress Manifesto: Plea For Inclusion Of More Women Candidates

LUCKNOW: December 1.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has issued two circular-letters of considerable importance to all Provincial Congress Committees and Provincial Parliamentary Boards.

The following is the full text of the first letter:—

"Dear Comrade, I have been surprised to find sometimes that candidates selected by the Congress for the coming Provincial Elections are not fully acquainted with the Congress Election Manifesto. This is very much to be regretted, for the whole election campaign of the Congress must be based on this ground of the Manifesto.

"We are fighting this election not on personal grounds, but for certain principles and certain objectives. We miss the whole significance of this position of Congress if we fail to lay stress on the vital issues.

It's Cause That Counts

"Individuals must not count for us in this election, it is the cause that counts. I suggest to you to address each one of your selected as well as prospective candidates for election on this subject and make this point quite clear to them. Each one of them should be sent a copy of the Congress election manifesto which should be carefully read by him or her.

Must Base Campaign On Manifesto

"The candidate must base his entire campaign on this Manifesto and should refer to it in any election statements that he might make. He should distribute copies of the Manifesto widely to his electorate and general public in his constituency. In short, he should make it clear to all concerned what Congress stands for and what he or she, as representative of Congress, stands for.

"I invite your immediate attention to this matter and trust you will take very early action.—Jawaharlal Nehru."

The second letter deals with women candidates for both special and general constituencies. The following is the full text thereof:—

"Dear comrade, the selection of candidates for Provincial elections has largely been made on behalf of Provincial Congress Committees. Still, some seats remain to be provided for and I venture to bring to your notice an important matter on which I feel that sufficient stress has not been laid so far. This relates to women candidates.

Most Outstanding Event

"The great and significant part that our women folk have played in the national struggle for freedom is a most outstanding event of recent years. It is right that we should open out fresh avenues of service for them and recognise in practice as we have already done in theory their right to an equal share in public and national activity.

"They have fully earned this right if I may venture to say so, but even apart from this, right was theirs. From a larger view point of national progress, it is essential that women should share in the responsibilities as well as triumphs of the struggle.

"We must also not forget that our womenfolk have consistently refused special and reserved representation in Legislatures. They have even protested against partial representation that has been given to them. That attitude must be appreciated by the nation as a whole and we should see to it that they do not suffer for it.

"It is, therefore necessary that we should provide for women candidates to stand for as many general constituencies as possible, apart from the special seats allotted to them.

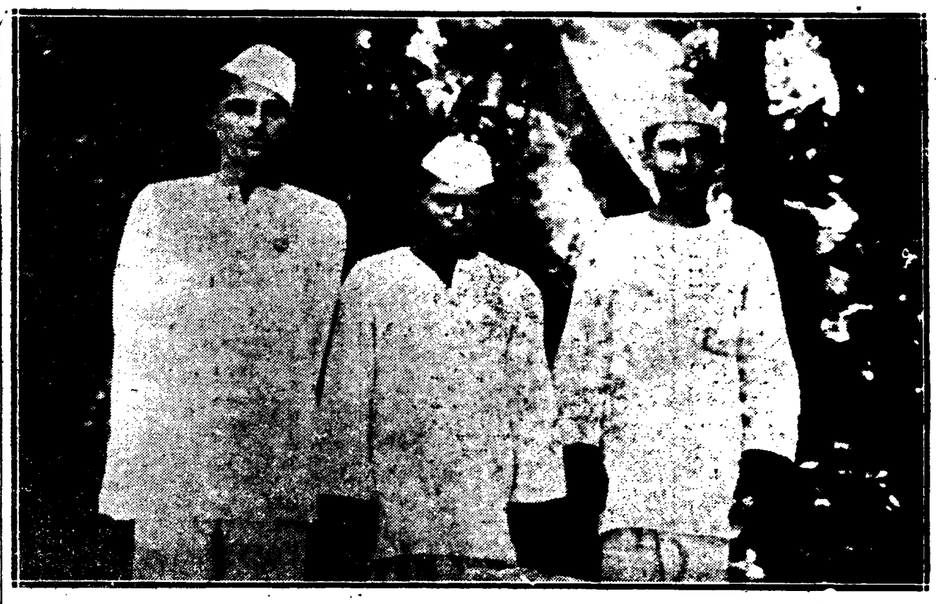
"I earnestly trust that every effort will be made to do this."—United Press.

KISAN CONGRESS PRESIDENT

PATNA, Dec. 1.

Swami Sahajanand Saraswathi, General Secretary of the All-India Kisan Committee, announces that Prof. N. G. Ranga, M. L. A., has been duly elected by the Provincial Kisan Committees on a majority vote, as President of the forthcoming session of the All-India Kisan Congress, which will be held on 25th and 26th December at Faizpur.

The other candidates that were proposed were Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, the Socialist leader of Bihar, and Mr. S. K. Mall of Lahore.—United Press.



K. S. Rajaram, J. V. Krishna and Sunder Bharathi Congress Volunteers on pilgrimage from Madura to Faizpur now in Bombay.

STRIKE EPIDEMIC IN MALAYA

Eight Thousand Indian Municipal Employees Cease Work

SINGAPORE, Dec. 1.

Following the recent epidemic of strikes in Singapore and Kualalumpur, eight thousand Indian municipal employees have ceased work.

All working centres have been picketed and several hundreds of Chinese mine-workers who have struck in Kualalumpur were driven off by the police when they attempted to invade the town.

DOHAD LEADERS TO TOUR VILLAGES

(From A Correspondent).

DOHAD, Nov. 30.

The Dohad Taluka Parliamentary Managing Committee met yesterday, when resolutions to start parliamentary propaganda in villages by holding meetings at Bordi, Timerda, Rajpur, Garbada and Chandwana of Dohad Taluka and calling upon the voters to be faithful to the Congress by giving their votes for Congress and electing the Congress nominee, Sjt. Laxmidas M. Shrikant, were adopted.

In furtherance of the parliamentary activities, a Parliamentary Office is to be opened at Dohad at the hands of Sjt. Wamanrao Mukadam of Godhra and thereafter the field workers who have been appointed will start vigorous activities in that direction by touring the villages.

MAD MAN'S ESCAPADE

Drives Out Station Staff And Issues Tickets

VIZAGAPATAM, Nov. 28.

A sensation was created here on Thursday last when a stranger rushed violently into the Kasimkota railway station, drove out of the station staff, locked himself up in the booking office room and commenced to issue tickets.

Adoni Basayya, who is a resident of Anakapalle, walked into the Kasimkota railway station, which was just about three miles from Anakapalle, with a stick in hand. He asked for the Station Master and other staff and drove them out of the station, using violence. He then locked himself up in the Booking Office room, opened the booking office window and commenced to issue tickets to whosoever come to the window.

A report was at once made to the Police, who hastened to the Kasimkota railway station. Basayya refused to open the doors. The Police removed the ventilator which was high in the wall, entered the room and overpowered the man who was removed to the Police Station.

The Police later found that the man was a lunatic. Mr. T. Subbaraju, Sub-Inspector of Police, Anakapalle, produced the man before Mr. S. Raja Rao Naidu yesterday, who ordered him to be sent to the Mental Hospital at Waltair.—"Hindu."

A Jubbulpore message, dated November 30, states that the Governor of the Central Provinces has prorogued the C. P. Council. A special Session is not likely.

NO RELIEF TO DISTRESSED

Madras Govt. Say Help To Victims Of Floods & Fire Is Not "Authorised Item"

MADRAS, Nov. 30.

On the question of granting relief to the distressed in cases of fire, cyclone and similar calamities, the Government have informed the Corporation of Madras that, they cannot reconsider their order passed on the subject in April last.

The Government in their order dated April 30 last, stated that the relief of distress caused by fires, floods, storms and cyclones was not one of the 'authorised items of expenditure under the Madras City Municipal Act. In the past, however, payments were being made with the sanction of the Government to sufferers from such accidents.

The Government considered that the grant and distribution of relief to individuals in such cases was a matter for private charity and not the legitimate charge on the funds of local bodies.

The Government accordingly informed local bodies that the Government would not be prepared to sanction such expenditure in future.

Applications for permission to subscribe to any properly organised fund for the relief of wide and widespread calamity, the Government order added, would continue to be dealt with on their merits. —United Press.

WHO WILL ACT FOR ZAFARULLA?

Aspirants For Commerce Portfolio: New Delhi Speculations

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, Nov. 30.

Speculation has already started regarding Sir M. Zafrulla's probable successor as Commerce Member when Sir M. Zafrulla proceeds to England early next year.

Though it is only a short vacancy for four or at most six months it is regarded certain that a Muslim non-official will be appointed to the vacancy. Among the names mentioned are those of Shahabuddin, Vice-Chancellor Dacca University and brother of Sir M. A. Nazimuddin, Executive Councillor, Bengal; Sir A. A. Ghaznavi and the Nawab of Chhattari. One difficulty facing the Government is that most Muslim leaders are engaged in provincial elections and would not care to accept the acting vacancy in the Government of India. Considering the paucity of men, available and the influence from high quarters pressing Bengal's claims it is not unlikely that fortune may favour Mr. Shahabuddin though his name is hardly known outside Bengal.

THE PRECEDENTS.

When Sir Jagdish Prasad and Sir Frank Noyce proceeded on leave last year they were succeeded by their secretaries, Sir G. S. Bajpai and Mr. Mitchell but the present Commerce Secretary Mr. Stewart is away on leave and returns only in next April to succeed Sir Frank Noyce as permanent Industries Member and Mr. H. Dow; who is officiating, is probably considered not senior enough for the vacancy.

On the other hand in past non-officials like the Nawab of Chhattari, Sir M. Zafrulla, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer have acted as Members for short vacancies when the then Members proceeded on leave or deputation.

DEPUTATION TO ENGLAND.

It is stated that if the work of non-official advisers on the Indo-British Trade Agreement proceeds briskly, they may all go late in February to England led by Sir M. Zafrulla. At one time it was thought only two of them might be able to go but as the provincial elections will be over next February, they may all be free to go and stay for the Coronation. It is rumoured that Sir G. S. Bajpai may also accompany the Delegation.

According to reports current here, Sir James Grigg will also go on leave after the next budget session and Mr. Lloyd who has already once acted as Member will officiate during his absence.

Mrs. Bhargava, wife of Mr. D. P. Bhargava, Managing Agent of Rajputana Films Ltd., of Ajmer, expired at Nasik on the 28th instant of pleurisy, after undergoing four operations

STATES AND FEDERATION

Viceroy's Representatives Discuss Questions With Travancore & Cochin

TRIVANDRUM, Dec. 1.

Discussions between Travancore and the Viceroy's representatives on questions connected with Travancore entering the All-India Federation ended last evening but joint discussions between Travancore and Cochin and the Viceroy's representatives may be held to-day, and discussions with Travancore may be resumed on December 4.

As has been made clear earlier, these merely focus attention on points which concern the States and on which they lay importance with reference to their joining the Federation.

Naturally, in the case of Maritime States like Travancore and Cochin, questions like customs, excise, Interportal Convention of 1865 and the Cochin Harbour Agreement must loom large, and discussion in the Press has shown that the people of these states attach great importance to the retention of the main sources of revenue by the States.

Unlike the provincts of British India, it will be noted that Travancore and Cochin rely not on land revenue but on customs and excise for their budget.

Sir R. K. Shanmukham Chetty, Dewan of Cochin, accompanied by the Chief Secretary, Mr. T. S. Narayana Aiyar, and the special Federation Officer, Mr. N. D. Varadachari arrived here yesterday for participation in the discussions.—A. P.

SIKANDER HYAT KHAN

Returned Unopposed To Punjab Assembly

LAHORE, Dec. 1.

The "Unionist Party" Headquarters at Lahore have received information that their Leader, Sir Sikander Hyat Khan, has been returned unopposed to the Punjab Legislative Assembly from the Western Punjab Landholders' constituency, all the other candidates having withdrawn.—A. P.

"C. R." ON TEMPLE ENTRY 'REVOLUTION'

TRIVANDRUM, Dec. 1.

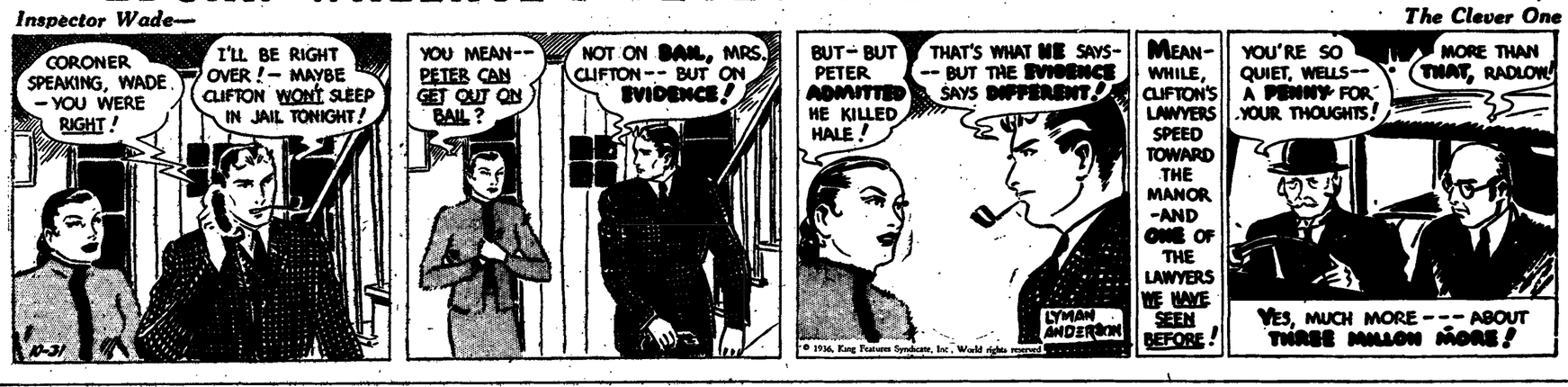
Mr. C. Rajagopalachari took a batch of 40 Pulaya students to Sri Padmanabhaswami Temple at Trivandrum this morning. In the course of a statement he says the way the Travancore Temple entry proclamation is being carried out leaves nothing to be desired; it has exceeded his highest expectations. He says he can bear witness to this from his personal direct experience

"The whole thing is too great for words," says Mr. Rajagopalachari. He adds that the Pulaya boys and others went into the innermost interior of the mandapa, wherein the highest caste devotees can enter, upto the chamber of the great image, wherein only the priest that performs the rituals of worship remains. After the worship they went to the left of the innermost shrine, and there everyone touched the infant Krishna with his own hands and offered prayers according to custom.

"We went through the corridor, all of us, even past the kitchen and over the place where the daily feeding of orthodox Hindus takes place. Those who know what orthodoxy means can appreciate the privilege and magnitude of this revolution. What is the greatest marvel of all is that I could see no trace of fear, doubt or bitterness in the faces of the priests and others round about. All this is possible because God has blessed this great decision of the Maharaja."—A.P.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *The Clever One*


CORONER SPEAKING, WADE — YOU WERE RIGHT!
I'LL BE RIGHT OVER! — MAYBE CLIFTON WON'T SLEEP IN JAIL TONIGHT!
YOU MEAN — PETER CAN GET OUT ON BAIL?
NOT ON BAIL, MRS. CLIFTON — BUT ON EVIDENCE!
BUT — BUT PETER ADMITTED HE KILLED HALE!
THAT'S WHAT HE SAYS — BUT THE EVIDENCE SAYS DIFFERENT!
LYMAN ANDERSON
© 1936, King Features Syndicate, Inc., World rights reserved.
MEANWHILE, CLIFTON'S LAWYERS SPEED TOWARD THE MANOR — AND ONE OF THE LAWYERS WE HAVE SEEN BEFORE!
YOU'RE SO QUIET, WELLS — A PENNY FOR YOUR THOUGHTS!
MORE THAN THAT, RADLOW!
YES, MUCH MORE — ABOUT THREE MILLION MORE!

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